#### Introduction

#### **Regional Trauma Network Development**

MDCH Administrative Rules R325.125 through R325.138 requires the submission of an application by the Medical Control Authorities (MCA) in a geographic region (formally known as emergency preparedness region). Approval of the application by the Michigan Department of Community Health serves to formally recognize this entity as a Regional Trauma Network (RTN).

"Maintain the established regional trauma networks to provide system oversight of the trauma care provided in each region of the state." R325.129 Rule 5 (1)(i)

The application template that follows is an adaptation of:

- US Department of Health and Human Services (HRSA) *Model Trauma System Planning and Evaluation (2006).*
- The MDHHS Bureau of EMS and Trauma Services Section Statewide Trauma System Administrative Rules filed with the Secretary of State May 31, 2017
- The Michigan Trauma Strategic Plan 2018-2023
- Regional Trauma Systems: Optimal Elements, Integration, and Assessment Systems Consultation Guide 2008

The application has adopted or adapted the HRSA indicators in order to initiate a regional evaluation of current trauma system status.

# **Application**

Section 1 – Governance: Documentation that the organizational network structure described in the administrative rules above has been addressed.

Section 2- Work plan: Administrative Rule 325.132 Rule 8 (3)(b) requires that each regional network submit a comprehensive system development plan as a component of the application for recognition as an RTN. The following sections are devised as a means by which each RTN and its subcommittees, including the Regional Trauma Advisory Council (RTAC) and Regional Professional Standards Review Organization (RPSRO), can assess the current status of the region's trauma system. After assessing each indicator, the RTN must write at least one SMART objective (specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and time-bound) to address the indicator, with the understanding that progress towards a mature, fully functioning, all-inclusive regional trauma system is the goal. The cumulative set of written objectives will then serve as the region's system plan.

The 6 required components of the Regional Trauma Network Plan are:

- 1) Injury prevention
- 2) Communications
- 3) Infrastructure
- 4) Regional performance improvement
- 5) Continuum of care
- 6) Trauma education

Upon completion, each RTN application will have an assessed score. Scoring of the assessment provides a means for each RTN to individually track progress over time. The assessment score is meant only to assess and track the status of each individual region; assessment scores will not be used to compare and/or rank RTN status or progress against each other. Renewal applications are expected to reflect progress in system development.

# **Application Scoring**

All Regional Trauma Network applications will be submitted to the department with indicators scored and SMART objectives addressing each indicator. The department will utilize the HRSA model which describes trauma system indicators and offers a scoring process: meeting the highest score (5) in every indicator would describe a mature highly functioning trauma system. Each RTN, with the advice of the RTAC, should realistically assess the current status of the region's trauma care system, using the 0-5 scoring scale, in order to arrive at a score. The current score should suggest the gap between the system's current status and a desirable for subsequent assessment.

### **Scoring the System Components**

**Benchmarks** are global goals, expectations or outcomes that refer to the components of the trauma system plan. In scoring the trauma system, a benchmark identifies a broad system attribute.

**Indicators** are the tasks or outputs that characterize the benchmark. Indicators identify actions or capacities within the benchmark and are the measurable components of the benchmark.

**Scoring** reduces the indicator to action steps. The score offers an assessment of the current status, and subsequent scoring will mark progress over time in reaching a desirable benchmark.

Within each of the 6 *functions* there are a variety of potential benchmarks based, to the extent possible, on HRSA guidelines for Model Trauma System Planning. For each of the 6 functions, a number of descriptive *indicators* further define the function's potential benchmark and a score for each indicator to assist in identifying efforts, progress, compliance, or any combination of these. Each indicator contains a scoring "mechanism" of ordered statements to assist in assessing progress to date.

The following criteria are used to assess the region's conformance to the indicator:

Score	Progress Scoring
0	Not known
1	No
2	Minimal
3	Limited
4	Substantial
5	Full

The table below is an example of how the above criteria are used to assess trauma system progress for a specific indicator.

#### **Example of Progress Scoring**

Indicator: A thorough description of the epidemiology of injury in the region exists, using both population-based data and clinical data bases.

Score	Criteria
0	The scorer does not know enough about the indicator to evaluate it effectively.
1	There is no detailed analysis of injury mortality.
2	Death certificate data have been used to describe the incidence of trauma deaths aggregating all etiologies, but no E-code reporting is available.
3	Death certificate data, by E-code, are reported on a statewide basis, but are not reported regionally.
4	Death certificate data, by E-code, are reported on a statewide and regional basis. These data are compared to national benchmarks, if available.
5	Death certificate data, by E-code, are used as part of the overall assessment of trauma care both statewide and regionally, including rural and urban preventable mortality studies.

In this example, the region should review the listed criteria and select the one that best describes its current ability to describe injury mortality, ranging from none (0) in neophyte systems to the ability to accurately describe preventable deaths (5) occurring with the trauma care system of the most mature trauma systems. A median score of 3 would indicate that there is evidence of limited, but demonstrable, progress in meeting the expectation. Although the scoring mechanism provides a quantitative descriptor of each indicator, and the region in general, the scoring process has limitations:

- The benchmarks focus on process measures, not outcomes. The assumption is that meeting these process measures will result in improved outcomes.
- The evaluation method relies on the qualitative judgments of the region's evaluators.
- The regions are cautioned not to draw conclusions from the numerical "score". Because the scale points are not discrete points on an ordered scale it is not possible to state that a 4 is twice as good as a 2. The score only denotes relative progress in achieving the benchmark.
- The benchmarks and indicators are not comprehensive. As the document evolves these are expected to change.

The application's scoring tool is intended to help each region meet the trauma system development plan requirement of the administrative rules, and to assist the regions in identifying individual strengths and weaknesses, prioritize actions and measure progress against itself over time.

The expectation for this application is that the evaluation of each region's indicators will drive a systems approach for outlining the governance, goals, objectives, strategies and timelines that address each indicator, and that the region will build on them in a systematic, foundational way until system maturity is reached.

# **Filing Instructions**

The application must be completed, typed and signed. An application checklist has been included in the application packet to facilitate the process.

#### Completed applications should be emailed to:

Eileen Worden, State Trauma Manager <u>wordene@michigan.gov</u> Please insert "Region\_\_Application" in the subject line of the email.

After the application has been reviewed and approved by The Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS). A letter will be sent to the Regional Trauma Network representative listed below recognizing the Regional Trauma Network.

#### Please provide the following:

Regional Trauma Network representative: Pat Hirt

Address: 500 Osborn Blvd, Sault Ste. Marie, MI 49783

Email: phirt@wmhos.org

For questions please contact your Regional Trauma Coordinator or State Trauma Manager, Eileen Worden <a href="wordene@michigan.gov">wordene@michigan.gov</a> (517) 241-3020.

