

2022

Asset Forfeiture Report

(Covers Jan. 1, 2021, thru Dec. 31, 2021)



Grants and Community Services Division
Byrne JAG Unit

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STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE
LANSING

GRETCHEN WHITMER
GOVERNOR

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DIRECTOR

June 30, 2022

Ms. Margaret O'Brien
Secretary of the Senate
Michigan Senate
P.O. Box 30036
Lansing, Michigan 48909

Mr. Gary Randall
Clerk of the House
Michigan House of Representatives
P.O. Box 30014
Lansing, Michigan 48909

Dear Ms. O'Brien and Mr. Randall:

I am pleased to present to the Michigan Legislature the 29th annual Asset Forfeiture Report. Michigan's asset forfeiture laws provide for the seizure of cash and property assets of drug traffickers and other criminal organizations when that property is obtained through illegal activity. The report this year is submitted under the Uniform Forfeiture Reporting Act, Public Act (PA) 148 of 2015, and the conviction requirements of PA 7 and PA 9 of 2019.

PA 148 added reporting requirements and submission of a summary to the Michigan Department of State Police of the reporting agency's activities regarding forfeiture of property under four sections of law: Public Health Code, MCL 333.7521-MCL 333.7533 (Controlled Substances); the Identity Theft Protection Act, MCL 445.79d; Revised Judicature Act of 1961, MCL 600.4701-600.4709 (Omnibus); and Revised Judicature Act of 1961, MCL 600.3801-600.3840 (Public Nuisance). Additionally, the type of information to be reported for each seizure and forfeiture of property was expanded to provide for greater transparency regarding the government seizure of private property.

Effective August 7, 2019, a criminal conviction became required before certain property seized under the Public Health Code can be forfeited to law enforcement.

This report covers the period from January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. This is the fourth report in which all reporting agencies submitted forfeiture data based upon the calendar year. Over \$12 million in cash and assets amassed by drug traffickers was forfeited. Asset forfeiture funds were utilized to support law enforcement by providing resources for equipment, personnel, vehicles, training, and supplies. Assets seized pursuant to this program also allowed some agencies to contribute monies to non-profit organizations that assist in obtaining information from citizens for solving crimes.

I submit this report for your information and review.

Sincerely,


DIRECTOR

FOREWARD

This is the 29th annual Asset Forfeiture Report; it is the third report written under both the Uniform Forfeiture Reporting Act and Public Act (PA) 7 and PA 9 of 2019. PA 148 of 2015 created the Uniform Forfeiture Reporting Act and repealed prior forfeiture reporting requirements under the Public Health Code. It also mandated forfeiture reporting requirements under four sections of law: Public Health Code, MCL 333.7521 - MCL 333.7533 (Controlled Substances); Identity Theft Protection Act, MCL 445.79d; Revised Judicature Act of 1961, MCL 600.4701-600.4709 (Omnibus); and Revised Judicature Act of 1961, MCL 600.3801-600.3840 (Public Nuisance).

Effective August 7, 2019, Michigan law requires a criminal conviction before some property seized under the Public Health Code can be forfeited to law enforcement. The 2022 Asset Forfeiture Report includes forfeitures under PA 148 of 2015, as well as PA 7 and PA 9 of 2019.

This report is a compilation of online submissions by Michigan law enforcement agencies and prosecutors, as well as counties, townships, cities, and villages to the Michigan State Police (MSP), Grants and Community Services Division (GCSD), Byrne Justice Assistance Grant (Byrne JAG) Unit. This year, as required by the Act, 3,353 individual forfeited property records were submitted to the MSP. The content of the records submitted is summarized for brevity in this report.

Of the 1,533 Reporting Agencies' Government Asset Forfeiture Reports submitted to the MSP, 201 agencies reported receiving funds from asset forfeiture during this reporting period. More than \$11.3 million in cash was seized and \$12.4 million in cash and property was awarded to law enforcement during this reporting period.

