Welcome

MPART PFAS Regional Informational Webinar Northern Michigan Region

September 17, 2020

The Webinar will begin at 6:00 p.m.

Webinar Housekeeping



All lines are muted during the webinar.



We are recording this webinar

How to ask a question?



Submit your questions using the "Q/A" box in at the bottom of your screen.



Click the "hand" icon at the bottom of your screen.





Type *9 to raise your hand.



MPART PFAS Regional Informational Webinar Northern Michigan Region

Amy Peterson
Michigan PFAS Action Response Team
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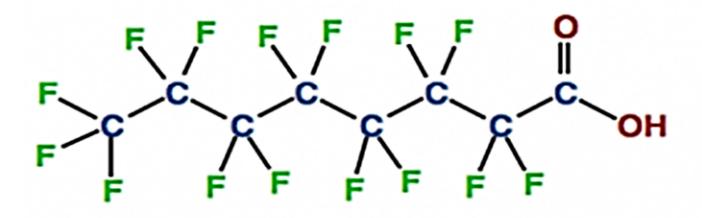
PetersonA1@Michigan.gov

Michigan PFAS Action Response Team (MPART)



- Executive Order 2019-03
- Unique Multi-Agency Approach
- Leads Coordination and Cooperation Among All Levels of Government
- Directs Implementation of State's Action Strategy

Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)



PFOA - perfluorooctanoic acid

- Strong Carbon-Fluorine Bonds
- Surfactants
- Repel Water, Oil, Fat, and Grease
- Began Developing in 1940s
- 5,000 + Compounds Today