# REGION 8 TRAUMA NETWORK BYLAWS

#### ARTICLE I NAME, COVERAGE AREA

- Section 1. NAME: the name of the Organization shall be the Region 8 Trauma Network (referred to herein as the "Network").
- Section 2. COVERAGE AREA: The Region 8 Trauma Network area comprises the counties of: Alger, Baraga, Chippewa, Delta, Dickinson, Gogebic, Houghton, Iron, Keweenaw, Luce, Marquette, Ontonagon, Schoolcraft.

#### ARTICLE II PURPOSE

- Section 1. PURPOSE: The purposes for which the Network is formed are:
  - A. To develop an all-inclusive Regional Trauma Network for the 13 counties designated as Region 8 by the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (referred to hereafter as the "Department") Bureau of EMS, Trauma, and Preparedness EMS and Trauma Services Section pursuant to Section 20910(I) of the Public Health Code and subsequent Departmental Rules 325.125-138 titled "Statewide Trauma System".
  - B. To establish a coalition of Medical Control Authorities, hospitals, physicians, transporting pre-hospital life support agencies, and other stakeholders to strengthen trauma services within the network area, as defined and prescribed by the Department in the Michigan Statewide Trauma System rules, including the appointment of a Regional Trauma Advisory Council and a Regional Professional Standards Review Organization.
  - C. To develop a Regional Trauma Plan, approved by the Department, which addresses all aspects of trauma care services which is designed to reduce morbidity, mortality, and disability associated with trauma including, but not limited to, the following trauma system components:
    - 1. Injury prevention
    - 2. Communications
    - 3. Infrastructure
    - 4. Regional performance improvement
    - 5. Continuum of care
    - 6. Education
  - D. To provide leadership and synergize the diversity, complexity, and uniqueness of individuals and organizations into a coordinated system for prevention of injury and for the provision of quality care for injured patients.

# ARTICLE III ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

- Section 1. <u>ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE</u>: The Network is comprised of three (3) major branches:
  - A. Regional Trauma Network Board (hereafter referred to as the "RTN Board").
  - B. Regional Trauma Advisory Council (hereafter referred to as the "RTAC").
  - C. Regional Professional Standards Review Organization (hereafter referred to as the "RPSRO").

# ARTICLE IV REGIONAL TRAUMA NETWORK BOARD

- Section 1. <u>PURPOSE</u>: The purpose of the RTN Board is to administer and govern the Network with input from the RTAC.
- Section 2. <u>MEMBERSHIP</u>: The RTN Board shall be composed of at least one (1) representative from each Medical Control Authority (hereafter referred to as the "MCA") in Region 8.
  - A. Each MCA shall, (acting through its own governing body) appoint one (1) member to the RTN Board. All MCAs are required to participate in the Regional Trauma Network. R 325.132 Rule 8 (3).
  - B. The appointed MCA representative has the authority to speak on behalf of and make decisions for the MCA. The position may be, but is not limited to, the following: a) the MCA medical director, b) the MCA assistant medical director, c) a trauma medical director from one of the MCA member hospitals, d) a hospital administrator from one of the MCA member hospitals, or e) executive director of MCA as employed by the MCA.
  - C. Members must be able to make an informed decision/vote on matters presented to the RTN Board.
  - D. All members are required to attend a minimum of 50% of the RTN Board meetings.
  - E. There will be no "proxies" for the RTN Board meetings and/or RTN Board votes.
  - F. In the event of a member vacancy, the member's MCA will appoint a successor who meets the conditions in "2" above.

Section 3. <u>OFFICERS</u>: The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, and Secretary are the officers of the RTN Board.

#### A. Election, Terms, Removal, Resignation, and Vacancies:

- 1. All officers of the RTN Board shall be elected by a majority vote of the RTN Board.
- 2. Elected officers of the RTN Board will hold a two-year term which coincides with the SOM fiscal year (October 1 September 30). The term of office may be renewed at the discretion of the RTN Board.
- 3. An officer may be removed by an affirmative vote of three quarters of the RTN Board members.
- 4. Any officer may resign at any time by delivering written notice to the Chairperson. Vacancies occurring in any office at any time will be filled by the RTN Board.

#### B. Chairperson:

The Chairperson will preside over all meetings of the RTN Board. In the event of a vacancy in the office of Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson will automatically succeed to the office of Chairperson until a new Chairperson is elected by the RTN Board.

#### C. Vice-Chairperson:

The Vice-Chairperson will report to the Chairperson as instructed by the Chairperson and will perform such duties and have such powers as may from time to time be assigned by the Chairperson. In the absence or disability of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson will perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Chairperson.

#### D. Secretary:

The Secretary will provide notice of the meetings, distribute meeting materials, and record the minutes of the meetings. The Secretary may delegate any functional duties to another RTN Board member or Regional Trauma Coordinator.

#### Section 4. DUTIES OF THE RTN BOARD:

#### A. General Responsibility:

The RTN Board will make certain that all orders and resolutions of the Network are carried into effect and will have the general powers of supervision and management of the Network.

#### B. Regional Work Plan and Reports:

The RTN Board is responsible for the development of the Regional Trauma Plan, with input from the RTAC, and which is based on minimum criteria established by the Department.

#### C. Establish the Regional Trauma Advisory Council:

The RTN Board will establish a RTAC, and reserves the right to determine the size, member eligibility, authority and other matters relating to the composition and activities of the RTAC. The recommended makeup of the RTAC is outlined in the section relating to the RTAC.

D. Establish the Regional Professional Standards Review Organization: The RTN Board will establish a RPSRO, and reserves the right to determine the size, member eligibility, authority and other matters relating to the composition and activities of the RPSRO. The recommended makeup of the RPSRO is outlined in the section relating to the RPSRO.

#### E. Subcommittees:

The RTN Board may establish subcommittees as necessary to complete the work in the Regional Trauma Plan.

#### F. Delegation of Duties:

The RTN Board may delegate duties to the RTAC, RPSRO, and/or sub-committees as needed.

#### Section 5: QUORUM:

A quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the RTN Board shall require the presence of more than 50% of the MCAs representing the Network counties.

#### Section 6: VOTING AND MAJORITY VOTE:

A simple majority (one more than 50% of votes cast by members present) will constitute an act of the RTN Board.

# ARTICLE V REGIONAL TRAUMA ADVISORY COUNCIL

#### Section 1: PURPOSE:

The functions of the RTAC are to provide leadership and direction in matters related to trauma systems development in their Region and monitor the performance of the trauma agencies and health care facilities within the Region, including, but not limited to, the review of trauma deaths and preventable complications. R 325-127 Rule 3. (h)

#### Section 2: MEMBERSHIP:

R 325-127 Rule 3. (h) "Regional trauma advisory council or "RTAC" means a committee established by a regional trauma network and comprised of MCA personnel, emergency medical services (EMS) personnel, life support agency representatives, health care facility representatives, physicians, nurses, and consumers..."