SCOPE OF THE REPORT

The Uniform Forfeiture Reporting Act defines “reporting agency” to mean one of the following: (i) If property is seized by or forfeited to a local unit of government, that local unit of government means a village, city, township, or county; (ii) If property is seized by or forfeited to the State of Michigan, the state department or agency effectuating the seizure or forfeiture is the reporting agency. “Local unit of government” means a village, city, township, or county. Asset forfeiture reporting submissions were solicited from every unit of government in the state of Michigan.

Section I: Identification

The following tables provide information regarding the types of agencies that were requested to submit an asset forfeiture report and the responses received as a result of that request:

Agencies	Agencies Submitting a Report Including Asset Forfeitures	Agencies Submitting a Report with NO Asset Forfeitures	Agencies that DID NOT Submit a Report
Local Police Agencies (488)	126	361	*1
Multijurisdictional Task Forces (27)	26	1	0
MSP (1)	1	0	0
Sheriffs’ Offices (83)	34	49	0
Prosecuting Attorneys (83)	14	69	0
Total	201	480	1

*No report received from Yale Police Department.

Added Reporting Agencies	Agencies Submitting a Report	Agencies Submitting a Report with NO Asset Forfeitures
Counties	4	4
Townships	723	723
Cities	28	28
Villages	94	94
Departments of State Government	4	3
Total	853	852

Note: Many local units of government maintain their own police agency or contract for police services. Therefore, the police agency executes and reports asset forfeitures on behalf of the unit of government. In some instances, the unit of government filed a null report for the police agency this year.

Section A: Number of Forfeiture and Public Nuisance Proceedings
MCL 28.112(1)(a) – (f)

Proceedings	Forfeiture and Public Nuisance Proceedings
784*	A1. Forfeiture proceedings instituted in circuit court
237	A2. Forfeiture proceedings concluded in circuit court
378	A3. Forfeiture proceedings pending in circuit court
1,781	A4. Forfeitures effectuated without a forfeiture proceeding in circuit court
1,586	A5. Forfeiture proceedings concluded by agreement
761	A6. Public nuisance proceedings

*Forfeiture proceedings instituted in circuit court may be resolved by agreement and, therefore, not counted as concluded or pending in circuit court.

Section B: Inventory of Property Received by the Reporting Agency
MCL 28.112(1)(g)

This table includes all items seized, or seized and forfeited, during the reporting period.

Units	Inventory of Property Received
7	B1. Residential Real Property: Number of residential real property units received
0	B2. Industrial or Commercial Real Property: Number of units received
0	B3. Agricultural Real Property: Number of units received
\$11,356,429	B4. Money: Dollar amount of all money received
262	B5. Negotiable Instruments and Securities: Number of units seized
504	B6. Weapons: Number of weapons received
1051	B7. Motor Vehicles and Other Conveyances: Number of units received
693	B8. Other Personal Property of Value: Number of other items of value seized

Section C: Description of Property Forfeited
MCL 28.112(1)(h)

Each property inventoried in Section B that has been finalized for purposes of appeal is further described in the tables that follow. Requirements C1-C4 are on file in the MSP database; however, they represent over 3,353 unique entries which are not conducive to summarization.

- C1. Case number or other number assigned by the reporting agency that identifies the forfeiture.
- C2. Description of the property (e.g., residential real property address; legal description of agricultural property; vehicle identification number; and make, model, and serial number of a firearm).
- C3. Date the property was seized.
- C4. Date the property was ordered, forfeited, or disposed of.
- C5. Final disposition of property.
- C6. Estimated value of the property.

Items	Disposition of Property Received	Value of Property Received
254	Destroyed	\$22,681
23	Donated	\$1,899
1,867	Retained by agency	\$5,518,680
129	Sale pending	\$183,598
1,094	Sold	\$1,142,025
13	Dispositions not answered	\$69,581

Note: Some reporting agencies' inventory reports were incomplete and were returned to those reporting agencies for correction. Corrected inventory reports have not been returned and are not included in the table above. However, net proceeds of those agencies are included in Section D below.

