

#### Here's your map & the local Eat Safe Fish guidelines, too!



This flyer lists all the lakes and rivers in Monroe County that have had filets of fish tested for chemicals.

To get the *Eat Safe Fish Guides* for other areas, please call MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942 or visit www.michigan.gov/ eatsafefish.

#### What are 'safe' fish?

Safe fish are fish that are low in chemicals. If you use the MDHHS Eat Safe Fish Guide for your region when you choose fish to catch and eat, you will protect yourself and your family from chemicals that could someday make you sick.

#### If there are chemicals in the fish, why should I still eat it?

Fish have a lot of great health benefits!

- **☑** Fish can be a great low-fat source of protein.
- $\square$  Fish are brain food.
- **☑** Some fish have heart-healthy omega-3s.

Plus, fishing is a fun way to get outside and enjoy Michigan's 11,000 lakes, rivers, and streams!

> If you follow the 3Cs and go after fish that have **fewer** chemicals in them, you can get a lot of health benefits and have very little risk.

#### Catching fish • Buying fish • Eating fish

For more information on safe fish. call MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942 or visit us online at www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish.





# APPENDIX N - OUTREACH MATERIALS Areas of Concern (AOCs)

In the 1980s, the United States and Canadian governments identified 43 places in the Great Lakes region that had severe, long-term environmental problems. These places are called Areas of Concern or AOCs. Michigan originally had 14 AOCs located in both the upper and lower peninsulas.

People in federal, state, and provincial governments are working to address the problems in these areas. Local groups, known as Public Advisory Councils (PAC), also work on these environmental problems.

#### **Beneficial Use Impairments (BUIs)**

These environmental problems are called *beneficial* use impairments or BUIs. There are 14 categories of BUIs named in the U.S.-Canadian Great Lakes Water Quality Agreement. However, a place does not have to have all 14 problems to be called an AOC.

Each BUI has goals that need to be met in order to be removed from the AOC's list of problems. Once all BUIs are removed from the list, the AOC is considered to be no longer impaired and can be *delisted*, or removed from the list of AOCs.

#### The Goal: Delisting & a Healthy Environment

Once all of the assigned BUIs have been removed from an AOC, the PAC and Michigan Department of Environmental Quality submit a petition to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requesting it be removed from the list of AOCs. This is called "delisting." Two of Michigan's 14 original AOCs were delisted in 2014. Others are closer to delisting thanks to the dedication of the local, state, and federal stakeholders working to improve our environment, along with funding from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative.

#### You can get involved!

Would you like to volunteer with the River Raisin AOC Public Advisory Council? Contact the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality's Office of the Great Lakes for more information at 1-517-284-5035.

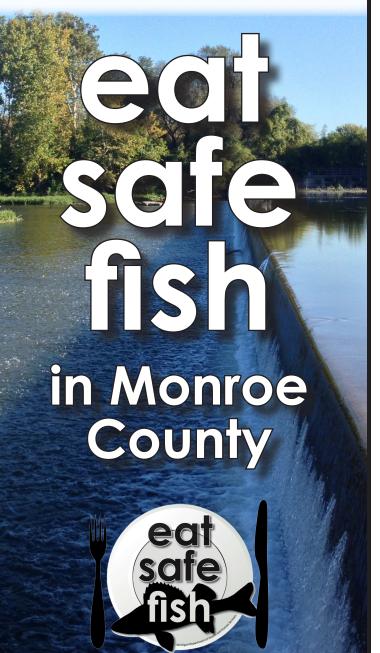


#### The 14 BUIs that an AOC can have are:

- Restrictions on Fish and Wildlife Consumption
- Tainting of Fish and Wildlife Flavor
- Fish Tumors or Other Deformities
- Degraded Fish and Wildlife Populations
- Loss of Fish and Wildlife Habitat
- Bird or Animal Deformities or **Reproductive Problems**
- Degradation of Phytoplankton and **Zooplankton Populations**
- Degradation of Benthos
- Degradation of Aesthetics
- Eutrophication or Undesirable Algae
- Beach Closings
- Added Costs to Agriculture or Industry
- Restrictions on Dredging Activities
- Restrictions on Drinking Water Consumption or Taste and Odor Problems



#### FREE LOCAL FISHING MAP & MDHHS Eat Safe Fish Guidelines



www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish

# Get to know the sight fish and then cleaning and cooking it the right

By choosing the right fish and then cleaning and cooking it the right way, you can reduce some of the chemicals in the fish **by nearly half**!



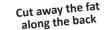
Some fish contain chemicals that can harm your health. MDHHS tests filets of fish taken from Michigan's lakes and rivers to learn which fish are safer to eat. The *Eat Safe Fish Guides* make it easy to find out which fish have been tested and easy to choose fish that are safe to eat.

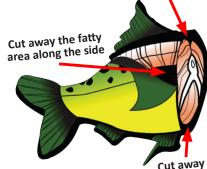
The Eat Safe Fish Guide:

- $\blacksquare$  lists fish species that have had filets tested for chemicals by MDHHS.
- ☑ protects people who eat Michigan fish often.
- ☑ protects anyone who has health problems, is young, is pregnant, or is planning on having children in the future.

Many lakes and rivers have been tested in Monroe County. You can find these guidelines on the flyer in the back of this brochure. To get the guidelines for other areas, visit <u>www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish</u> or call 1-800-648-6942.







the belly fa

Some chemicals, like PCBs and dioxins, collect in the fat of the fish.

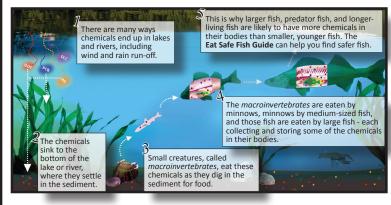
- ☑ When cleaning the fish, trim away any of the fat you can see.
- ☑ Remove and throw away the organs, too.
- Careful cleaning and cooking can get rid of up to half of these chemicals from the fish.



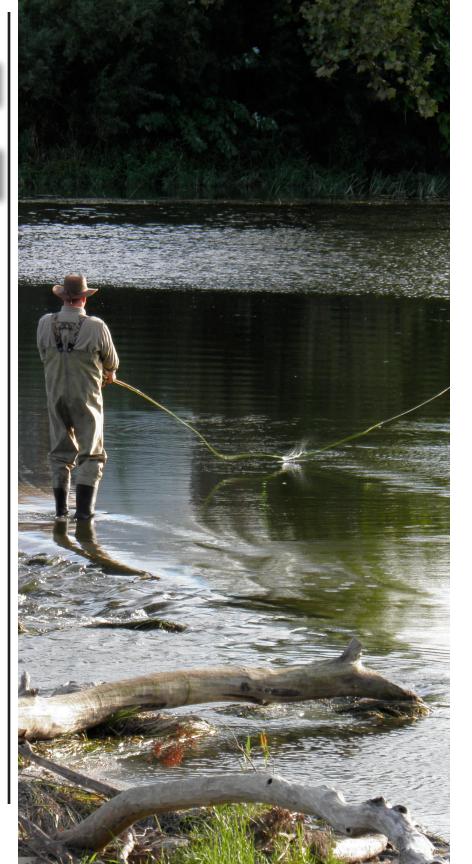
- Poke holes in the skin or remove it completely so that more fat can drip away from the fish filet as it cooks.
- Cook your fish on a grill or on a broiler pan in the oven. More of the fat and chemicals left behind can now drip away from the fish through the grates.
- ✓ If you choose to fry your fish, it's best to pan fry and throw away the oil. Please note that frying does not get rid of any of the chemicals that may be in the fish.

You can't remove mercury or PFOS from fish by cleaning and cooking. Always choose your fish wisely!

#### APPENDIX N - OUTREACH MATERIALS Why are there chemicals in some fish?



- ☑ PCBs, dioxins, and mercury are the most common chemicals found in filets of Michigan fish.
- ☑ These chemicals are *persistent* and *bioaccumulative*. This means the chemicals not only stay in the environment, they also build up in living things.
- ☑ Because of this, they have become part of the food chain for fish, as you can see in the picture above.
- ☑ Some chemicals, like PCBs and dioxins, build up in the fat of the fish. Mercury and PFOS build up in the muscle, or filet, of the fish.
- ✓ If you choose fish lower in mercury and PFOS and follow the **3Cs**, you can keep these chemicals from building up in your body, too.
- ☑ You can't see or taste these chemicals. They do not change how clear or dirty the water looks. The only way to know if these chemicals are in the fish is by testing for them in a laboratory.



# Monroe Co. Eat Safe Fish Guidelines

These guidelines are from the 2015 Southeast Michigan Eat Safe Fish Guide. To get the most up-to-date guidelines for lakes and rivers in Monroe County or other areas of Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish to download the Eat Safe Fish Guides to your smartphone or call 1-800-648-6942 to get a print copy!

#### Lake Erie

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Carro	PCBs & Dioxins	Under 28"	Limited▲
Carp	Dioxins	Over 28"	Do Not Eat▲
Catfish	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Chinook Salmon	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Coho Salmon	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Freshwater Drum	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
	DCD-	Under 16"	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Lake Whitefish	PCBs	Over 16"	Limited▲
Rainbow Trout	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Steelhead	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Walleye	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
White (Silver) Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
White Perch	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Yellow Perch	PCBs	Any	2 <sup>2x</sup>

#### **Plum Creek**

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Puffalo Carp	PCBs & Dioxins	Under 28"	Limited▲
Buffalo Carp	Dioxins	Over 28"	Do Not Eat▲
Com	PCBs & Dioxins	Under 28"	_Limited <sup>▲</sup>
Carp	PCBS & DIOXIIIS	Over 28"	Do Not Eat▲
Catfish	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Freshwater Drum	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
White (Silver) Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
All Other Species	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>

#### **River Raisin**

(downstream of Dundee Dam in Dundee Township)

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Cara	PCBs & Dioxins	Under 28″	Limited▲
Carp	Dioxins	Over 28"	Do Not Eat▲
Catfish	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Freshwater Drum	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Largemouth Bass	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Smallmouth Bass	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
White Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
All Other Species	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>

#### N. Maumee Bay

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Largemouth Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Smallmouth Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲

Use the Lake Erie guidelines above for any fish species not listed here.