It is the responsibility of each MCA to ensure adequate representation on the RTAC. The RTAC should consider the following eligible members with the goal of maximizing the Network's constituents:

- A. Medical Director or Assistant Medical Director of each MCA within the Network.
- B. MCA Administrative Staff.
- C. MCA Hospital Administrator.
- D. Trauma Director from each verified trauma facility and each facility actively seeking verification within the Network.
- E. Trauma Program Manager from each designated trauma facility and each facility actively seeking verification within the Network.
- F. Trauma Registrar from each verified trauma facility and each facility actively seeking verification within the Network.
- G. Trauma Nurse Representative from each verified trauma facility and each facility actively seeking verification within the Network.
- H. Trauma Outreach and Prevention Coordinator from each verified trauma facility and each facility actively seeking verification within the Network.
- I. Emergency Department Physician representative from each licensed hospital.
- J. Emergency Department Nurse representative from each licensed hospital within the Network.
- K. Life Support Agency and EMS Personnel representatives as appointed by each MCA in the Network, to include as an example:
  - 1. Protocol Committee/Advisory Committee Chairperson.
  - 2. EMS Personnel Representative.
  - 3. Life Support Agency Representative.
  - 4. EMS Communication/EMD representative.
- L. Consumer representative not affiliated with the EMS or Hospital systems.
- Section 3: OFFICERS: The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, and Secretary are the officers of the RTAC.
  - A. Election, Terms, Removal, Resignation, and Vacancies:
    - 1. All officers of the RTAC shall be elected by a majority vote of the RTAC.
    - 2. Elected officers of the RTAC will hold a two-year term which coincides with the SOM fiscal year (October 1 September 30). The term of office may be renewed at the discretion of the RTAC.

- 3. An officer may be removed by an affirmative vote of three quarters of the RTAC members.
- Any officer may resign at any time by delivering written notice to the Chairperson. Vacancies occurring in any office at any time will be filled by the RTAC.

#### Section 4: DUTIES OF THE RTAC:

- A. Develop and make recommendations to the RTN Board regarding the Regional Trauma Network's Trauma System Plan.
- B. Support and provide expertise to the implementation of the Regional Work Plan.
- C. The RTAC may delegate responsibility for Regional Work Plan related activities to the sub-committees as needed.
- D. The RTAC has the authority to approve or return for reconsideration to a sub-committee, sub-committee recommendations for the Regional Work Plan.
- E. The RTAC is responsible for the review of trauma deaths and preventable complications.

#### Section 5: QUORUM:

A quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the RTAC shall require the presence of more than 50% of the appointed membership.

#### Section 6: VOTING AND MAJORITY VOTE:

- A. The secretary or designee will conduct a roll call of voting members on matters of the RTAC.
- B. Each MCA is responsible for submitting the names of the voting members to the RTAC.
- C. A simple majority (one more than 50% of votes cast by voting members present) will constitute an act of the RTAC.

#### ARTICLE VI REGIONAL PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS REVIEW ORGANIZATION

#### Section 1: PURPOSE:

A. The Regional Professional Standards Review Organization or RPSRO is a committee established by the regional trauma network for the purpose of improving the quality of trauma care within a recognized trauma region as

provided in MCL 331.531 to 331.533 through a documented performance improvement process.

B. R 325.135 Rule 11(1) requires that each regional trauma network appoint an RPSRO to addresses the standards referenced in the administrative rules pursuant to R 325.129(I)(e), R 325.129(1)(k), and R 325.135 and to include both adult and pediatric patients.

#### Section 2: MEMBERSHIP:

- A. The RPSRO will be comprised of, at a minimum, the following members:
- 1. One (1) ED Physician representative
- 2. One (1) Trauma Surgeon representative
- 3. One (1) Trauma Program Manager/Coordinator
- 4. Two (2) Advanced Life Support providers
- 5. The Regional Trauma Coordinator
- B. Each MCA shall recommend members for the RPSRO in writing to the RTN Board.
- C. The members of the RPSRO shall then be approved through appointment by the RTN Board.
- D. RPSRO members shall serve a two (2) year term.
- E. In addition to the permanent members of the RPSRO, ad hoc members shall be appointed temporarily to serve as subject matter experts when the RPSRO deems necessary.
- F. All RPSRO members and ad hoc members (see "E" above) must have a signed "Confidentiality and Non-Disclosure Agreement" on file with the Department.

#### Section 3: OFFICERS:

- A. The Chairperson and the Vice Chairperson shall be chosen from RPSRO membership by the RTN Board.
- B. The Regional Trauma Coordinator shall be responsible for meeting notices, agendas, and minutes of the RPSRO.

#### Section 4: DUTIES OF THE RPSRO:

- A. Develop and implement a regional trauma performance improvement program. This program shall include the standards that are incorporated by reference pursuant to R 325.129 Rule 5(1)(e) and R 325.129 Rule 5(1)(k) and include all of the following system components to be evaluated for both pediatrics and adults:
  - 1. Components of the regional trauma plan.
  - 2. Triage criteria and effectiveness.

- 3. Trauma center diversion.
- B. Monitor, assess, and evaluate the Regional Trauma System to improve trauma care, reduce death and disability, surveillance of injury, and implementation of injury prevention activities.
- C. Deviations from protocols, which are established and adopted by local medical control and approved by the Department for trauma patients, shall be addressed through a documented trauma performance improvement process established by a RPSRO.
- D. Monitor data driven provision of care defined by available data metrics supported by the region, the Statewide Trauma Advisory Subcommittee, and the Department.
- E. Develop an annual process for reporting to the Department a review of all region-wide policies, procedures, and protocols.
- F. Be responsible for the ongoing receipt of information from the Regional Trauma System constituents on the implementation of various components of that Region's Trauma System.
- G. Based upon information received by the Region in the evaluation process, the Region shall annually prepare a report containing results of the evaluation and a performance improvement plan. The report shall be made available to all Regional Trauma System constituents. The Region shall ensure that all trauma facilities participate in this annual evaluation process and encourage all other hospitals that treat trauma patients to participate in the annual evaluation process. The Region shall not release specific information related to an individual patient or practitioner. Aggregate system performance information and evaluation will be available for review.

R 325.135 Rule 11(8)

# ARTICLE VII MEETINGS

#### Section 1. OPEN MEETINGS ACT:

All meetings of the RTN Board and the RTAC and its subcommittees shall be held in accordance with the "Open Meetings Act" 1976 PA 267, MCL 15.261-15.275.

#### Section 2. PARLIMENTARY PROCEDURE:

Roberts Rules of Order, revised (latest version), will govern all meetings of the Network and to the extent that such rules of order shall not be in conflict with the statute of the State of Michigan or the Department rules.

#### Section 3: MEETING FREQUENCY:

The RTN Board shall establish a regular schedule for meetings of the RTN Board, RTAC, and RPSRO. Meetings shall occur at least quarterly (four times per year).

