# COURT-APPROVED NOTICE OF FINAL JUDGMENT IN LAWSUIT CHALLENGING MICHIGAN'S PRE-2021 SEX OFFENDERS REGISTRATION ACT (SORA)

Does #1-6 v. Snyder, Case No. 1:16-cv-13137 (class action) United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan

https://www.aclumich.org/en/registrant-notice-october-2021

تتوفر نسخة باللغة العربية من هذا الإشعار على:

The Court ordered this notice to be posted to provide information to those required to register under Michigan's SORA. This notice does not constitute legal advice of any law enforcement agency posting this notice. Law enforcement agencies cannot provide you with legal advice about this notice.

The court has entered an amended final judgment in a case challenging the pre-2021 version of Michigan's SORA. This judgment affects whether registrants can be prosecuted for any past failures to comply with the old SORA. REGISTRANTS' PRESENT AND FUTURE SORA DUTIES ARE GOVERNED BY THE NEW SORA, WHICH TOOK EFFECT MARCH 24, 2021. THE AMENDED FINAL JUDGMENT ON THE OLD SORA DOES NOT BAR ENFORCEMENT OF THE NEW SORA.

### Does this notice apply to me?

This notice applies to people who are required to register under Michigan's SORA. All Michigan registrants are part of a class action lawsuit that challenged the old version of SORA that was in effect before March 24, 2021 ("old SORA"). In a prior lawsuit ("Does I") the courts said that parts of the old SORA were unconstitutional. The Court in this lawsuit ("Does II") reaffirmed its prior decisions and applied a higher court's decision in the earlier lawsuit to all Michigan registrants. This notice explains how the decision in Does II affects Michigan registrants. If you are not required to register as a sex offender, this notice does not apply to you.

### What is the relationship between this lawsuit and the new SORA?

YOUR CURRENT AND FUTURE SORA DUTIES ARE GOVERNED BY THE NEW SORA. After the Court found in *Does II* that parts of the old SORA were unconstitutional, the Legislature passed a new version of SORA, which took effect March 24, 2021 (the "new SORA"). Even if your offense was from before 2011, the new SORA requires you to register and

keeps the same length of registration terms, with limited exceptions. The *Does II* lawsuit challenged only the constitutionality of the old SORA, and so the judgment relates only to the old law. The Michigan Supreme Court also recently decided in *People v. Betts* that retroactive application of the old SORA is unconstitutional for those individuals whose last registrable offense was committed before the 2011 SORA amendments. That case too only involved the old SORA. Any constitutional challenge to the new SORA must occur via a new lawsuit. For more info, see <a href="https://www.aclumich.org/SORA">https://www.aclumich.org/SORA</a>.

### Can I be charged if I don't comply with the new SORA in the future?

Yes. The new SORA applies to any violations that occur on or after its effective date of March 24, 2021. If you fail to comply with the new SORA, you *can* be prosecuted under the new law, but only for knowing (willful) violations. In some cases, you may want to raise a defense against prosecution based on the confusion about when the interim order (suspending enforcement due to COVID) in *Does II* ended. Your defense lawyer can get more information at: <a href="https://www.aclumich.org/SORA">https://www.aclumich.org/SORA</a>.

### What did the Court decide?

The Court ruled that the old SORA violated the Ex Post Facto Clause—which prohibits retroactive punishment—for people whose last registrable offense was committed before July 1, 2011. The Court also ruled that the parts of the old SORA preventing registrants from living, working, or "loitering" within 1,000 feet of school property, and that certain reporting requirements, were unconstitutional. Finally, the Court made clear that registrants can be prosecuted under the old SORA only if they knowingly violated the law, meaning that you cannot be prosecuted for unintentional or mistaken failures to comply. The Court's February 14, 2020 decision and its amended final judgment are here at: <a href="https://www.aclumich.org/en/news/what-you-need-know-about-does-v-snyder-ii">https://www.aclumich.org/en/news/what-you-need-know-about-does-v-snyder-ii</a>.

### How does the decision about the old SORA affect me?

The decision in this case determines whether you can be criminally prosecuted for *past failures* to comply with the old SORA. Registry violations from before March 24, 2021 are governed by the old SORA. Your liability for past SORA violations will depend on the date of your registrable offense and the date of the SORA violation, as explained below. But again this doesn't change your obligation to register under the new SORA even if your offense was committed pre-2011.

# How does the date of my offense affect whether I can be prosecuted for past violations of the old SORA?

The final judgment creates two categories of registrants. Which group you are in depends on the **date of your registrable offense**, not the date you were convicted.

#### 1. REGISTRABLE OFFENSE BEFORE JULY 1, 2011

• If your registrable offense(s) occurred before July 1, 2011 and you have had no other registrable offense since, then you cannot be prosecuted for *any* compliance offenses under the old SORA that you may have committed before March 24, 2021. The court held that the old SORA was unconstitutional in its entirety for this group of registrants during that time, because it imposed retroactive punishment.