#### Ottawa River

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Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Corn	PCBs & Dioxins	Under 28″	Limited▲
Carp		Over 28"	Do Not Eat▲
Largemouth Bass	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Smallmouth Bass	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>

When fishing the river near Lake Erie, please check the lake guidelines above, too



For all other lakes and rivers in Monroe County, please use the Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines found on the other side of this brochure.

(Open the brochure for the map and to learn how to use the Eat Safe Fish guidelines.)

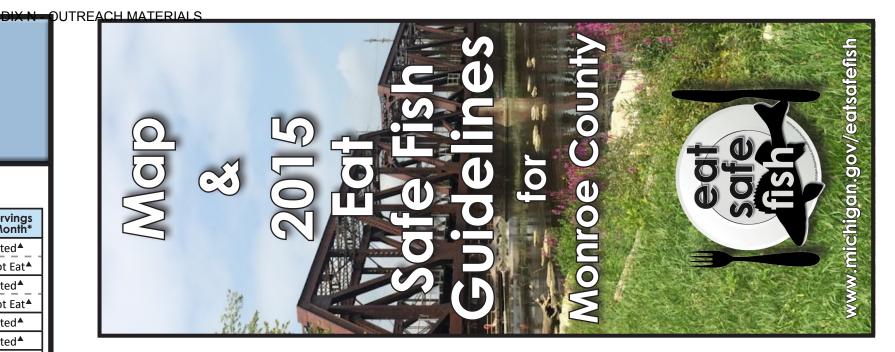
See the **2x** box on the back of this page to learn 2X

how you can eat more of these fish safely

See the Limited and Do Not Eat boxes on the back of this page for more information.



To get the full *Eat Safe Fish Guides* with guidelines for other counties and regions in Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish or call MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942.



The River Raisin Public Advisory Council has been working with the US Environmental Protection Agency and Michigan Department of Environmental Quality on projects along the River Raisin that help to improve the local environment for people, help to improve th animals, and fish!

Raisin

River

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Restoring

Guidelines

Fish

Safe

Using the Eat

To learn more about the work, please visit <u>http://</u> www.riverraisinlegacyproject.com.

# River Raisin Legacy Project

The River Raisin Legacy Project, completed in the spring of 2014, opened up the lower 23 miles of the River Raisin to Lake Erie for by eliminating unnecessary structures or providing passage around, through, or ove the low head dams in the lower River Raisi Erie 1 t time in more than 70 years. The Project removed the old barriers first time in more than 70 he

The dam removals are not only good for fish, but they also will provide anglers with some great fishing in the river beyond Monroe. Soon we hope you will see pike, muskie, and

MDHHS tests only the filets of the fish for chemicals to set these guidelines. *MI Servings* are set to be safe for everyone. This includes **children**, **pregnant or breastfeeding women**, **and people who have health problems like cancer or diabetes.** 

	How much is	How much is MI Serving?
	Weight of Person	MI Serving Size
	45 pounds	2 ounces
	90 pounds	4 ounces
	180 pounds	8 ounces
fssəJ dgiəW	For every 20 pounds <u>les</u> the table, subtr For example, a 70-pound child: 90 pounds - 20 pounds = 70 a MI Serving	For every 20 pounds <u>less</u> than the weight listed in the table, subtract 1 ounce of fish. For example, a 70-pound child's <i>MI Serving</i> size is 3 ounces of fish. 90 pounds - 20 pounds = 70 pounds & 4 ounces - 1 ounce = a <i>MI Serving</i> size of 3 ounces.
More?	For every 20 pounds <u>mo</u> the table, ado	For every 20 pounds <u>more</u> than the weight listed in the table, add 1 ounce of fish.

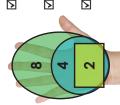
For example, a 110 90 pounds + 20



'ing MI Ser one You might eat more than 'hat's OK, just keep track se



# My Michigan, MI Serving Size



= size of an adult's palm 4 ounces of fish = size of the pa of an adult's hand (small circle) oval) 8 ounces of fish = hand (large oval)  $\mathbf{\Sigma}$  $\mathbf{\Sigma}$ Σ

2 ounces of fish = size of half a palm of an adult's hand (rectangle)

bass moving upstream!

#### ie shallow water tate Park lagoon largemouth bass and bluegill, and newcomers, like pumpkinseed, call the even near the lagoons) The restoration work also opened up some great fishing from the shore. Go fish! habitat. Now end had bluegill, and Recent work to bring back the marsh areas to the Sterling Sta has greatly improved fish habit ailable Sterling State Park (Parking lot and camping av some newcome lagoons home.

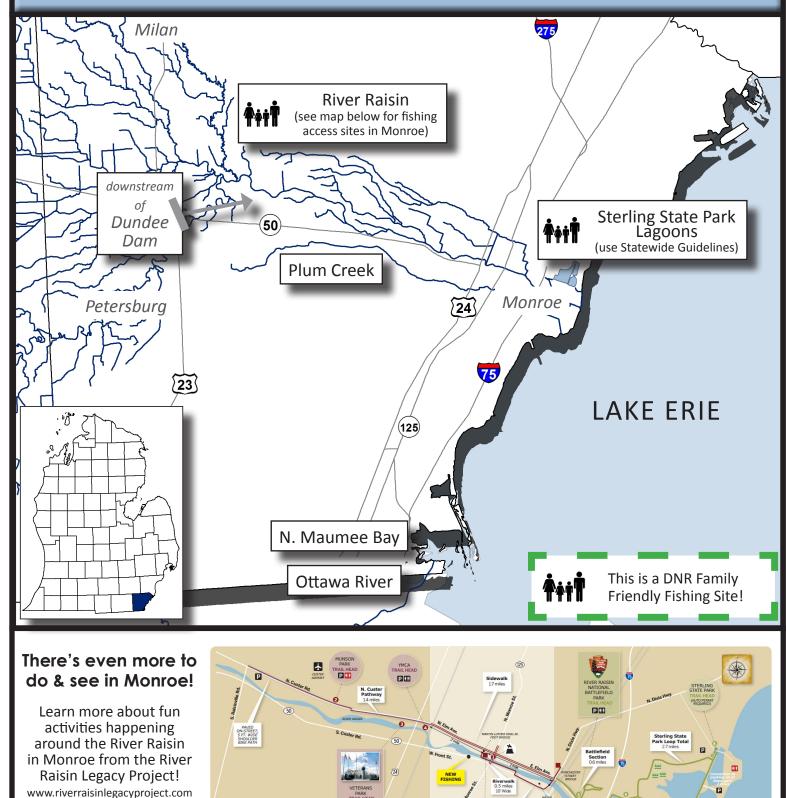
Buying fish • Eating fish at www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish more information on safe fish, II MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942 • Catching fish call MI or visit us online 



The MDHHS Safe Fish Guidelines in this brochure are from the MDHHS **2015 Eat Safe Fish Guide**. For updates, visit <u>www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish</u> or call 1-800-648-6942 and ask for a free **Guide**.

# Map of Monroe County, MI

Check the 2015 Eat Safe Fish guidelines on the inside of this brochure for the lakes and rivers on this map. For all other lakes and rivers in Monroe County, please use the Statewide Guidelines.



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# **Statewide Guidelines & More**

Don't see a certain Monroe County lake or river listed in this brochure? Then the Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines can help you find safer fish to eat.

Only use the Statewide Guidelines if...



UTREA

- brochure, OR

## Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines

Type of Fish	Chemical of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*	Type of Fish	Chemical of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Black Crappie	Mercury	Any Size	4	Rock Bass	Mercury	Any Size	4
🛁 Bluegill	Mercury	Any Size	8	Smallmouth	Manager	Under 18"	2
Carp	PCBs	Any Size	2	Bass	Mercury	Over 18"	1
Catfish	PCBs & Mercury	Any Size	4	Juckers	Mercury	Any Size	8
Largemouth	Margura	Under 18"	2	📥 Sunfish	Mercury	Any Size	8
Bass	Mercury	Over 18"	1		N.4 e version of	Under 20"	2
Muskellunge	Mercury	Any Size	1	Walleye	Mercury	Over 20"	1
Northorn Dike	Maraum	Under 30"	2	White Crappie	Mercury	Any Size	4
Northern Pike	Mercury	Over 30"	1	Yellow Perch	Mercury	Any Size	4

These guidelines are based on the typical amount of chemicals found in fish filets tested from around the state. Some fish may be higher or lower. If any of these fish are listed in the guidelines for the lake or river you are fishing in, use those guidelines instead of the Statewide Guidelines. The *MI Servings* recommendation will be more exact for that lake or river because those filets have been tested. For other counties in Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish to get the Eat Safe Fish Guide for that region.

## 2x, Best Choice, Limited, and Do Not Eat

#### Remove the fat; double the MI Servings!

PCBs and dioxins are in the fat of the fish. You can double the number of MI Servings if you:

trim away the fat that you can see from the filet. cook the fish on a grill or broiling pan so more fat can drip away



#### Do you eat fish at least twice a week?

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Sest.

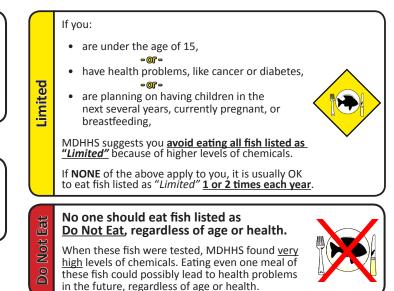
DTE Energy DETROIT EDISON GENERATION PLANT

When using the MDHHS Eat Safe Fish Guide, watch for this MDHHS "Best Choice" symbol. The hook and fish mark species that you and your family can safely eat 8 MI Servings or more each month!