#### Section 4: MEETING NOTICE:

- A. The RTN Board and RTAC meeting schedule shall be posted to the State of Michigan Trauma website in accordance with the Open Meetings Act requirements.
- B. The RTN Board Secretary or designee shall send either email or mail notices of meetings at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled meeting in accordance with the Open Meetings Act requirements.

#### Section 5: ELECTRONIC MEETINGS:

Meetings may be conducted by means of conference, telephone, or other means of remote communication by which all persons participating in the meeting have an opportunity to read or hear the proceedings concurrently.

#### Section 6: <u>CANCELLATION OF MEETINGS</u>:

A meeting may be cancelled if deemed advisable due to any reason including but not limited to lack of business or inclement weather. The Chairperson or designee will decide if the meeting will be cancelled and then all members and interested parties will be notified by the RTN Secretary or designee by telephone, email or in person. All efforts will be made to make notifications prior to 48 hours of scheduled meeting times.

#### Section 7: ATTENDANCE:

Meetings are open to all stakeholders as well as the public with the exception of the RPSRO. All motions and business shall be conducted by the current, appointed committee members.

#### Section 8: CONSENT RESOLUTION:

Action may be taken by the RTN Board without a meeting by a written consent (as requested either by mail, fax or email) signed by all members.

# ARTICLE VIII CONFIDENTIALITY

#### Section 1: MICHIGAN FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT:

To the extent required by law, the Regional Trauma Network will comply with the Michigan Freedom of Information Act, Public Act 441 of 1976: MCL 15.231 et

seq. and redact all personal identifiers or other information pursuant to applicable FOIA exemptions. However, all documents prepared in support of the Network are considered exempt from disclosure thereunder pursuant to MCL §15.243(y).

#### Section 2: PATIENT DATA:

The confidentiality and protection of patient data collected as part of the creation and operation of the trauma system shall be provided and maintained through creation of a Regional Professional Standards Review Organization (PSRO), as provided in the 1967 PA 270, MCL 331.531 to 331.533. Data collected will only be used or disclosed for the purposes described in Part 209 of the Public Health Code and the Michigan Administrative Code R325.22101 through R325.22217. Any other uses or disclosures will be made only as required by applicable laws.

#### Section 3: <u>RPSRO MEETINGS EXEMPTION</u>:

Meetings of the RPSRO are not subject to the requirements of the Michigan Open Meetings Act, 1976 PA 267, MCL 15.261 to 15.275.

#### Section 4: HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT:

The RTN Board and the RTAC and its sub-committees shall observe the confidentiality provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act under 45 CFR Part 164, data confidentiality provisions under the code, or as established by the RPSRO.

# ARTICLE IX AMENDMENTS

#### Section 1: PROPOSALS:

- A. Proposed amendments to the Bylaws must be presented in written form to the RTN Board at least twenty (20) days in advance of the meeting in which the amendments are to be presented to the membership for discussion. An amendment cannot be voted upon at the same meeting in which it is presented.
- B. Amendments must be approved by a majority vote of the members of the RTN Board.
- C. Each MCA shall cast only one vote.
- D. All adopted amendments must be submitted to the Department for approval.

#### Section 2: REVIEW OF BYLAWS:

The bylaws shall be reviewed at least once every three (3) years prior to submitting a request for renewal of the Regional Trauma Network Application".

# ARTICLE X CONFLICT OF INTEREST

#### Section 1: <u>CONFLICT OF INTEREST</u>:

Any MCA, hospital, or other organization participating in the RTN Board, RTAC or its subcommittees, or the RPSRO with an interest in any matter before the RTN Board, RTAC or its subcommittees, or the RPSRO, or other conflict of interest shall disclose the interest prior to any discussion of that matter at a RTN Board, RTAC and subcommittees, or RPSRO meeting. The representative of such MCA, hospital or other organization shall refrain from participation in the RTN Board, RTAC and subcommittees, or RPSRO action relating to such matter or conflict of interest. The disclosure shall become a part of the minutes of that RTN Board, RTAC and subcommittees, or RPSRO meeting.

The bylaws are approved by the Req, 2020.	gion 8 Trauma Network Board on theth day of
Chairperson	Vice Chairperson

#### **Injury Prevention**

**Injury Prevention Benchmark**: The RTN, in cooperation with other agencies and organizations, uses analytical tools to monitor the performance of population-based (regional) injury prevention programs. Each regional trauma network is responsible for monitoring, assessing, and evaluating its regional trauma system to improve trauma care, reduce death and disability, surveillance of injury, and implementation of injury prevention activities.

Admin Rule HRSA#	Indicator	Score
325.135 (2) 306.2	The RTN is active within the region in the monitoring and evaluation of regional injury prevention activities and programs.	<ol> <li>Not known.</li> <li>The RTN does not actively participate in the monitoring and evaluation of injury prevention activities and programs in the region.</li> <li>The RTN does some minimal monitoring and evaluation of injury prevention activities and programs in the region.</li> <li>The RTN monitors and evaluates injury prevention activities and programs in the region.</li> <li>The RTN is an active participant in injury prevention programs in the region, including the evaluation of program effectiveness.</li> <li>The RTN is integrated with injury prevention activities and programs in the region. Outreach efforts are well coordinated and duplication of effort is avoided. Ongoing evaluation is routine, and data are used to make program improvements.</li> </ol>

#### Objectives for above indicator:

By December 2020, The Regional Trauma Coordinator will survey regional injury
prevention stakeholders including hospitals, senior provider networks, Medical Control
Authorities, and others. The survey results will inform an update of the RTAC injury
prevention program database. The database shall contain program type, audience,
locations, and contact persons.

# **Injury Prevention cont.**

325.135 (2) 203.5	The RTN has developed a written injury prevention plan. The injury prevention plan is data driven and targeted programs are developed based upon high injury risk areas. Specific goals with measurable objectives are incorporated into the injury prevention plan.		implemented in accordance with established objectives, timelines and the region is collecting data.
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#### Objectives for above indicator:

By December 2020, the RTN will have communicated to injury prevention stakeholders
the Regional Injury Prevention Plan that addresses at a minimum, the trauma registry
identified top 3 injuries in the region, program identification, reach, and impact. The RTN
will request feedback by March 2021 from the stakeholders regarding program overlap
and gaps. The plan shall be reviewed annually by the RTAC and RTN.

### **Injury Prevention cont.**

N/A 207.4  New Indicator from Strategic Plan	A trauma system public information and education plan exists that heightens public awareness of trauma as a disease, the need for a trauma care system and the prevention of injury. The RTN will	3.	Not known There is no written public information and education plan on trauma system or injury prevention and control There is a trauma system public information and education plan, but linkages between programs and implementation of specific objectives have waned. There is a trauma system, and injury prevention plans have a linked public information and education component that has specific timetables and measurable goals and objectives. The trauma system public information and education plan are being implemented in accordance with the timelines established and agreed on by the stakeholders and coalitions.
	promote evidenced based primary injury prevention activities and projects.  NOTE RTN ROLE IS TO "PROMOTE"	5.	The trauma system public information and education plan is being implemented in accordance with the timelines. Data concerning the effectiveness of the strategies are used to modify the plan and programs.