#### 2. REGISTRABLE OFFENSE ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2011

- If your registrable offense(s) occurred on or after July 1, 2011, you can be prosecuted for most compliance offenses under the old SORA that occurred before March 24, 2021. But because the court also held certain parts of the old SORA to be unconstitutional, you cannot be prosecuted under those sections of the law, as explained below. In addition, because enforcement of the old SORA was temporarily suspended due to COVID, you cannot be prosecuted for certain types of SORA violations that occurred while enforcement was suspended from February 14, 2020 through March 24, 2021.
- You can only be prosecuted for knowing (willful) violations of the old SORA, not for unintentional or mistaken failures to comply.

# Can I be prosecuted for SORA-compliance offenses that occurred while enforcement of the old SORA was suspended due to the pandemic?

No, for most types of charges. The Court suspended enforcement of the old SORA's registration, verification, school zone, and fee provisions between February 14, 2020, and March 24, 2021.

After March 24, 2021, there was uncertainty about whether the Court's interim order suspending the enforcement of these provisions affected the new SORA. In light of this confusion, individuals prosecuted for violations that occurred after March 24, 2021, **may want to raise a defense**, as the new SORA requires that any such violation be willful.

# What past SORA-compliance offenses can I be prosecuted for if my registrable offense occurred before July 1, 2011?

You **cannot be prosecuted** for **any** SORA-compliance violations that occurred before March 24, 2021.

# What past SORA-compliance offenses can I be prosecuted for if my registrable offense occurred on or after July 1, 2011?

You **cannot be prosecuted** for violations of the old SORA's registration, verification, school zone, and fee violations that occurred between February 14, 2020, and March 24, 2021.

You **cannot be prosecuted** for violations of the following provisions of the old SORA that occurred before March 24, 2021:

- living, working, or "loitering" within 1,000 feet of a school;
- failing to report "routinely used" or "regularly operated" phone numbers, vehicles, emails, or instant messenger user-names; and
- failing to report internet information in person within three days, and certain other internet requirements.

In addition, you can only be prosecuted for knowing (willful) violations of the old SORA, not unintentional or mistaken failures to comply.

#### What are my duties under the new SORA?

Unless incarcerated, you should have received a written notice from the Michigan State Police telling you about your duties under the new SORA law. If you did not, you can request a copy of the notice the next time you report. You can also read the notice here:

• https://www.michigan.gov/documents/msp/SORA\_Notification\_720161\_7.pdf

The attorneys for the class have also put together information about the new SORA, which you can read here:

- ACLU: <a href="https://www.aclumich.org/sites/default/files/field\_documents/does\_betts\_info\_packet\_9.13.2021\_final.pdf">https://www.aclumich.org/sites/default/files/field\_documents/does\_betts\_info\_packet\_9.13.2021\_final.pdf</a>
- Oliver Law Group: <u>www.oliverlawgroup.com/michigans-sex-offender-registration-act/</u>

# What should I do if I am charged with or have been convicted of violating the old SORA?

If you are charged in the future for a past SORA-compliance offense or if you have pending charges against you for a past offense, show this notice to your defense lawyer. If you were convicted in the past of violating the old SORA, you may also want to consult with a lawyer about whether the decision in *Does II* or the Michigan Supreme Court's decision in *People v. Betts* affects the validity of your conviction(s) under the old SORA. If you cannot afford a lawyer, you can ask the trial court in your case to appoint one. A packet to file motions yourself is also available on the ACLU website. Lawyers from the ACLU of Michigan cannot assist individual class members in their criminal cases.

#### **QUESTIONS?**

Visit these websites for more information:

- ACLU: <a href="https://www.aclumich.org/SORA">https://www.aclumich.org/SORA</a>
- Oliver Law Group: <a href="https://www.oliverlawgroup.com/michigans-sex-offender-registration-act/">https://www.oliverlawgroup.com/michigans-sex-offender-registration-act/</a>
- Michigan State Police: <a href="https://www.michigan.gov/msp/0,4643,7-123-1878">https://www.michigan.gov/msp/0,4643,7-123-1878</a> 24961---,00.html.

If these websites don't answer your questions, call your criminal defense lawyer. If you are on probation or parole, talk to your agent.

You can also call a local, free legal services or legal aid office near you. Legal aid offices cannot help with criminal cases, but may be able to assist on registration issues. To find your local, free legal services office, go to <a href="http://michiganlegalhelp.org/">http://michiganlegalhelp.org/</a> (click on Find a Lawyer) or look in your yellow pages under Attorneys.

You can email the ACLU of Michigan at <u>intern@aclumich.org</u> to get added to an email list where the ACLU sends updates about SORA-related issues.

#### DO NOT CALL THE FEDERAL COURT FOR ANY REASON.