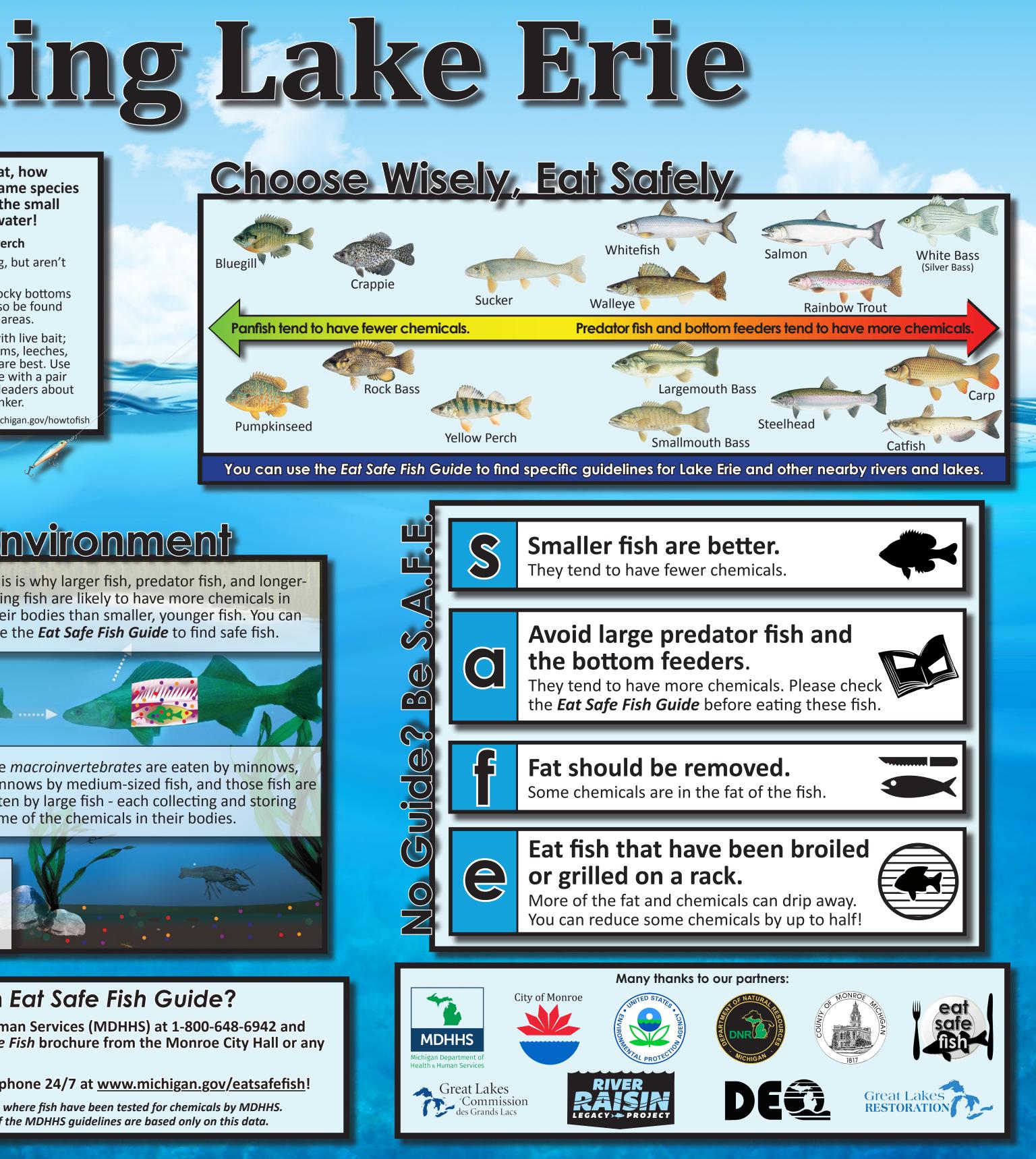
#### the Monroe County lake or river you are fishing in is not listed in this

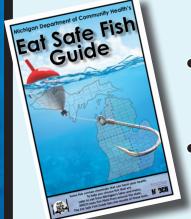
your lake or river is listed in this brochure, but the fish species is not listed.



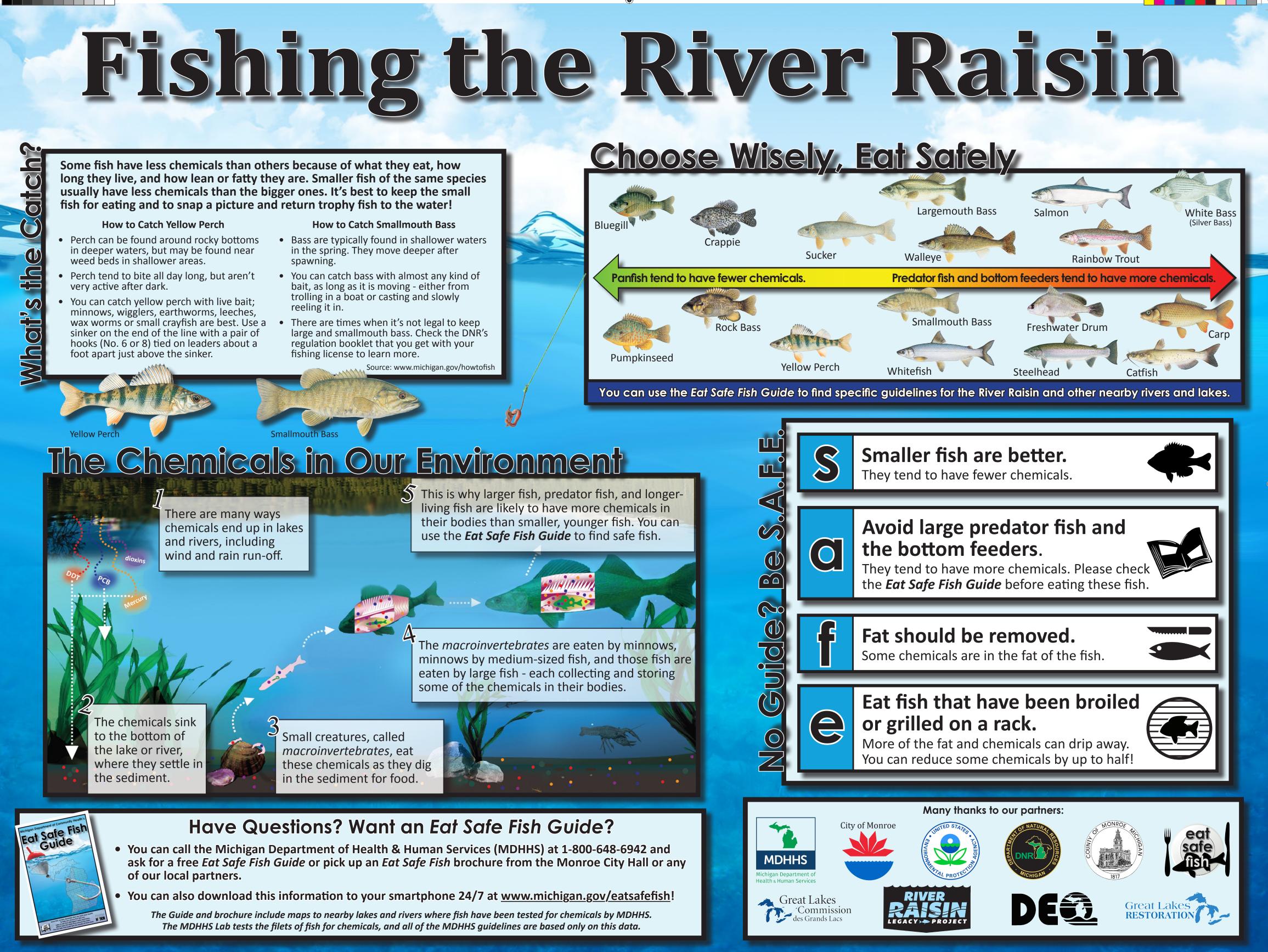
APPENDIX N - OUTREACH MATERIALS







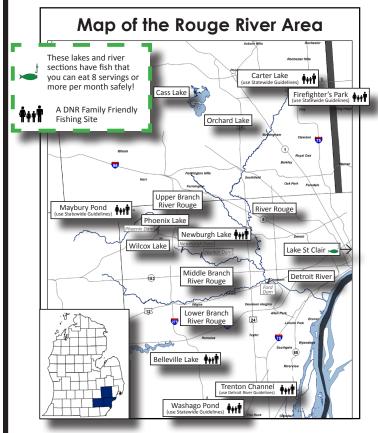
APPENDIX N - OUTREACH MATERIALS



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# **Eat Safe Fish Guidelines**

These guidelines are from the 2015 Southeast Michigan Eat Safe Fish Guide. To get the most up-to-date guidelines for lakes and rivers in Wayne County or other areas in Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish to download a copy of the Eat Safe Fish Guide to your smartphone or call 1-800-648-6942 to get a print copy!



#### Lake Erie

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Com	PCBs & Dioxins	Under 28"	Limited▲
Carp	Dioxins	Over 28"	Do Not Eat▲
Catfish	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited≜
Chinook Salmon	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Coho Salmon	PCBs	Any	Limited≜
Freshwater Drum	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Lake Whitefish	PCBs	Under 16"	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Lake whitensh	PCBS	Over 16"	Limited▲
Rainbow Trout	PCBs	Any	Limited≜
Steelhead	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Walleye	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
White (Silver) Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
White Perch	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Yellow Perch	PCBs	Any	2 <sup>2x</sup>

#### **Belleville Lake**

(includes the Huron River between Belleville Lake and Ford Lake, Washtenaw Co.)