- By December 2023, the region will support the Michigan Trauma Coalition's trauma system messaging campaign currently in development. With a focus on the messages applicable throughout the region.
- Region 8 Trauma Network has collaborated with Region 8 MCA Network to have a page on the MCAN website with an anticipated go live date of December 2020. This website will be a publicly accessible location for items approved by the RTN to be placed there and populated by the Regional Trauma Coordinator.

#### Communications

**Trauma System Communications Benchmark**: The regional trauma system is supported by a coordinated communication system linking and integrating hospitals, life support agencies, the EMS system and the Regional Trauma Network.

Admin Rule HRSA#	Indicator	Score
325.132 (3) (c) (ii) (B) 302.1 0	There are established procedures for EMS and trauma system communications for major EMS events or multiple jurisdiction incidents that are effectively coordinated with the overall regional response plans.  This is directed as communications during a Mass Casualty Incident	<ol> <li>Not known.</li> <li>There are no written procedures for regional EMS and trauma systems communications for major EMS events or multiple jurisdiction incidents.</li> <li>Local medical control authorities have written procedures for EMS communications during major events. However, there is no coordination among the adjacent local jurisdictions.</li> <li>There are written regional EMS communications procedures for major EMS events. These procedures do not involve other jurisdictions and are not coordinated with the overall regional response plans or incident management system.</li> <li>There are written regional EMS communications procedures for major EMS events and multiple jurisdiction incidents that are coordinated with adjacent jurisdictions, with the overall regional response plan and with the incident management system.</li> <li>There are written regional EMS communications procedures for major EMS events and multiple jurisdiction incidents that are coordinated with the overall regional response plan and with the incident management system. There are one or more system redundancies. These procedures are regularly tested in simulated incident drills, and changes are made in the procedures based on drill results, if needed.</li> </ol>

#### Objectives for above indicator:

 Ongoing through December 2023, Regional Trauma shall continue to review and support Regional Healthcare Preparedness Communications initiatives when they are brought to the RTAC and RTN. The Regional Trauma Coordinator (RTC) will continue as a Regional Preparedness board member representing Regional Trauma.

#### **Communications**

325.132 (3) (c) (ii) (B) 302.9	procedure for communications among medical facilities when arranging for inter-facility transfers including	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	included in patient transfer protocols for each medical facility but there is no regional procedure.  There are uniform, regional communication procedures for arranging patient transfers, but there are no redundant procedures in the event of communication system failure.
	inter-facility	<ul><li>3.</li><li>5.</li></ul>	There are uniform, regional communication procedures for arranging patient transfers, but there are no redundant

# Objectives for above indicator:

• Regional Healthcare Preparedness utilizes the Regional Trauma survey of hospital communication redundancies and Regional Trauma shall update the survey by January 2021.

#### Communications cont.

N/A	An assessment of	A	Not known
New Indicator from Strategic Plan	the needs of the general medical community, including physicians, nurses, pre-hospital care providers, and others, concerning trauma system information, has been conducted.	3.	There is no routine or planned contact with the broad medical community.  Plans are in place to provide information to the broad medical community in response to a particular trauma system event or issue.  The broad medical community has been formally asked about what types of information would be helpful in reporting on trauma cases and issues.  Information resources for the general medical community have been developed, based on the stated needs of the general medical community; general medical community representatives are included in trauma system informational events.  In addition to routine contact, the broad medical community is involved in various oversight activities such as local,
			regional, and State trauma advisory councils.

#### Objectives for above indicator:

- By January 2021, hospitals and MCAs within Region 8 will be surveyed to determine the following:
  - 1. How they inform the broad medical community about trauma.
  - 2. Who they inform.
  - 3. When they inform.
  - 4. What information is included and disseminated.

Survey information will be shared with the Regional Trauma Network.

Regional Trauma shall continue to utilize its Facebook page throughout this three-year plan for topics such as injury prevention initiatives, educational notices, national literature, and publication sharing.

#### Infrastructure

**Infrastructure Benchmark**: The regional trauma infrastructure consists of membership, governance, medical oversight, policies, procedures and protocols that support the regional trauma system

Admin Rule HRSA#	Indicator	Score
325.132 (3) (c) (ii) (E) 302.1	There is well-defined regional trauma system medical oversight integrating the needs of the trauma system with the medical oversight of the overall EMS system.	<ol> <li>Not known.</li> <li>Medical oversight of EMS providers caring for trauma patients is provided by local medical control authorities but is outside of the purview of the regional trauma system.</li> <li>EMS and trauma medical directors collaborate in the development of protocols for pre-hospital providers providing care to trauma patients.</li> <li>The RTN has adopted state approved regional trauma protocols.</li> <li>The regional trauma system has integrated medical oversight for pre- hospital providers and evaluates the effectiveness of both on-line and off-line medical control.</li> <li>The EMS and regional trauma system fully integrate the medical oversight processes and regularly evaluate program effectiveness by correlating data with optimal outcomes. Pre-hospital EMS providers from the region are included in the development of medical oversight procedures.</li> </ol>

- By January 2021, the hospital trauma program managers and each MCA contact person shall participate in a survey conducted by the Regional Trauma Coordinator on how they assure medical directors collaborate on EMS trauma protocols.
- By June 2021, the RTN shall review the survey and author a regional benchmark regarding formal trauma protocol reviews by trauma and MCA medical directors.

#### Infrastructure cont.

oing relationship
I directors and the is no evidence of unicate. ing relationship I directors and the ver, the trauma rectors informally coordinate efforts. Ed trauma ersight through uthority meetings. Edineating the inter medical directors at specifies the formal elementation is elineating the inter medical directors at specifies the formal elementation is elineating the inter medical directors at specifies the formal en documentation regularly used to

- By December 2021, the Regional Trauma Coordinator will survey each hospital trauma program manager and each MCA contact person regarding formal trauma medical director and MCA medical director cooperative relations including communication, problem resolution, and coordination of efforts.
- By June 2022, the RTN shall review the survey results and develop regional benchmarks that define the coordination of efforts (trauma medical director and MCA medical director) more formally.