- C7. The violation or nuisance alleged to have been committed for which forfeiture is authorized.

Asset Forfeitures by Section of Law

Section of Law	Number of Forfeitures
Public Health Code, MCL 333.7521 – 333.7533 (Controlled Substances)	2,751
Identity Theft Protection Act, MCL 445.79d (Identity Theft)	28
Revised Judicature Act of 1961, MCL 600.3801 – 600.38340 (Public Nuisance)	533
Revised Judicature Act of 1961, MCL 600.4701 – 600.4709 (Omnibus)	41

Asset Forfeitures by Specific Violations

Instances	Specific Violation of Public Health Code
10	333-74101-A, Delivery to minor - Narcotic or cocaine - less than 50 grams
2	333.7340C, Ephedrine/pseudoephedrine - Purchase/possess to make methamphetamine
12	333.74012A1, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Narcotic or cocaine 1000 or more grams
8	333.74012A2, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Narcotic or cocaine 450 to 999 grams
85	333.74012A3, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Narcotic or cocaine 50 to 449 grams
575	333.74012A4, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Narcotic or cocaine less than 50 grams
136	333.74012B-A, Delivery/manufacture - Schedules 1,2, and 3 except marijuana and cocaine
23	333.74012B-B, Deliver/manufacture - Substance added to Schedules 1, 2, & 3 by Board of Pharmacy rule
329	333.74012B1, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Methamphetamine/ecstasy
136	333.74012BA, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Schedules 1, 2, and 3 except marihuana and cocaine
23	333.74012BB, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Substance added to Schedules 1, 2, and 3 by Board of Pharmacy rule
12	333.74012CA, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - Schedule 4
1	333.74012CB, Controlled substance - Deliver/manufacture - Substance added to Schedule 4 by Board of Pharmacy rule
4	333.74012D, Delivery/manufacture - Schedule 5
5	333.74012D1, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture 45 kilograms of marihuana or 200 or more plants
14	333.74012D11, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture 5 to 45 kilograms of marihuana or 20 to 200 plants
210	333.74012D3, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture marijuana
2	333.74012F, Prescription forms - Manufacture/deliver
4	333.7401A, Delivery to commit criminal sexual conduct
2	333.7401B3A, Controlled substance - Delivery/manufacture - GBL
6	333.7401B3B, Controlled substance - Possession of GBL
11	333.74022A, Controlled substance - Creation/delivery counterfeit substance - Narcotic/methamphetamine/ecstasy
2	333.74022B, Controlled substance - Creation/delivery of counterfeit substance - Schedule 1, 2, or 3

Instances	Specific Violation of Public Health Code (Cont'd.)
1	333.74022C, Creation/delivery of counterfeit substance - Schedule 4
1	333.74022D, Creation/delivery of counterfeit substance - Schedule 5
28	333.74022E, Controlled substance - Creation/delivery of an analogue
7	333.74032A1, Controlled substance - Possession of cocaine, heroin, or another narcotic - 1000 or more grams
8	333.74032A2, Controlled substance - Possession of cocaine, heroin, or another narcotic - 450 to 999 grams
46	333.74032A3, Controlled substance - Possession of cocaine, heroin, or another narcotic - 50 to 449 grams
49	333.74032A4, Controlled substance - Possession of cocaine, heroin, or another narcotic - 25 to 49 grams
609	333.74032A5, Controlled substance - Possession of cocaine, heroin, or another narcotic - Less than 25 grams
176	333.74032B1, Controlled substance - Possession of methamphetamine/ecstasy
80	333.74032BA, Controlled substance - Possession of analogues
22	333.74032BB, Controlled substance - Possession of substance added to Schedules 1, 2, 3, or 4 by Board of Pharmacy rule
18	333.74032CA, Controlled substance - Possession of Schedule 5 or LSD, peyote, mescaline, psilocybin, etc.
13	333.74032CB, Controlled substance - Possession of substance added to Schedule 5 by Board of Pharmacy rule
60	333.74032D, Controlled substance - Possession of marijuana
3	333.74032F, Prescription forms - Possession
2	333.7403A, Fraudulently obtaining
14	333.74042A, Controlled substance - Use of narcotic/cocaine/methamphetamine/ecstasy
1	333.74042B, Controlled substance - Use
6	333.74042C, Use of Schedule 5 or LSD, peyote, mescaline, psilocybin, etc.
7	333.74042D, Controlled substance - Use of marihuana
2	333.74051E, Dispensing prescription from out of state prescriber
20	333.7405C, Refusing inspection
6	333.7405D, Controlled substance - Maintaining a drug house