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Catfish	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Gizzard Shad	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Suckers	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Walleye	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
All Other Species	PCBs	Any	Limited▲

#### **Cass Lake**

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
)A/ellevie	PCBs &	Under 24"	1
Walleye	Mercury	Over 24"	6 Per Year

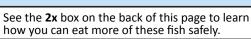
#### **Detroit River**

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Bullhead	PCBs	Any	2 <sup>2x</sup>
Carp	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Catfish	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Freshwater Drum	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Largemouth Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Northern Pike	Mercury	Any	1
Rock Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Any	4
Smallmouth Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
		Under 14"	2 <sup>2x</sup>
Suckers	PCBs	14" to 18"	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
		Over 18"	Limited
Walleye	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
White (Silver) Bass	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Yellow Perch	PCBs	Any	4 <sup>2x</sup>

For fish not listed here, please use the guidelines for Lake Erie. If you're fishing near the mouth of Lake St Clair, please use those guidelines.

#### See the other side of this brochure for more Rouge River Area guidelines.

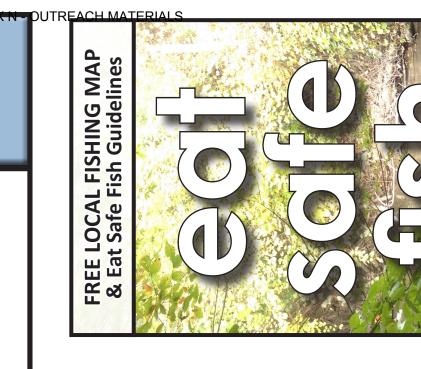
(The Rouge River Area includes all of Wayne County, plus some of Oakland and Washtenaw Counties.)



See the Limited and Do Not Eat boxes on the back of this page for more information



To get the guidelines for other regions in Michigan and nearby states, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish or call MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942.



#### Fish have a lot of great health benefits. If there are chemicals in the fish, why should I still eat it? chemicals. If you use the *Eat Safe* ☑ Fish can be a great low-fat to catch and eat, you will protect yourself and your family from **<sup>c</sup>ish Guide** when you choose fish are fish that are low in chemicals that could someday Some fish have heart-Fish are brain food. healthy omega-3s. source of protein. fish? 'safe' make you sick. are If there Safe fish What $\mathbf{\Sigma}$ $\mathbf{\Sigma}$ MDHHS tests only the filets of the fish for chemicals to set these guidelines. *MI Servings* are set to be safe for everyone. This includes **children**, pregnant or breastfeeding women, Guidelines

ē =	nd people who have health problems like ancer or diabetes.	nealth problems like
	How much is	How much is MI Serving?
	Weight of Person	MI Serving Size
	45 pounds	2 ounces
	90 pounds	4 ounces
	180 pounds	8 ounces
10000		For every 20 pounds <u>less</u> than the weight listed in the table, subtract 1 ounce of fish. For example, a 70-pound child's <i>MI Serving</i> size is 3 ounces of fish. 90 pounds - 20 pounds = 70 pounds & 4 ounces - 1 ounce = a <i>MI Serving</i> size of 3 ounces
	For every 20 pounds <u>mo</u> the table, add	For every 20 pounds <u>more</u> than the weight listed in the table, add 1 ounce of fish.

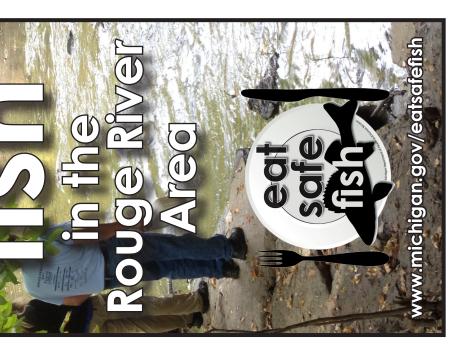
Safe Fish

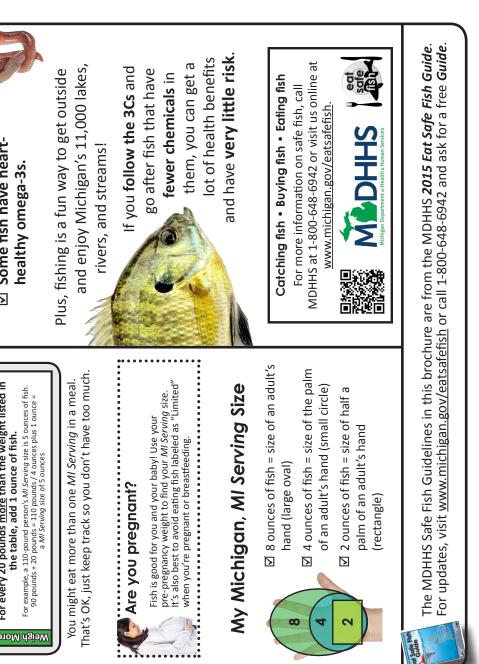
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Using the

(Open the brochure for more area information and to learn how to use the Eat Safe Fish guidelines.)

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# More Rouge River Area 2015 Eat Safe Fish Guidelines

#### Lake St. Clair

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Bluegill	PCBs	Any	8 <sup>2x</sup>
Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Catfish	Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Black Crappie	Mercury	Under 9" Over 9"	$\frac{8}{4}$
Freshwater Drum	PCBs & Mercury	Any	2
Largementh Dass	PCBs &	Under 20"	2
Largemouth Bass	Mercury	Over 20"	1
Muskellunge	Mercury	Any	Do Not Eat▲
Northern Pike	Mercury	Any	2
Rock Bass	PCBs	Any	1 <sup>2x</sup>
Smallmouth Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Under 20"  Over 20"	$\frac{2}{1}$
Sturgeon	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Sunfish	PCBs	Any	8 <sup>2x</sup>
Walleye	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
White (Silver) Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
White Crappie	Mercury	Under 9" Over 9"	$\frac{8}{4}$
Yellow Perch	Mercury	Any	4

If you're fishing in the St Clair Shores area, please refer to the special Lange-Revere Canal guidelines in the Southeast Michigan Eat Safe Fish Guide.

#### **Orchard Lake**

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Largementh Dess	Manaumu	Under 18"	1
Largemouth Bass	Mercury	Over 18"	6 Per Year
Northern Pike	Mercury	Under 30"	6 Per Year
Northern Pike		Over 30"	Do Not Eat▲
Carellan outh Door		Under 18"	1
Smallmouth Bass	Mercury	Over 18"	6 Per Year

#### **Phoenix Lake**

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Bluegill	Mercury	Any	4
Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Northern Pike	PCBs & Mercury	Any	4
Suckers	PCBs	Any	4 <sup>2x</sup>
Sunfish	Mercury	Any	4

#### See the **2x** box on the next page to learn how you can eat more of these fish safely. See the Limited and Do Not Eat boxes on the next page for more information.

#### **Rouae River - Lower Branch**

(from the Ford Dam to the mouth of the river)

	-		
Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited <sup>*</sup>
	PCBs	Under 18"	2
Largemouth Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Over 18"	1
	PCBs	Under 18"	2
Smallmouth Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Over 18"	1
Rock Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Any	4

For fish species not listed here, please use the guidelines for the Detroit River.

#### **Rouge River - Upper & Main Branch** (upstream of the Ford Dam)

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Suckers	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>

#### **Rouge River - Middle Branch**

(between the Nankin Dam to the Newburg Dam)

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Carp	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Northern Pike	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Rock Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Any	4
Suckers	PCBs	Any	1 <sup>2x</sup>

#### **Rouge River - Middle Branch**

(including Newburgh Lake to Phoenix Dam)

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
Catfish	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
	PCBs	Under 18"	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Largemouth Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Over 18"	6 Per Year
Northern Pike	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
	PCBs	Under 18"	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Smallmouth Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Over 18"	6 Per Year
Suckers	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
All Other Species	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>



To get the guidelines for other regions in Michigan and nearby states, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish or call MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942.

# **Statewide Guidelines & More**

Don't see a certain Rouge River Area lake or river listed in this brochure? Then the Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines can help you find safer fish to eat.

#### Only use the Statewide Guidelines if...



DUTREA

- OR



# Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines

Type of Fish	Chemical of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*	Type of Fish	Chemical of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Black Crappie	Mercury	Any Size	4	Rock Bass	Mercury	Any Size	4
📥 Bluegill	Mercury	Any Size	8	Smallmouth	Manager	Under 18"	2
Carp	PCBs	Any Size	2	Bass	Mercury	Over 18"	1
Catfish	PCBs & Mercury	Any Size	4	Juckers	Mercury	Any Size	8
Largemouth		Under 18"	2	📥 Sunfish	Mercury	Any Size	8
Bass	Mercury	Over 18"	1		N.4	Under 20"	2
Muskellunge	Mercury	Any Size	1	Walleye	Mercury	Over 20"	1
Nextle and Dilus		Under 30"	2	White Crappie	Mercury	Any Size	4
Northern Pike	Mercury	Over 30"	1	Yellow Perch	Mercury	Any Size	4

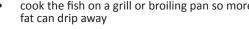
These guidelines are based on the typical amount of chemicals found in fish filets tested from around the state. Some fish may be higher or lower. If any of these fish are listed in the guidelines for the lake or river you are fishing in, use those guidelines instead of the statewide guidelines. The *MI Servings* recommendation will be more exact for that lake or river because those filets have been tested. For other counties in Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish to get the Eat Safe Fish Guide for that region.

### 2x, Best Choice, Limited, and Do Not Eat

#### Remove the fat; double the *MI Servings*!

PCBs and dioxins are in the fat of the fish. You can double the number of *MI Servings* if you:

trim away the fat that you can see from the filet. cook the fish on a grill or broiling pan so more



Note, you can't remove mercury, selenium, or PFOS from the fish. Do not double the *MI Servings* for fish with those chemicals listed as a Chemical of Concern.