#### Infrastructure cont.

Admin Rule HRSA#	Indicator	Score
325.135 (6) (c) 303.2	The regional trauma network plan should ensure that the number, levels, and distribution of trauma facilities are communicated to all partners and stakeholders. The RTN should develop procedures to ensure that trauma patients are transported to an appropriate facility that is prepared to provide care.  This indicator is directed at the process for diversion of a trauma patient from a hospital	<ol> <li>Not known.         There is no regional plan to identify the number, levels, and distribution of trauma facilities. There is no regional diversion protocol.     </li> <li>There is a regional system plan and a diversion protocol, but they do not identify the number, levels or distribution of trauma facilities in the region. The plan and protocol are not based on available data.</li> <li>There is a regional system plan and a diversion protocol that identifies the number, levels and distribution of trauma facilities. System updates using available data not routine.</li> <li>There is a regional system plan and a diversion protocol that identifies the number, levels and distribution of trauma facilities based on available data. However, the regional plan and diversion protocol is not used to make decisions about trauma facility designations.</li> <li>There is a regional system plan that identifies the number and levels of trauma facilities. The plan is used to make decisions about trauma center diversion procedures. The plan accounts for facility resources and geographic distribution, population density, injured patient volume, and transportation resource capabilities and transport times. The plan is reviewed and revised periodically.</li> </ol>

- By February 2022, hospitals will participate in a survey regarding their written diversion plans including what types of incidents cause diversion, who has the authority to enact the plan, who is notified about diversion and how it is documented.
- By August 2022, the RTAC will review the findings and provide a recommendation to the RTN regarding the minimum standards to be included in hospital diversion plans.

#### Infrastructure cont.

325.136  (d) 303.4  When injured patients arrive at a medical facility that cannot provide the appropriate level of definitive care, there is an organized and regularly monitored system to ensure the patients are expeditiously transferred to the appropriate, system defined trauma facility.  This indicator is directed at the process for interfacility transfers of a trauma patient	<ol> <li>Not known         There is no system to regularly review the conformity of interfacility transfers within the trauma system according to pre-established procedures.     </li> <li>There is a fragmented system, usually event based, to monitor the interfacility transfer of trauma patients.</li> <li>The system for monitoring interfacility transfers is new, the procedures are in place, but training has yet to occur.</li> <li>There is an organized system of monitoring interfacility transfers within the trauma system.</li> <li>The monitoring of interfacility transfers of trauma patients has been integrated into the overall program of system performance improvement. As the system identifies issues for correction, a plan of action is implemented.</li> </ol>
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- By October 2021, the Regional Trauma Coordinator on behalf of the RTN will survey hospital trauma programs on how each facility conducts reviews of interfacility transfers.
- By February 2022, the RTAC will receive the survey findings and recommendations from the RTN based upon information from the RPSRO, and they shall provide a regional interfacility transfer review procedure to the RTN.

#### Infrastructure cont.

325.135 (6)	There are	0. Not known
(b) 302.6	mandatory system- wide prehospital triage criteria to ensure	<ol> <li>There are no mandatory universal <b>triage</b> criteria to ensure trauma patients are transported to the most appropriate hospital.</li> <li>There are differing triage criteria guidelines used by different providers. Appropriateness of triage criteria and subsequent</li> </ol>
	that trauma patients are transported to an appropriate facility based on	<ul> <li>transportation are not evaluated for sensitivity or specificity.</li> <li>Universal triage criteria are in the process of being linked to the management information system for future evaluation. (Biospatial)</li> <li>The triage criteria are used by all prehospital providers.</li> </ul>
	their injuries. These triage criteria are	There is system- wide evaluation of the effectiveness of the triage tools in identifying trauma patients and in ensuring that they are transported to the appropriate facility.  5. System participants routinely evaluate the triage criteria
	regularly evaluated and updated to ensure	for effectiveness. There is linkage with the trauma system, and sensitivity and specificity (over- and under-triage rates) of the tools used are regularly reported through the trauma lead authority. Updates to the triage criteria are made as necessary to improve system performance.
	acceptable and system-defined rates of sensitivity and	made de necessary te impreve eyetem penemianes.
	specificity for appropriately identifying the	
	major trauma patient. This indicator is	
	directed at the process for prehospital	
	<b>triage</b> of trauma patients	

#### Objectives for above indicator:

 By December 2021, using available reports from Biospatial and the Regional MCA Network, the RTN in collaboration with the Regional MCA Network will pilot a validation project focused on Field Triage, i.e., definitions, education needs, data interpretation and action steps to address identified gaps with an expected 12- month completion date.

#### Infrastructure cont.

325.135 (6) 303.1	The regional trauma plan has clearly defined the roles, resources	0.	Not known.  There is no regional plan that outlines roles, resources and responsibilities of all acute care facilities treating trauma and/or of facilities providing care to specialty populations.
	and responsibilities of all acute care facilities treating trauma, and of	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	There is a regional trauma system plan, but it does not address the roles, resources and responsibilities of licensed acute care facilities and/or specialty care facilities.
	facilities that provide care to specialty populations	4.	and responsibilities of licensed acute care facilities (hospitals) only, not spinal cord injury, pediatrics, burns or others.  The regional trauma plan addresses the roles, resources and responsibilities of licensed acute care
	(burns, pediatrics, other).	5.	facilities and specialty care facilities.  The regional trauma plan clearly defines the roles, resources and responsibilities of all acute care facilities treating trauma within the region. Specialty care services are addressed within the plan, and appropriate policies and procedures are implemented and tracked.

- By June 2021, the RTN shall expand the current 24/7 medical specialties database to include information from each hospital on what facilities accept specialty populations (burns, pediatrics, TBI rehabilitation, other specialty rehabilitation) transfers which may be out of state.
- By September 2021, the Regional Trauma Coordinator will share the database with the Regional MCA Network to inform their transfer agencies. Updates to the database will be provided by the Trauma program managers to the Regional Trauma Coordinator as needed. The database will be shared with new trauma program managers. Triennially the database will be reviewed and updated.

#### Infrastructure cont.

325.132 (3) (c)	The incident	0.	Not known
(ii)	management and	1.	There are no formal established linkages for system
	trauma systems		integration or operational management between the
(E)	have formal		incident management and trauma systems.
	established	4	There are limited linkages or interfaces between the incident management and trauma systems specific
208.2	linkages for system		to mass casualties.
	integration and	3.	Plans are in place for both incident management and
	operational		trauma system linkage. Integration is beginning, and
New	management.		cooperation within the multidisciplinary groups is occurring.
Indicator			Draft policies are being reviewed, and operational
from	This is directed		management strategies are being aligned.
Strategic	at the Trauma	4.	There is evidence of program linkages between the incident management and trauma systems. Operational
Plan	Network's		management guidelines exist and are routinely evaluated
1 1011	collaboration		and tested.
	with the Regional	5.	Strong program linkages and interfaces are present. The
	Healthcare		incident management and trauma systems are well
	Coalition		integrated, and operational procedures have been
			implemented, tested, and evaluated. System participants
			meet regularly and are familiar with the operational plans of
			both areas. Data from the trauma system and from the incident management system are shared.
			moldent management system are shared.

- Through December 2023, the Regional Trauma Coordinator will be the liaison to preparedness as evidenced by: meeting participation and involvement as a Regional Medical Coordination Center member with subsequent updates at each RTAC and RTN meeting, inclusion in mass casualty planning, exercises and real events.
- Through December 30, 2023, the Regional Trauma Coordinator will continue in the role
  of a regional resource by maintaining status as a regional superuser of EMTrack, eICS,
  and EMResource.

