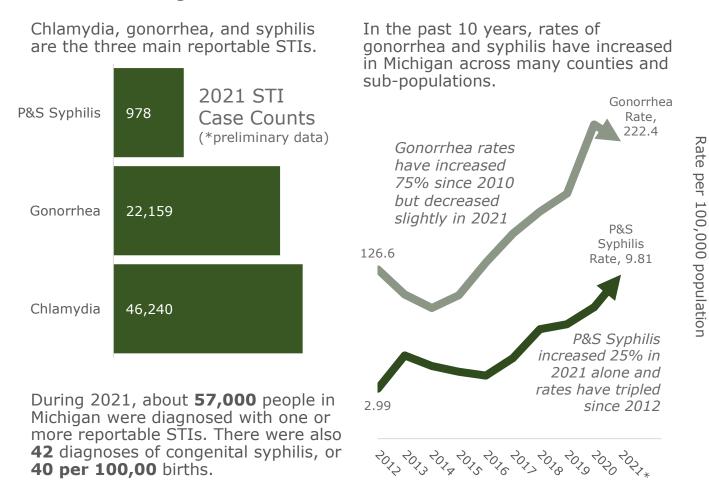
STI Awareness Month – April 2022

Sexually transmitted infections, or STIs, are among the most common infections in Michigan.



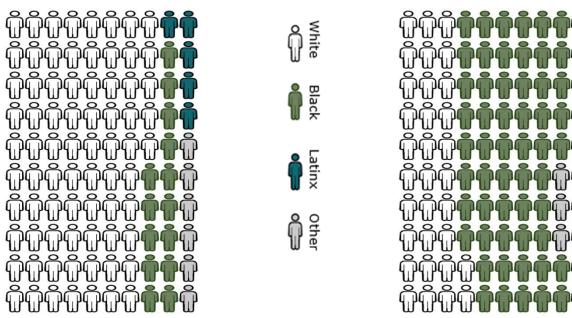
These sexually transmitted infections are fully treatable and preventable.

Understanding risk, getting regularly tested, talking about testing with partners, consistently and correctly using condoms, reducing the number of partners, getting prompt treatment for STIs, and abstaining from sex are all effective prevention strategies.

In Michigan, clinicians have the option to use a treatment method called Expedited Partner Therapy (EPT) in select cases of gonorrhea, chlamydia, and trichomoniasis. EPT helps individuals avoid reinfection by allowing the provider the option to prescribe antibiotics for sex partners of infected patients without examining these partners. Health disparities are preventable differences in the burden of disease, made visible by comparing rates between different populations.

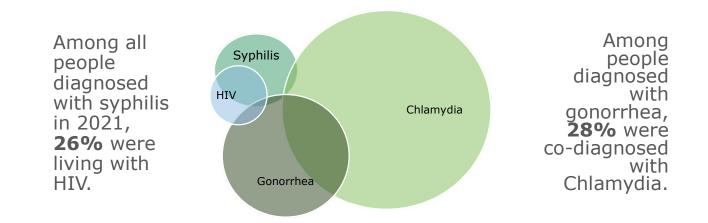
Black people represent **14%** of Michigan's population (2020 ACS Estimate) ...

... but are disproportionately affected by STIs: **54%** of all reported infections



These health disparities are inequitable and are directly related to the historical and current unequal distribution of social, political, economic, and environmental resources (from the <u>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention</u>).

Sexually Transmitted Infections often co-occur with other infections.





MDHHS Division of HIV and STI Programs https://www.michigan.gov/hivsti