#### Do you eat fish at least twice a week?

Choic

Best

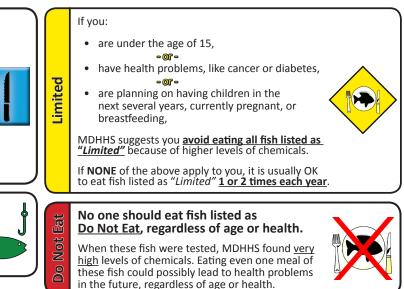
When using the MDHHS Eat Safe Fish Guide, watch for this MDHHS "Best Choice" symbol. The hook and fish mark species that you and your family can safely eat 8 MI Servings or more each month!

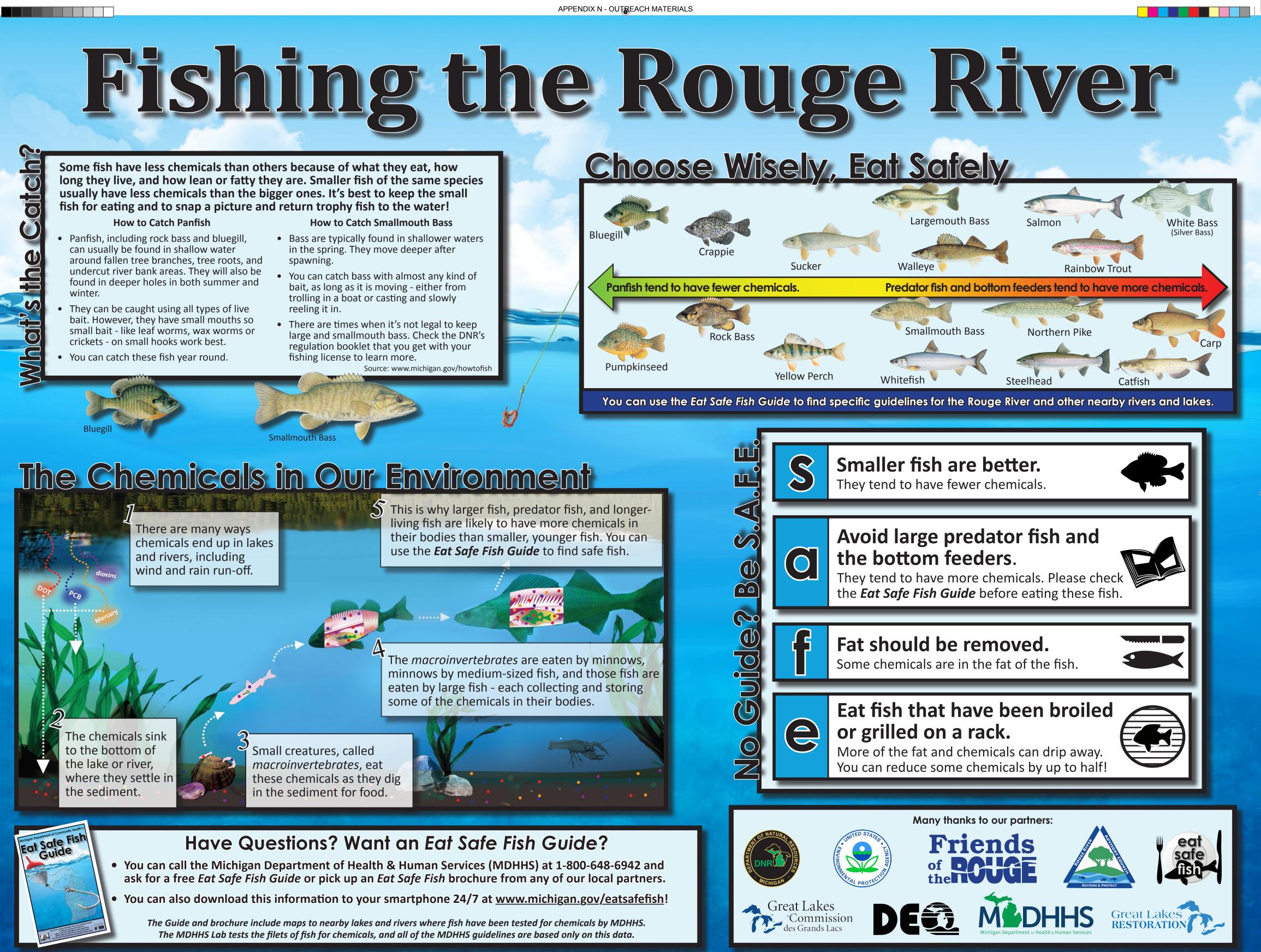


#### • the Wayne County lake or river you are fishing in is not listed in this brochure,

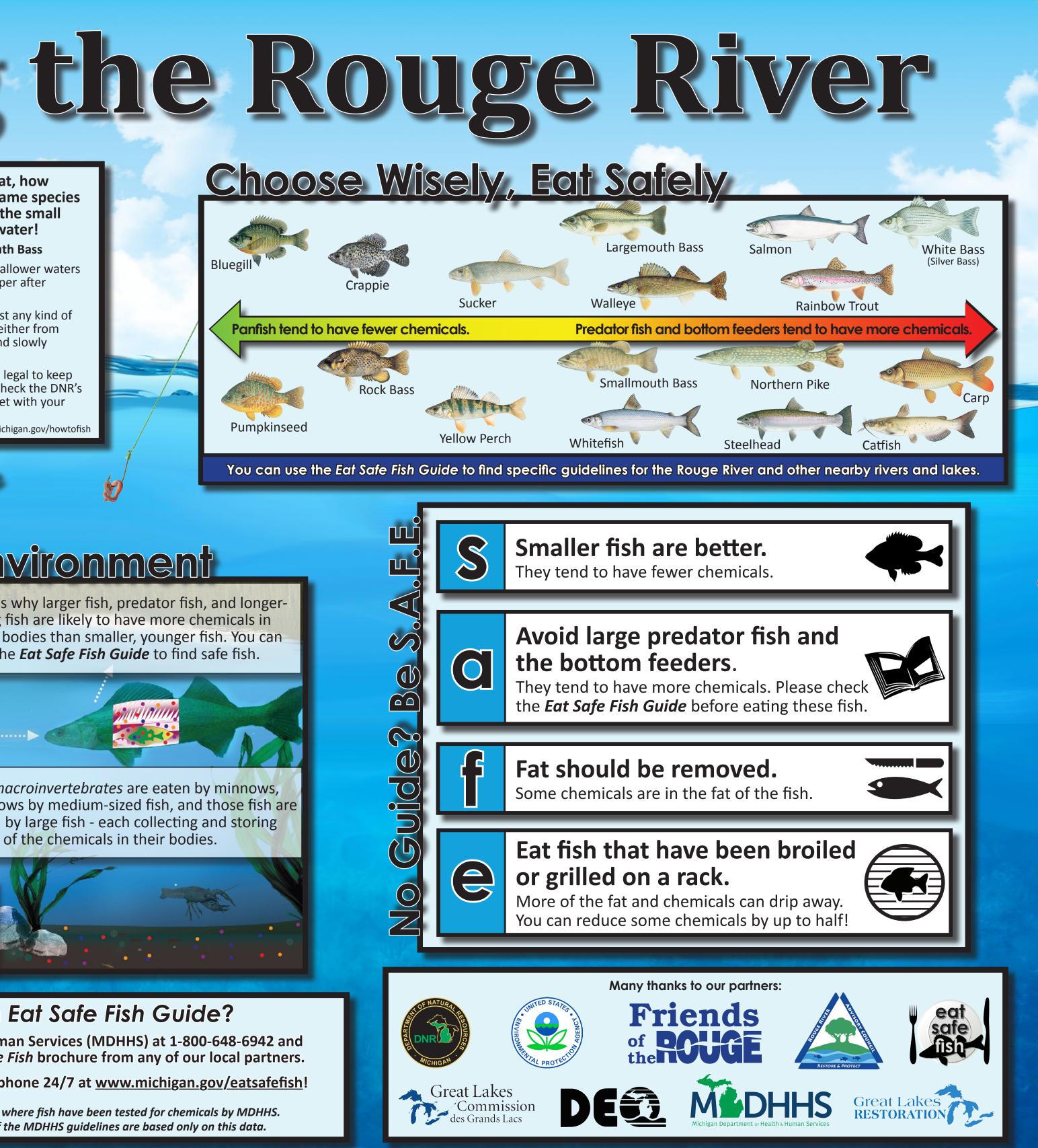
#### • your lake or river is listed in this brochure, but the fish species is not listed.

Please do not use the Statewide Guidelines for Oakland or Washtenaw Counties until you check the full Eat Safe Fish Guide for other lakes and rivers that have had fish tested. There are too many locations to list in this brochure.









2015-07-08 - SIGN - ROUGE RIVER BELOW THE FORD DAM.indd

Some fish have less chemicals than others because of what they eat, how long they live, and how lean or fatty they are. Smaller fish of the same species usually have less chemicals than the bigger ones. It's best to keep the small fish for eating and to snap a picture and return trophy fish to the water!