## **Regional Performance Improvement**

**Regional Performance Improvement Benchmark**: The RTN/RTAC uses system data to evaluate system performance and regularly reviews system performance reports to develop regional policy.

Admin Rule HRSA #	Indicator	Score
325.134 (4) 206.1	The RTN uses data reports to evaluate and improve system performance.  This refers to any data reports and the RPSRO inventory	<ol> <li>Not known.</li> <li>The RTN does not generate trauma data reports for evaluation and improvement of system performance.</li> <li>Some general trauma system information is available to stakeholders, but it is not consistent or regular.</li> <li>Regional data reports are done on an annual basis, but are not used for decision-making and/or evaluation of system performance.</li> <li>Routine reports are generated using regional trauma data and other databases so that the system can be analyzed, standards evaluated, and performance measured.</li> <li>Regularly scheduled reports are generated from regional trauma data and are used by the stakeholder groups to evaluate and improve system performance effectiveness.</li> </ol>

### Objectives for above indicator:

 Through December 2023, the RTN and its RPSRO will utilize data reports generated by the State of Michigan, ImageTrend®, MTQIP, the RPSRO Inventory and individual hospital and EMS agencies to evaluate and improve regional trauma care and system performance.

# **Regional Performance Improvement cont.**

325.135	The retrospective medical oversight	0. Not known 1) There is no retrospective medical oversight procedure for
(6) 302.5 New Indicator	medical oversight of the EMS system for trauma triage, communications, treatment, and transport is closely coordinated with the established performance improvement processes of the trauma system.	trauma triage, communications, treatment, and transport.  There is a retrospective medical oversight procedure for trauma triage, communications, treatment, and transport by both the trauma system and the EMS system, but the two processes are in conflict with each other or use different review criteria.  There is a retrospective medical oversight procedure for trauma triage, communications, treatment, and transport by the performance improvement processes of the trauma system or by the EMS system; however, this procedure is not coordinated.  By the performance improvement processes of the trauma system, there is retrospective medical oversight for trauma triage, communications, treatment, and transport that is coordinated with the EMS system retrospective medical direction, or by performance improvement processes of the EMS system that are coordinated by the trauma system.  There is retrospective medical oversight of the trauma triage, communications, treatment, and transport that is coordinated with the EMS system retrospective medical direction. There is evidence this procedure is being regularly used to monitor system performance and to make system improvements.

### Objectives for above indicator:

• Through December 2023, the RPSRO, working with the Region 8 MCA Network, will utilize data reports generated by the State of Michigan, ImageTrend® and Biospatial to provide medical oversight of EMS trauma triage, communications, treatment and transport of trauma patient.

## **Regional Performance Improvement cont.**

Admin Rule HRSA#	Indicator	Score
325.135 (6) (d) 205.2	Collected data from a variety of sources are used to review the appropriateness of all-inclusive regional trauma performance standards, from injury prevention through rehabilitation. This should focus on the development of a regional performance improvement process	<ol> <li>Not known.         There are no written, quantifiable regional system performance standards or performance improvement processes.         There are written, quantifiable regional system performance standards for each component of the regional trauma system that conform to standards outlined in the Administrative Rules.         The RTN has adopted written, quantifiable regional system performance standards.         The RTN routinely uses data from multiple sources to assess compliance with regional system performance standards.     </li> <li>The RTN uses regional system compliance data to design changes or make other system refinements. There is routine and consistent feedback to all system providers to ensure that data-identified deficiencies are corrected.</li> </ol>

#### Objectives for above indicator:

 By December 2021, the RPSRO, working with the RTAC will develop a Regional Performance Improvement Plan that includes evaluation on trauma triage criteria and effectiveness, trauma center diversion and provision of care. The plan considers, and incorporates as needed, recommendations and tools from the State of Michigan, the State Trauma Advisory Committee and American College of Surgeons guidance documents.

# **Regional Performance Improvement cont.**

325.136 (d) 303.4	There is a regional trauma bypass protocol	<sup>0</sup>	Not known.  There is no regional trauma bypass protocol to provide pre-hospital guidance about when to bypass an acute
	that provides EMS guidance for bypassing a trauma care facility for another more appropriate trauma care facility.	3.	care facility for a more appropriate facility.  There is a regional bypass protocol that allows bypass of an acute care facility but does not provide guidance for what the more appropriate facility may be.  There is a regional bypass protocol that provides EMS guidance for bypassing an acute care facility for a more appropriate trauma care facility and provides guidance on the levels of each facility in the region.  There is a regional bypass protocol that allows bypass of an acute care facility and provides guidance on what the most
		5.	appropriate facility is based on the patient's injury.  The regional bypass protocol clearly defines the process for bypassing an acute care facility for another trauma facility more appropriate for the patient's injuries. Incidents of trauma facility bypass are tracked and reviewed regularly, and protocol revisions are made as needed.

# Objectives for above indicator:

By December 2022, the RTN, working with the Region 8 MCA Network will develop a
regional bypass protocol that clearly defines the process for bypassing one trauma
facility for another trauma center more appropriate for the patient's injuries or specialty
needs (Pediatric, Burns, Obstetric).

#### **Continuum of Care**

**Continuum of Care Benchmark**: The lead agency ensures that adequate rehabilitation facilities have been integrated into the trauma system and that these resources are made available to all populations requiring them.

	available to all populations requiring them.				
Admin Rule	Indicator	Sc	ore		
HRSA#					
325.132 (3)	The lead agency	0.	Not known		
(C)	has incorporated,	1.	There are no written plans for the integration of		
(ii)	within the trauma		rehabilitation services with the regional trauma system or		
			with trauma centers.		
(F)	system plan and	(2)	The regional trauma system plan has addressed the		
	the trauma center		participation of rehabilitation services, but the integration		
308.	standards,		of those facilities for trauma patients has not been fully		
	requirements for		•		
1	rehabilitation	_	realized.		
	services including	3.	The regional trauma system plan has addressed the		
	interfacility transfer		participation of rehabilitation services and has begun		
	•		integration of rehabilitation services through the routine		
	of trauma patients		use of rehabilitation services expertise.		
	to rehabilitation	4.	The trauma system plan incorporates rehabilitation		
	centers.	••	services throughout the continuum of care through		
	The regional work		the use of written agreements. Trauma centers are		
	plan addresses the		actively including rehabilitation services and their		
	integration and		programs in trauma patient care plans.		
	participation of	5.	There is evidence to show a well-integrated program of		
	rehabilitation		rehabilitation is available for all trauma patients.		
	services within the		Rehabilitation programs are included in the regional		
			trauma system plan, and the trauma centers are		
	continuum of care		working closely with rehabilitation centers and services		
	for trauma patients.		•		
			to ensure quality outcomes for trauma patients.		