Instances	Specific Violation of Public Health Code (Cont'd.)
1	333.74071A, Licensee/distribute without order form
1	333.74071E, Counterfeiting implements
1	333.74101B, Controlled substance - Delivery to minor - Substance added to Schedule 4 by Board of Pharmacy rule
1	333.74102-A, Delivery on school property - Narcotic or cocaine - Less than 50 grams
2	333.74103, Controlled substance - Possession with intent to deliver on school property - Narcotic or cocaine - Less than 50 grams
4	333.74104A, Controlled substance - Possession on school property - Narcotic or cocaine - Less than 25 grams
1	333.74104-B, Possession on school property - Schedules 1,2,3, 4
7	333.74104D, Controlled substance - Possession on school property - Marihuana
2	333.74104-E, Possession on school property - GBL
7	333.7410A, Controlled substance - Delivery/possession in a park
2	333.7453, Sale of paraphernalia
1	333.7455, Sale of paraphernalia to minor
92	Unspecified/left blank violations under the Public Health Code

Instances	Specific Identity Theft Violations
23	445.65, Identity Theft
1	445.67, Personal identifying information - Obtain/possess/transfer with intent to commit identity theft

Instances	Specific Nuisance Violations
124	Property was used by or kept for the use of prostitutes or other disorderly persons
318	Property was used for the purpose of lewdness, assignation, prostitution, or gambling
59	Property was used for the unlawful manufacture, transporting, sale, keeping for sale, bartering, or furnishing of a controlled substance
4	Property was used to facilitate armed violence in connection with the unlawful use of a firearm or other dangerous weapon

Instances	Specific Nuisance Violations (Cont.)
5	Property was used for conduct prohibited by MCL 750.462a to MCL 750.462h
24	Unspecified/unanswered violations of Revised Judicature Act of 1961, MCL 600.3801, to MCL 600.38340 (Public Nuisance)

Instances	Specific Violations of Omnibus Act
1	324.413094A, Transgenic /nonnative organisms - Possession of restricted nonnative species - intent to damage resources
1	339.6017B, Unlicensed architects, engineers, or professional land surveyors Second offense
3	722.675, Children - Disseminating sexually explicit, visual or verbal matter to
10	750.145C2, Child sexually abusive activity
2	750.157Q, Financial transaction device - Illegal sale/use
2	750.157R: Financial transaction device - Forgery, alteration or counterfeiting
1	750.2186A, False pretenses - \$50,000.00 but less than \$100,000.00
2	750.2241-A, Weapons - Dangerous weapon - Miscellaneous
3	750.224F, Weapons - Firearms - Possession by felon
1	750.271, Fraud - Issue/sell domestic securities
1	750.3564A, Larceny - \$200.00 or more but less than \$1,000.00
1	750.3565, Larceny - Less than \$200.00
7	750.459, Prostitution/transporting person
1	750.462EA, Human trafficking of a minor for commercial sexual activity
1	750.462F, Human trafficking - attempting, conspiring, or soliciting another to violate chapter
2	750.5352A, Stolen property - Receiving and concealing - \$20,000.00 or more
2	750.5353A, Stolen property - Receiving and concealing - \$1,000.00 or more but less than \$20,000.00
2	750.5352B, Stolen property - Receiving and concealing - \$1,000.00 or more but less than \$20,000.00 third or subsequent offence
2	750.5354A, Stolen property - Receiving and concealing - \$200.00 or more but less than \$1,000.00
1	750.543H3B, Terrorism - Hindering prosecution of a terrorist