#### How to Catch Panfish

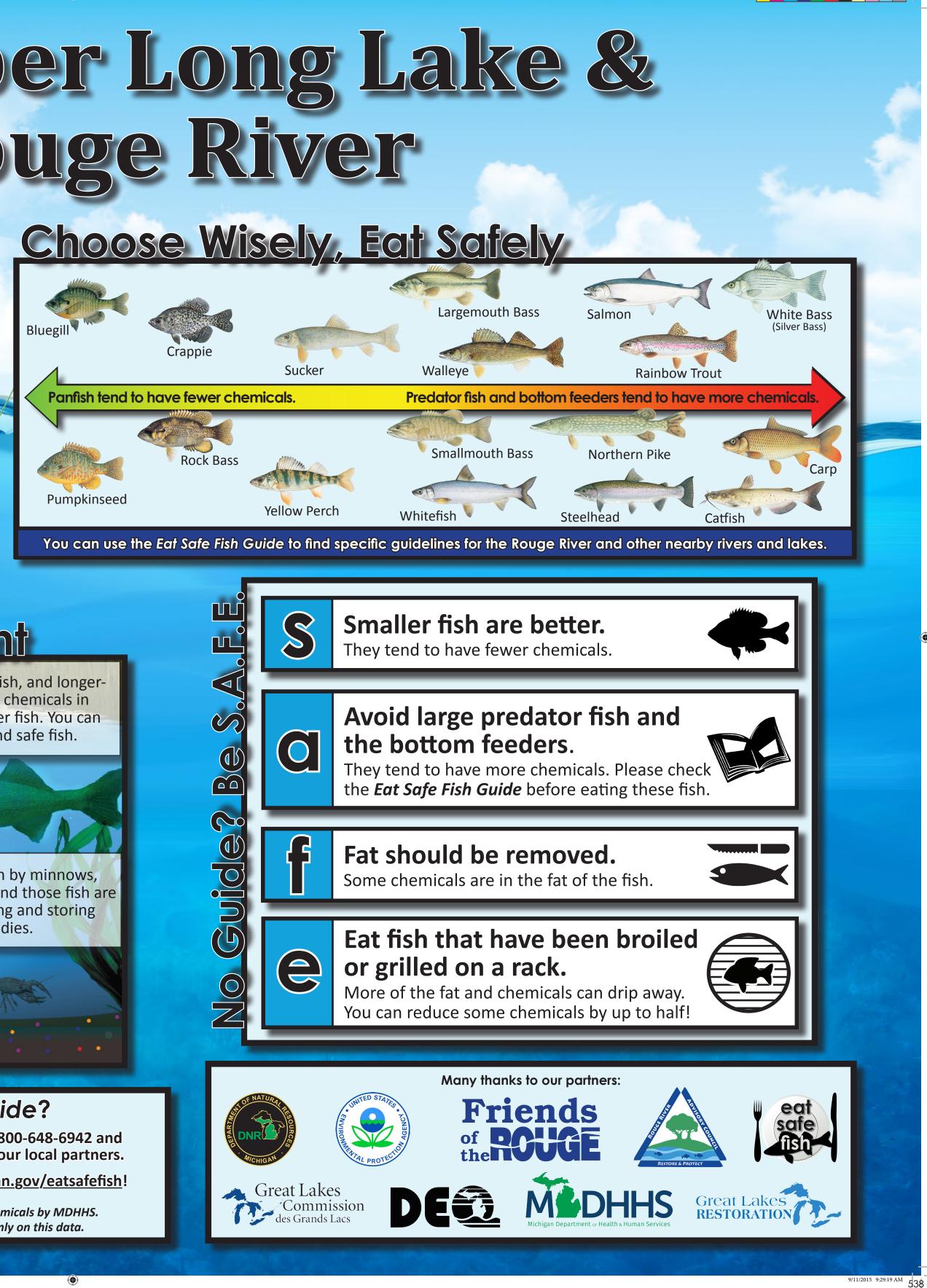
atch?

- Panfish, including rock bass and bluegill, can usually be found in shallow water around fallen tree branches, tree roots, and undercut river bank areas. They will also be found in deeper holes in both summer and winter.
- They can be caught using all types of live bait. However, they have small mouths so small bait - like leaf worms, wax worms or crickets - on small hooks work best.
- You can catch these fish year round.

#### How to Catch Smallmouth Bass

- Bass are typically found in shallower waters in the spring. They move deeper after spawning.
- You can catch bass with almost any kind of bait, as long as it is moving - either from trolling in a boat or casting and slowly reeling it in.
- There are times when it's not legal to keep large and smallmouth bass. Check the DNR's regulation booklet that you get with your fishing license to learn more.

Source: www.michigan.gov/howtofish







# The Chemicals in Our Environment

Smallmouth

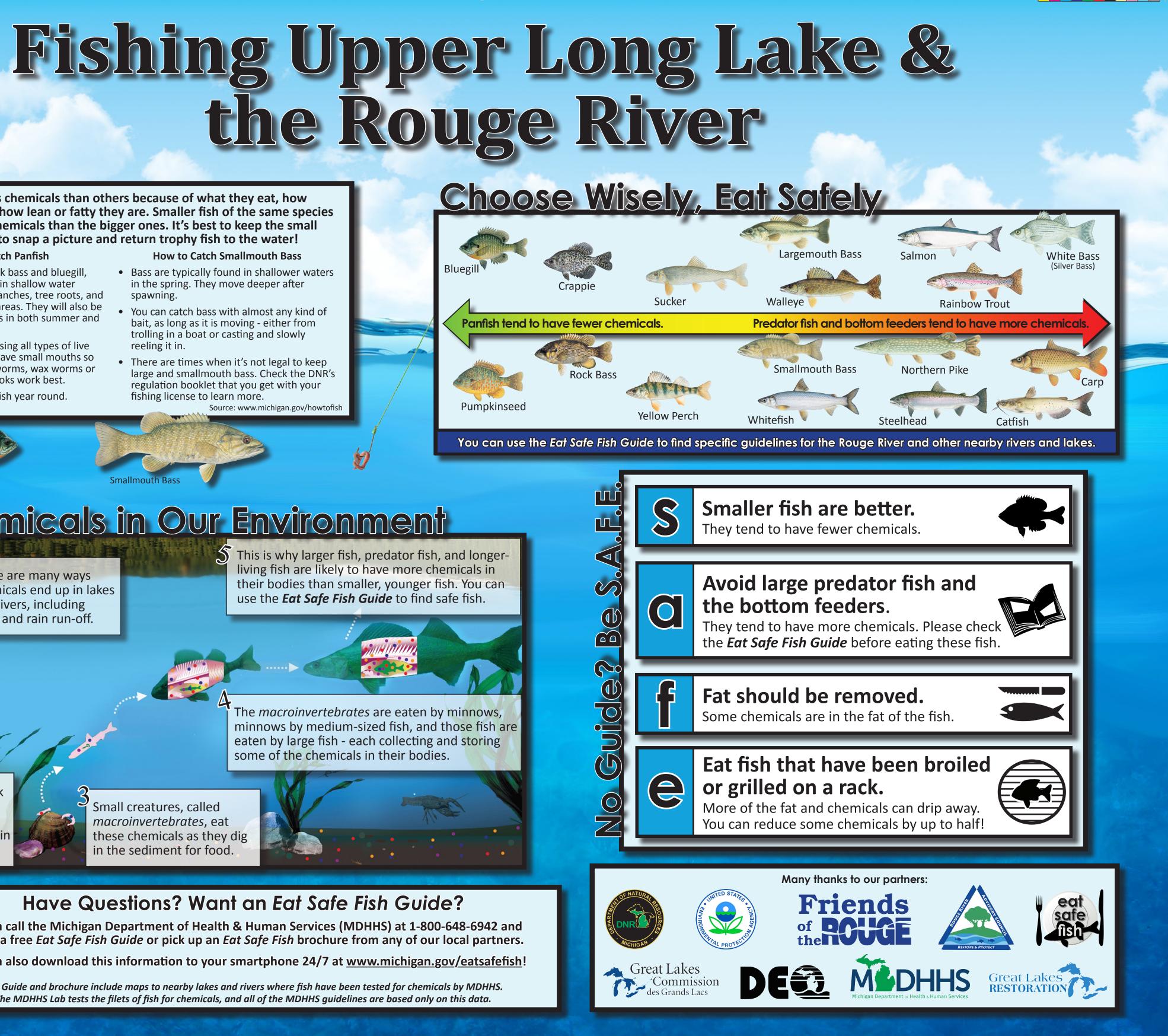
There are many ways chemicals end up in lakes and rivers, including wind and rain run-off.

living fish are likely to have more chemicals in their bodies than smaller, younger fish. You can use the *Eat Safe Fish Guide* to find safe fish.

The chemicals sink to the bottom of the lake or river, where they settle in the sediment.



Small creatures, called *macroinvertebrates*, eat these chemicals as they dig in the sediment for food.





2015-09-09 - SIGN - ROUGE RIVER & UPPER LONG LAKE.indd

### Have Questions? Want an Eat Safe Fish Guide?

• You can call the Michigan Department of Health & Human Services (MDHHS) at 1-800-648-6942 and ask for a free Eat Safe Fish Guide or pick up an Eat Safe Fish brochure from any of our local partners.

You can also download this information to your smartphone 24/7 at www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish!

The Guide and brochure include maps to nearby lakes and rivers where fish have been tested for chemicals by MDHHS. The MDHHS Lab tests the filets of fish for chemicals, and all of the MDHHS guidelines are based only on this data.



#### Here's your map & the local Eat Safe Fish guidelines, too!



This flyer lists all the lakes and rivers in St Clair County that have had filets of fish tested for chemicals.

To get the *Eat Safe Fish Guides* for other areas, please call MDCH at 1-800-648-6942 or visit www.michigan.gov/ eatsafefish.

#### What are 'safe' fish?

Safe fish are fish that are low in chemicals. If you use the MDCH Eat Safe *Fish Guide* for your region when you choose fish to catch and eat, you will protect yourself and your family from chemicals that could someday make you sick.

#### If there are chemicals in the fish, why should I still eat it?

Fish have a lot of great health benefits!

- **☑** Fish can be a great low-fat source of protein.
- ☑ Fish are brain food.
- **☑** Some fish have heart-healthy omega-3s.