#### Objectives for above indicator:

By December 2020, the RTN shall expand the current 24/7 medical specialties database to include information on where they transfer specialty populations."

- By December 2020, the RTN shall expand the current 24/7 medical specialties database to include information on where they transfer specialty populations.
- By April 2021, the considerations for rehabilitation transfer shall be collected from the trauma program managers within the region for review by the RTAC.
- By February 2022, the RTN will establish a formal communication pathway of regional trauma initiatives to licensed rehabilitation facilities within the region that are utilized for trauma patients.

#### **Trauma Education**

**Trauma Education Benchmark**: The regional trauma network ensures a competent workforce through trauma education standards.

Admin Rule HRSA#	Indicator	Score
325.132 (3) (C) (ii) (D) 310.(3)(4)( 6)	The regional trauma network establishes and ensures that appropriate levels of EMS, nursing and physician trauma training courses are provided on a regular basis.	<ol> <li>Not known.</li> <li>There are no regional trauma training guidelines for EMS personnel, nurses or physicians who routinely care for trauma patients.</li> <li>There are regional trauma training standards for EMS personnel, nurses and physicians but there is no requirement for course attendance.</li> <li>There are regional trauma training requirements for EMS personnel, nurses and physicians written into the regional trauma system plan.</li> <li>There are trauma training requirements for EMS personnel, nurses and physicians written into the regional trauma system plan and all personnel providing trauma patient care participate in trauma training.</li> <li>All regional trauma care providers receive initial and ongoing trauma training, including updates in trauma care, continuing education and certifications, as appropriate.</li> </ol>

### Objectives for above indicator:

Throughout 2020, the RTN will encourage hospitals and MCAs to identify their regularly
offered trauma education programs. The RTAC will consolidate a master calendar of
scheduled trauma education programs by January of 2021 based on information from
hospitals, MCAs, and share/exchange lists with Region 7. The master calendar will
include programs open to out-of-health-system employees and may be out-of-region and
out-of-state.

## Trauma Education cont.

225 122 (2) (0)	A	0.	Not known
325. 132 (3) (C)	As new protocols	U.	
(ii) (D)	and treatment	1.	The region has no process in place to inform or educate
310.10	approaches are instituted within	2)	all personnel on new protocols or treatment approaches.  The region has developed a process to inform or educate
	the regional		all personnel on new protocols or treatment approaches, but it has not been tried or tested.
	trauma system,	3.	The region has a process in place to inform or educate all
	structured		personnel on new protocols or treatment approaches as
	processes are in		system changes are identified.
	place to inform or	4.	The region has a <i>structured</i> process in place to
	educate all		routinely inform or educate all personnel on new
	personnel of	5	protocols or treatment approaches.  The region has a structured process to educate all
	those changes in	0.	personnel on new protocols or treatment approaches in a
	a timely manner.		timely manner, and there is a method to monitor
			compliance with new procedures as they are introduced.

## Objectives for above indicator:

 The RTN will continue to inform of educational offering through utilization of its Facebook page through 2023. By December 2020, The RTN will have developed a one-page electric flyer to disseminate to trauma program managers that can be utilized to encourage their staff to follow the Facebook page.

#### **Regional Trauma Network Application Checklist**

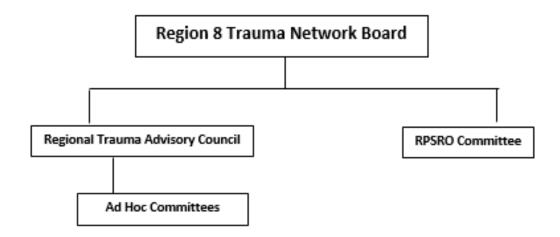
Ensure that all items on the checklist below are included in the application package.

☑ **Bylaws**: Include a copy of the Regional Trauma Network bylaws with the application. Ensure that the bylaws are consistent with the new State of Michigan trauma bylaws template. Any deviation from the current template must be approved by the department.

#### ☑ RTN Work plan:

- Each indicator in the assessment has been scored (circle or check).
- At least one SMART objective is written for each of the indicators.

#### **☑** RTN organizational chart:



**Signature page of the RTN Leadership and Governance document**: Signed by Regional Trauma Network Leadership

On July 15, 2020, the Region 8 Trauma Network Board approved by motion to submit this application and bylaws as written with the understanding there may be requested edits. Once the document content is finalized, the Region 8 Trauma Network Board shall sign this document and the bylaws.

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region 8 trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region 8 \_\_\_\_ trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date
Baraga	Meyn Sntkouski'	RNBSN	10/14/20
Delta		3,013	
Dickinson			
Eastern UP			
Gogebic Iron Ontonagon			
Keweenaw Houghton			
Luce			
Marquette Alger			
Schoolcraft			

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region  $\frac{8}{2}$  trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date
Baraga			
Delta	But Humany 1	MOMPH	10/20/20
Dickinson			
Eastern UP			
Gogebic Iron Ontonagon			
Keweenaw Houghton			
Luce			
Marquette Alger			
Schoolcraft			

On July 15, 2020, the Region 8 Trauma Network Board approved by motion to submit this application and bylaws as written with the understanding there may be requested edits. Once the document content is finalized, the Region 8 Trauma Network Board shall sign this document and the bylaws.

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region 8 trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date
EUPMCA	Satura a Hirt	TPM RTN Cloair	10/14/20

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region  $\frac{8}{2}$  trauma system development outlined here.

Name (Signature)	Title	Date
Tolk ling	Mea Designer Manager	W/14/202
	Name (Signature)	

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region 8 trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date
Baraga			
Delta			
Dickinson			
Eastern UP			
Gogebic Iron Ontonagon			
Keweenaw < Houghton	7		10/14/20
Luce		-	
Marquette Alger	×		*
Schoolcraft			

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region 8 trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date
Baraga			
Delta			
Dickinson			
Eastern UP			
Gogebic Iron Ontonagon			
Keweenaw Houghton			
Luce	Shely Prewis	Trauma Program Coordinator	10-14-90
Marquette Alger			
Schoolcraft			

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region 8 \_\_\_\_\_ trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date
Baraga			
Delta			
Dickinson			
Eastern UP			
Gogebic Iron Ontonagon			
Keweenaw Houghton			
Luce			
Marquette Alger	alesm Sure	Dir. EmerSer.	10/15/20
Schoolcraft			

By signing I confirm I understand the roles, responsibilities outlined in this application and support Region  $\frac{8}{2}$  trauma system development outlined here.

MCA	Name (Signature)	Title	Date
Baraga			
Delta			
Dickinson			
Eastern UP			
Gogebic Iron Ontonagon			
Keweenaw Houghton			
Luce			
Marquette Alger			
Schoolcraft	Elizabeth Hoss	MCACeorclia	EL 10/14/20