Instances	Specific Violations of Omnibus Act (Cont.)
5	Unspecified/unanswered violations classified as Omnibus Act

Instances	Other Entries
20	Entries with no violation entered for the reported seizure

C8. Whether any person was charged with the violation for which the forfeiture was authorized. If yes, whether that person was convicted, not convicted, or the charge is still pending.

Instances	Charge and Conviction Data
685	Cooperated/assisted law enforcement to avoid criminal charges*
489	Not charged with a violation for which forfeitures were authorized
712	Charged with a violation - Charges still pending
1,341	Charged and convicted for violation for which forfeiture was authorized
89	Charged but not convicted for violation for which forfeiture was authorized
13	Charged but conviction status not answered in survey
18	Neither charge nor conviction status answered in survey

*Many persons accused of crimes cooperated with authorities, resulting in criminal charges not being pursued. This category was added to the 2018 and future reports for tracking.

C9. Whether any person claimed an interest in the property and the number of claimants to the property.

Number	Number of Persons Claiming an Interest in the Property
2,482	0 persons claimed an interest in the property
691	1 person claimed an interest in the property
17	2 persons claimed an interest in the property
4	3 persons claimed an interest in the property
8	4 persons claimed an interest in the property
151	Not answered

C10. Whether the forfeiture resulted from an adoptive seizure.

Number	Did the Forfeiture Result from an Adoptive Seizure
315	Yes
2,987	No
51	Not answered

C11. Whether the property was seized pursuant to a search warrant, arrest warrant, or search incident to arrest.

Number	Search Warrant, Arrest Warrant, or Search Incident to Arrest
1,125	Search warrant
36	Arrest warrant
1,605	Search incident to arrest
557	No warrant
30	Not answered

C12. Whether a controlled substance was found in the course of the investigation that resulted in the forfeiture of the property.

Number	Controlled Substance Found in the Course of the Investigation
2,577	Yes
744	No
32	Not Answered

Section D: Net Total Proceeds
MCL 28.112(1)(i)

Report the net total proceeds of all property forfeited through actions instituted by the reporting agency that the reporting agency is required to account for and report to the state treasurer.

Amount	Net Total Proceeds
\$ 12,351,376	Net total proceeds reported to MSP for January 1, 2021, thru December 31, 2021

Note: This report includes only the net proceeds of property that was seized on or after the effective date of the act and forfeited during the reporting period.

**Section E: Expenditures of Asset Forfeiture Funds under the Public Health Code
MCL 28.112(1)(j)(i)**

The reporting agencies were requested to report the use of asset forfeiture funds as a percentage of the agency's total expenditures of asset forfeiture funds in 13 broad categories: personnel, overtime, vehicles, equipment, federal grant match, informant fees, buy money, training, crime prevention and public outreach, animal expenses, supplies and materials, non-profit organizations, and other expenses.

Expenditure of Funds Category and Percentage	
Personnel	8%
Overtime	2%
Vehicles	8%
Equipment	28%
Federal Grant Match	0%
Informant Fees	2%
Buy Money	7%
Training	7%
Crime Prevention/Public Outreach	1%
Animal Expenses	3%
Supplies and Materials	8%
Shared with other Agencies	3%
Non-Profit Organizations	2%
Other	21%
TOTAL	100%

The following are examples of reported expenditures by category:

Personnel: Asset forfeiture funds are utilized to fund community policing officers, multijurisdictional drug team personnel, local and county agency drug team personnel, and civilian personnel.