Plus, fishing is a fun way to get outside and enjoy Michigan's 11,000 lakes, rivers, and streams!

> If you follow the 3Cs and go after fish that have **fewer** chemicals in them, you can get a lot of health benefits and have very little risk.

Catching fish • Buying fish • Eating fish For more information on safe fish. call MDCH at 1-800-648-6942 or visit us online at www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish. printed with support from the Michigan Department of Community Health

the Great Lakes



# APPENDIX N - OUTREACH MATERIALS Areas of Concern (AOCs)

In the 1980s, the United States and Canadian governments identified 43 places in the Great Lakes region that had severe, long-term environmental problems. These places are called Areas of Concern or AOCs. Michigan originally had 14 AOCs located in both the upper and lower peninsulas.

People in federal, state, and provincial governments are working to address the problems in these areas. Local groups, known as Public Advisory Councils (PAC), also work on these environmental problems.

#### **Beneficial Use Impairments (BUIs)**

These environmental problems are called *beneficial* use impairments or BUIs. There were 14 categories of BUIs named in the U.S.-Canadian Great Lakes Water Quality Agreement. However, a place did not have to have all 14 problems to be called an AOC.

Each BUI has goals that need to be met in order to be removed from the AOC's list of problems. Once all BUIs are removed from the list, the AOC is considered to be no longer impaired and can be *delisted*, or removed from the list of AOCs.

#### The Goal: Delisting & a Healthy Environment

Once all of the assigned BUIs have been removed from an AOC, the PAC and Michigan Department of Environmental Quality submit a petition to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency requesting to be removed from the list of AOCs. This is called "delisting." Two of Michigan's 14 original AOCs were delisted in 2014. Others are closer to delisting thanks to the dedication of the local, state, and federal stakeholders working to improve our environment, along with funding from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative.

#### You can get involved!

Would you like to volunteer with the St. Clair River AOC Public Advisory Council? Contact the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality's Office of the Great Lakes for more information at 1-517-284-5035.



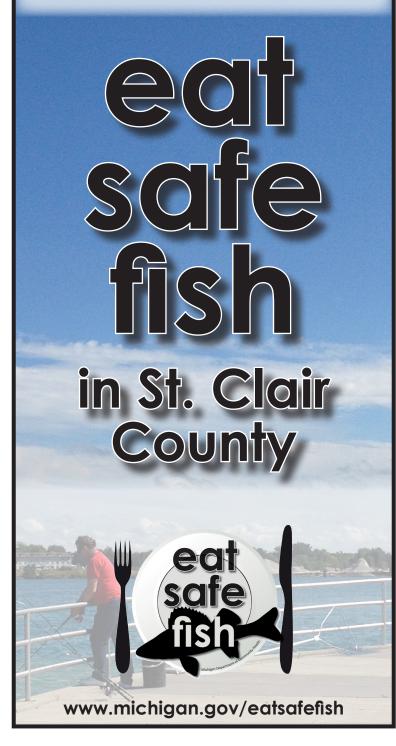
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#### The 14 BUIs that an AOC can have are:

- Restrictions on Fish and Wildlife Consumption
- Tainting of Fish and Wildlife Flavor
- Fish Tumors or Other Deformities
- Degraded Fish and Wildlife Populations
- Loss of Fish and Wildlife Habitat
- Bird or Animal Deformities or **Reproductive Problems**
- Degradation of Phytoplankton and **Zooplankton Populations**
- Degradation of Benthos
- Degradation of Aesthetics
- Eutrophication or Undesirable Algae
- Beach Closings
- Added Costs to Agriculture or Industry
- Restrictions on Dredging Activities
- Restrictions on Drinking Water Consumption or Taste and Odor Problems



#### Free map to local fishing areas & the MDCH safe fish guidelines!



# Get to know the sight fish and then cleaning and cooking it the right

By choosing the right fish and then cleaning and cooking it the right way, you can reduce some of the chemicals in the fish **by nearly half**!



Some fish contain chemicals that can harm your health. MDCH tests filets of fish taken from Michigan's lakes and rivers to learn which fish are safer to eat. The *Eat Safe Fish Guides* make it easy to find out which fish have been tested and easy to choose fish that are safe to eat.

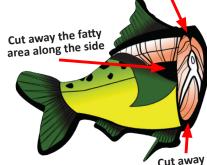
The Eat Safe Fish Guide:

- ☑ protects people who eat Michigan fish often.
- ☑ protects anyone who has health problems, is young, is pregnant, or is planning on having children in the future.

Many lakes and rivers have been tested in St. Clair County. You can find these guidelines on the flyer in the back of this brochure. To get the guidelines for other areas, visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish or call 1-800-648-6942.



Cut away the fat along the back



the belly fa

Some chemicals, like PCBs and dioxins, collect in the fat of the fish.

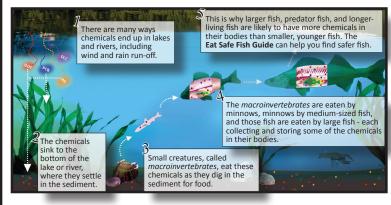
- ✓ When cleaning the fish, trim away any of the fat you can see.
- ☑ Remove and throw away the organs, too.
- Careful cleaning and cooking can get rid of up to half of these chemicals from the fish.



- Poke holes in the skin or remove it completely so that more fat can drip away from the fish filet as it cooks.
- Cook your fish on a grill or on a broiler pan in the oven. More of the fat and chemicals left behind can now drip away from the fish through the grates.
- ✓ If you choose to fry your fish, it's best to pan fry and throw away the oil. Please note that frying does not get rid of any of the chemicals that may be in the fish.

You can't remove mercury or PFOS from fish by cleaning and cooking. Always choose your fish wisely!

#### APPENDIX N - OUTREACH MATERIALS Why are there chemicals in some fish?



- ☑ PCBs, dioxins, and mercury are the most common chemicals found in filets of Michigan fish.
- ☑ These chemicals are *persistent* and *bioaccumulative*. This means the chemicals not only stay in the environment, they also build up in living things.
- ☑ Because of this, they have become part of the food chain for fish, as you can see in the picture above.
- ☑ Some chemicals, like PCBs and dioxins, build up in the fat of the fish. Mercury and PFOS build up in the muscle, or filet, of the fish.
- ✓ If you choose fish lower in mercury and PFOS and follow the **3Cs**, you can keep these chemicals from building up in your body, too.
- ✓ You can't see or taste these chemicals. They do not change how clear or dirty the water looks. The only way to know if these chemicals are in the fish is by testing for them in a laboratory.



# St. Clair Co. Eat Safe Fish Guidelines

These guidelines are from the 2015 Southeast Michigan Eat Safe Fish Guide. To get the most up-to-date guidelines for lakes and rivers in St. Clair County or other areas of Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish to download the Eat Safe Fish Guides to your smartphone or call 1-800-648-6942 to get a print copy!

#### St. Clair River

	Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
	Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
	Freshwater Drum	PCBs & Mercury	Any	2
[	Largementh Dass	Marcum	Under 18"	2
	Largemouth Bass	Mercury	Over 18"	1
[	Rock Bass	Mercury	Any	4
[	Smallmauth Dass	Marcum	Under 18"	2
	Smailmouth Bass	wercury	Over 18"	1
[	Sturgeon	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
[	Walleye	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
	White (Silver) Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
<b>→</b> ]	Yellow Perch	Mercury	Any	8
j J	Smallmouth Bass Sturgeon Walleye White (Silver) Bass Yellow Perch	Mercury PCBs PCBs & Dioxins PCBs	Under 18" Over 18" Any Any Any Any	21 Limited▲ 6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup> Limited▲ 8

When fishing the river near Lake Huron or Lake St. Clair please check the lake auidelines, too

#### Lake Huron

Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Brown Trout	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Carp	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Catfish	Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
Chinook Salmon	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Coho Salmon	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Freshwater Drum	Mercury	Any	1
	PCBs & Dioxins	Under 20"	1 <sup>2x</sup>
Lake Trout	000	20" to 24"	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
	PCBs	Over 24"	Limited▲
Lake Whitefish	Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Northern Pike	PCBs	Any	1 <sup>2x</sup>
Rainbow Trout	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Smelt	PCBs	Any	4 <sup>2x</sup>
Steelhead	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Suckers	PCBs	Any	2 <sup>2x</sup>
Walleye	Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
White (Silver) Bass	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
White Perch	PCBs	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
Yellow Perch	Dioxins	Any	2 <sup>2x</sup>

For Saginaw Bay and Les Cheneaux Island guidelines, please request a print copy of the full Southeast Michigan Eat Safe Fish Guide from MDHHS or download it to your smartphone at www.michiaan.aov/ed

#### See the **2x** box on the back of this page to learn 2) how you can eat more of these fish safely. See the Limited and Do Not Eat boxes on the back

of this page for more information

#### Lake St. Clair

	Type of Fish	Chemicals of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
<b>d</b>	Die els Grannia	D.f. and and a	Under 9"	8
	Black Crappie	Mercury	Over 9″	4
	Bluegill	PCBs	Any	8 <sup>2x</sup>
	Carp	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
	Catfish	Dioxins	Any	Limited▲
	Freshwater Drum	PCBs & Mercury	Any	2
		PCBs	Under 20"	1 <sup>2x</sup>
	Largemouth Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Over 20"	1
	Muskellunge	Mercury	Any	Do Not Eat▲
	Northern Pike	Mercury	Any	2
	Rock Bass	PCBs	Any	1 <sup>2x</sup>
		PCBs	Under 20"	1 <sup>2x</sup>
	Smallmouth Bass	PCBs & Mercury	Over 20"	1
	Sturgeon	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
	Sunfish	PCBs	Any	8 <sup>2x</sup>
	Walleye	PCBs & Dioxins	Any	6 Per Year <sup>2x</sup>
	White (Silver) Bass	PCBs	Any	Limited▲
_†	White Cronnie	Margum	Under 9″	8
-	White Crappie	Mercury	Over 9″	4
	Yellow Perch	Mercury	Any	4

(If you're fishing within 2 miles of the outlet of the Lange-Revere Canals in Macomb Co., please request the full Eat Safe Fish Guide for special guidelines. The area covered by the special guidelines is between Lake Front Park and Veteran's Memorial Park in St. Clair Shores & out into open water.

#### **Pine River**

Type of Fish	Chemicals of	Size of Fish	MI Servings
	Concern	(length in inches)	per Month*
Carp	PCBs	Any	1 <sup>2x</sup>

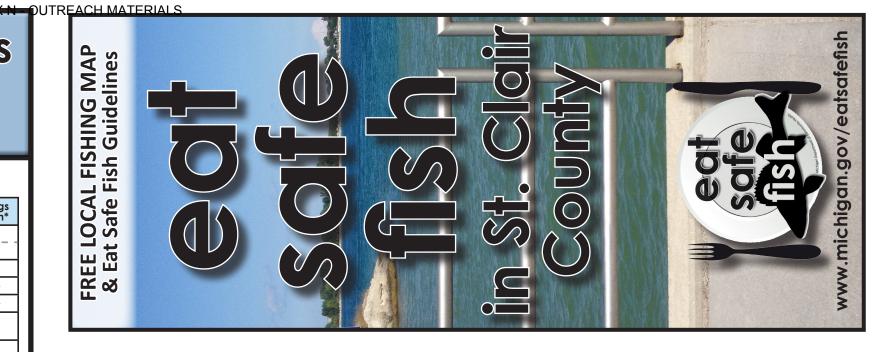


For all other lakes and rivers in St. Clair County, please use the Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines found on the other side of this brochure.



(Open the brochure for the map and to learn how to use the Eat Safe Fish guidelines.)

To get the full *Eat Safe Fish Guides* with guidelines for other counties and regions in Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish or call MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942.



# r intection Agency (EPA) and Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) to complete projects along the entire length of the St. Clair River that help to improve the local environment for people, animals, and fish! **Advisory Council** To learn more about the work that was done or learn about volunteer opportunities, visit the Friends of the St Clair River at <u>www.scriver.org</u>. **Binational Public** River Clair St. Гhе

# available at Marysville Golf Course) Living Shoreline Marysville | Parking available

the mouth of Cuttle Creek, this area will soor across the street from the Marysville Course, you'll find a beautiful stretch of attract fish heading up the creek to spawn, as well as smaller fish seeking refuge from predators among the rocks and tree roots placed along the shoreline. riverfront access. Located newly restored Golf ust

# St. the Restoring

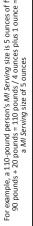
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Clair

ly the filets of the fish for these guidelines. *MI Serving*: e for everyone. This includes chemicals to set these guidelines. *MI Serving* are set to be safe for everyone. This includes children, pregnant or breastfeeding women, and people who have health problems like cancer or diabetes. Guidelines Fish Safe MDHHS tests only the the Eat Using .

#### For every 20 pounds <u>more</u> than the weight listed in the table, add 1 ounce of fish. For every 20 pounds <u>less</u> than the weight listed the table, subtract 1 ounce of fish. How much is MI Serving? Weight of Pers For example, a 7 90 pounds - 2 unod 80 90 Seigh Less? Weigh More

v. 2015



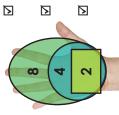
so you don't have too much ving Ser Ī one You might eat more than That's OK, just keep track s





r baby! Use your d your *MI Serving* size. fish labeled as "Limitec u and your baby ight to find you oid eating fish l nant or for you tcy weig you're pre good ish is

Michigan, MI Serving Size ž



= size of an adult's 4 ounces of fish = size of the palm of an adult's hand (small circle) 8 ounces טי אייי hand (large oval)

2 ounces of fish

م unces of fish = size of half a palm of an adult's hand المصلفيندا - ' (rectangle)

# Blue Water River Walk Mar

X

The Blue Water River Walk is a great place for a bike ride, stroll, or to launch your kayak There are also numerous locations where you can sit down, toss in your fishing line, and watch the majestic freighters passing by as you reel in walleye and other fish tha are taking advantage of the newly created shoreline fish habitats.

For more information on safe fish, call MDHHS at 1-800-648-6942 or visit us online <u>www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish</u>. Catching fish • Buying fish • Eating fish

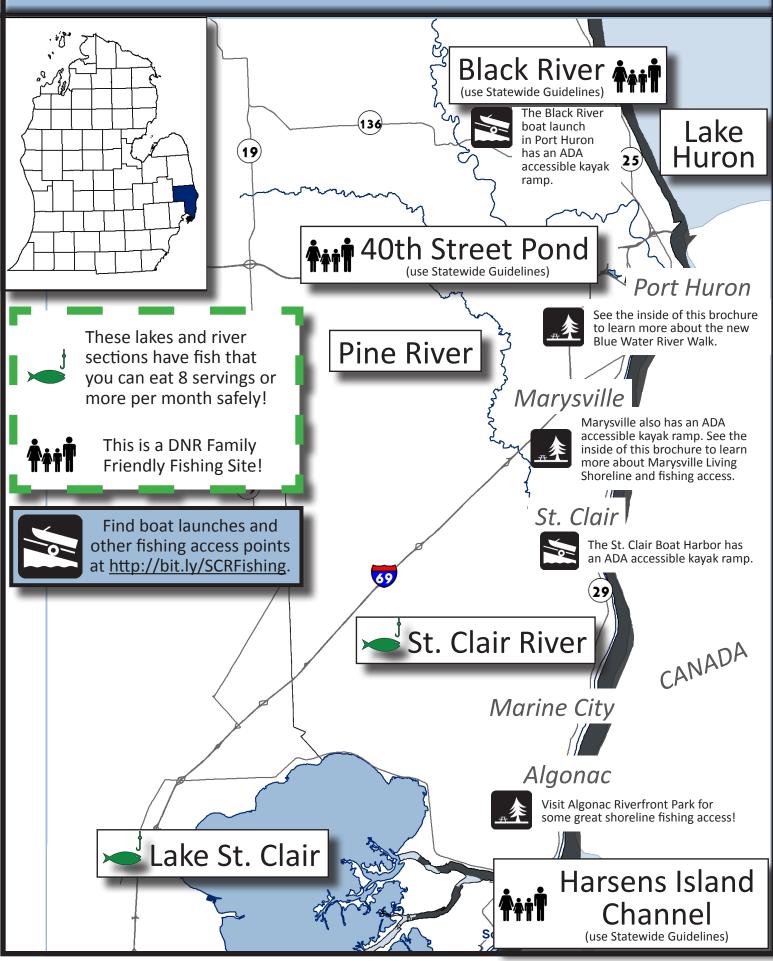


The MDHHS Safe Fish Guidelines in this brochure are from the MDHHS **2015 Eat Safe Fish Guide**. For updates, visit <u>www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish</u> or call 1-800-648-6942 and ask for a free **Guide**.









# Statewide Guidelines & MI Servings

Don't see a certain St. Clair County lake or river listed in this brochure? Then the Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines can help you find safer fish to eat. But only use the Statewide Guidelines if...



**DUTREA** 

brochure, OR

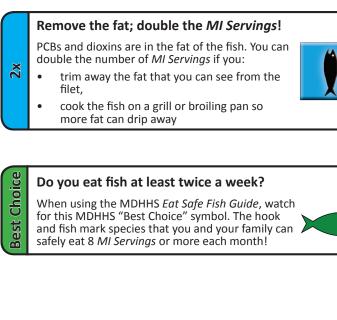
your lake or river is listed in this brochure, but the fish species is not listed.

## Statewide Safe Fish Guidelines

Type of Fish	Chemical of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*	Type of Fish	Chemical of Concern	Size of Fish (length in inches)	MI Servings per Month*
Black Crappie	Mercury	Any Size	4	Rock Bass	Mercury	Any Size	4
🛁 Bluegill	Mercury	Any Size	8	Smallmouth Bass	Mercury	Under 18"	2
Carp	PCBs	Any Size	2			Over 18"	1
Catfish	PCBs & Mercury	Any Size	4	🥣 Suckers	Mercury	Any Size	8
Largemouth Bass	Mercury	Under 18"	2	📥 Sunfish	Mercury	Any Size	8
		Over 18"	1	Walleye	Mercury	Under 20"	2
Muskellunge	Mercury	Any Size	1			Over 20"	1
Northern Pike	Mercury	Under 30"	2	White Crappie	Mercury	Any Size	4
		Over 30"	1	Yellow Perch	Mercury	Any Size	4

These guidelines are based on the typical amount of chemicals found in fish filets tested from around the state. Some fish may be higher or lower. If any of these fish are listed in the guidelines for the lake or river you are fishing in, use those guidelines instead of the statewide guidelines. The *MI Servings* recommendation will be more exact for that lake or river because those filets have been tested. For other counties in Michigan, please visit www.michigan.gov/eatsafefish to get the Eat Safe Fish Guide for that region.

## Special MI Serving Categories



#### • the St. Clair County lake or river you are fishing in is not listed in this

If you:

- are under the age of 15,
- have health problems, like cancer or diabetes, - @ -
- are planning on having children in the next several years, currently pregnant, or breastfeeding,

MDHHS suggests you avoid eating all fish listed as "Limited" because of higher levels of chemicals.

If **NONE** of the above apply to you, it is usually OK to eat fish listed as "Limited" <u>1 or 2 times each year</u>

#### No one should eat fish listed as Do Not Eat, regardless of age or health.

When these fish were tested, MDHHS found very high levels of chemicals. Eating even one meal of these fish could possibly lead to health problems in the future, regardless of age or health.