Overtime: Drug investigations are often initiated in the late evening/early morning hours. Certified methamphetamine laboratory responders, raid entry teams, and canine handlers are examples of frequently utilized personnel that require overtime payment.

Vehicles: The increasing cost of vehicles has been a major factor in increased police department operating cost budgets. The use of asset forfeiture funds has offset some of these costs.

Equipment: Law enforcement is seeing rapid changes in technology to assist agencies in working more efficiently and effectively. Records management systems, mobile data terminals, live stream video, and evidence collection enhancements are examples of expenditures from this category.

Federal Grant Match: Grant matching funds help increase the number of investigators and prosecutors dedicated to drug enforcement. Multijurisdictional task forces rely heavily on federal funds to operate and most of these funds require a cash match.

Informant Fees: Asset forfeiture funds are utilized for informant fees to assist in solving complex drug investigations.

Buy Money: Assembling cases against drug traffickers require resources for undercover agents to conduct drug purchases, often over a period of time. Enforcement budgets may be inadequate for this expenditure. Asset forfeiture funds fill this gap and provide needed resources, especially for smaller law enforcement agencies.

Training: The majority of sworn personnel assigned to multijurisdictional task forces require formal narcotics investigative training. Law enforcement agencies are providing more training for personnel to keep current with new technological advances. Asset forfeiture funds can assist agencies with these costs.

Crime Prevention and Public Outreach: Law enforcement agencies are providing education and awareness programs throughout the state. These efforts may include presentations to schools and community groups.

Animal Expenses: Canines have proven to be a valuable asset to law enforcement. Law enforcement agencies and one multijurisdictional task force reported spending asset forfeiture funds on medical and maintenance costs for their canine programs.

Supplies and Materials: Supplies and materials are considered operational items that cost under \$5,000, including computers, copier leases, cellular telephones, and vehicle/building maintenance. Materials and supplies utilized by multijurisdictional task force personnel are not normally provided for in a participating agency's budget, so multijurisdictional task forces often use asset forfeiture funds to support their supplies and materials expenditures.

Shared with Other Agency: Some forfeitures result from joint investigations or multijurisdictional task force investigations; therefore, proceeds may be shared among participating agencies.

Non-profit Organizations: Many local police agencies and county sheriffs' offices reported contributing a percentage of their asset forfeiture funds to local crime alert organizations.

Other: Expenditures reported in this category were utilized for building/utility costs for narcotics unit operations, cellular telephone bills, global positioning tracker services, extradition costs, drug awareness kits, vehicle purchases, off-site storage units for toxic materials, dispatching consortium fees, aviation fees, and evidence collection materials.

**F: Donated Grow Lights and Scales
MCL 28.112(1)(j)(ii)**

Distribution to Schools

MCL 333.7524(2) allows for the donation of forfeited lights for plant growth or scales to elementary schools, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education.

Lights and Scales Donated	
4	Number of lights for plant growth
34	Number of scales
\$340	Total Value of donated equipment

**Section G: Distribution of Net Proceeds of Revised Judicature Act (Nuisance) Proceedings
MCL 28.112(1)(k)**

Amount	Other Persons Entitled to the Proceeds of Nuisance Proceedings
1%	Percent to victims of human trafficking
0%	Percent to other persons entitled to proceeds
0%	Percent reported paid to state treasurer

**Section H: Distribution of Net Proceeds of Revised Judicature Act (Omnibus) Proceedings
MCL 28.112(1)(l)**

Amount	Net Proceeds of Revised Judicature Act (Omnibus) Proceedings
\$8,490	Amount used to enhance enforcement of criminal laws
\$4,264	Amount used to implement William Van Regenmorter Crime Victim's Rights Act