PFAS Uses







Apparel and Fabrics



Building and Construction



Chemicals and Pharmaceuticals



Electronics



Oil, Gas, and Energy



Industrial



Healthcare and Hospitals



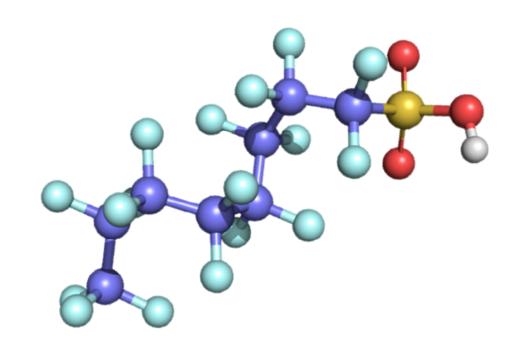
Aqueous Film Forming Foam

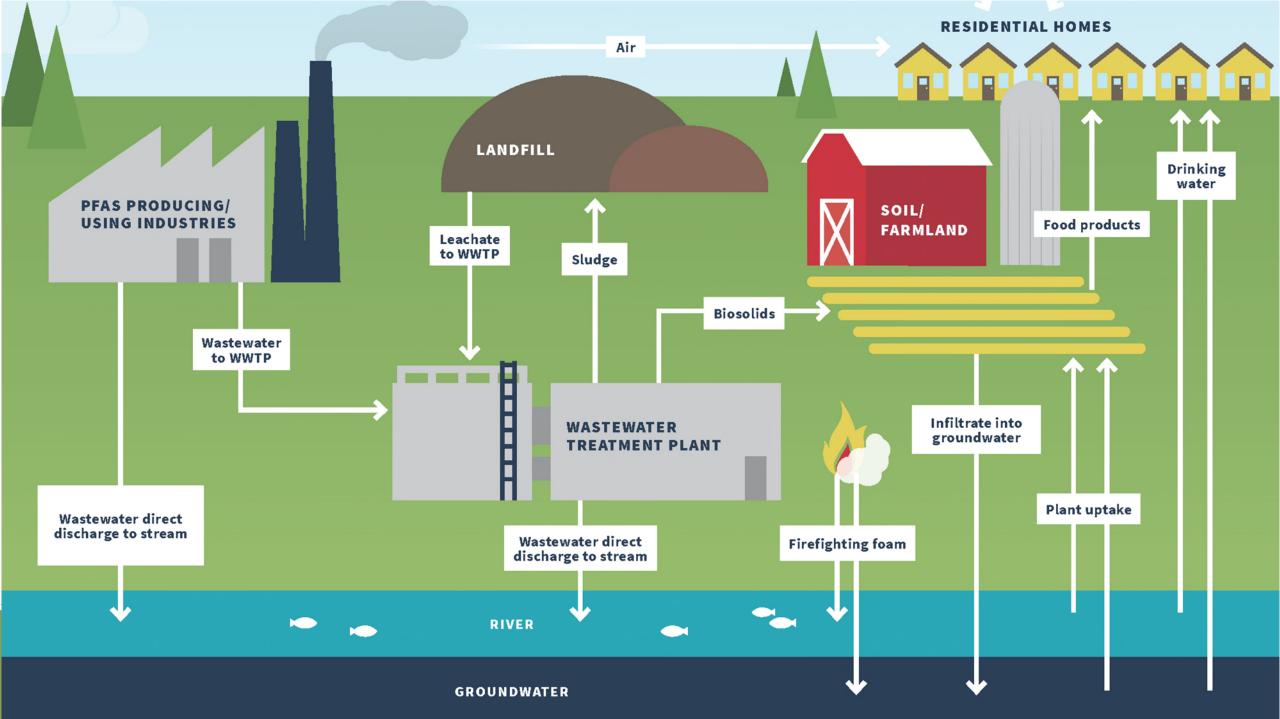


Food Packaging

Why the Concern?

- Widespread
- Don't Break Down Easily Hard to Get Rid of
- Bioaccumulative Build Up in Our Bodies
- Some PFAS May Affect Health
- Lack of Information
- Lack of National Regulations













Surface Water Investigations

- Survey of Surface Water and Fish
- Foam
- Wastewater



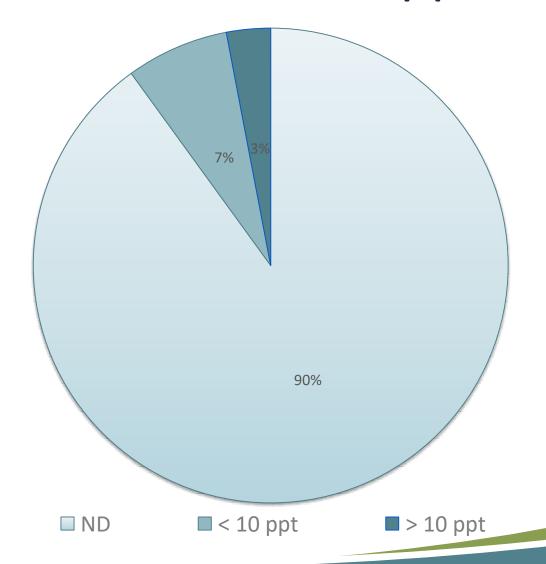
Public Water Supply Testing

- All Community Water Supplies (1,114)
- All Tribal Systems (17)
- Schools and Larger Day Cares (619)
- Additional Select Water Supplies
- Monitoring
 - All 65 Surface Water Systems
 - 61 Systems > 10 ppt Total PFAS

Total PFAS in MI Public Water Supplies

EPA Method 537 Rev 1.1

NEtFOSA	NMeFOSAA	PFBS
PFDA	PFDoA	PFHpA
PFHxS	PFHxA	PFNA
PFOS	PFOA	PFTA
PFTrDA	PFUnA	





Drinking Water Standards

- No Federal Standards to Adopt
- Science Advisory Panel Report, December 2018
 - 70 ppt standard for PFOA/PFAS too high
 - Other PFAS should be considered
- Michigan's Two-Step Approach
 - Science Advisory Workgroup provided health-based values
 - EGLE promulgated standards in rule

Michigan Drinking Water Standards

- MaximumContaminant Levels(MCLs)
- August 3, 2020
- 2,700 water systems

Compound	MCL	EPA Recommendation	
PFNA	6 ppt	NA	
PFOA	8 ppt	70 ppt combined	
PFOS	16 ppt		
PFHxS	51 ppt	NA	
GenX (HFPO-			
DA)	370 ppt	NA	
PFBS	420 ppt	NA	
PFHxA	400,000 ppt	NA	

7 MCLs ≠ 7 Cleanup Criteria

Groundwater cleanup criteria already in rule

Compound	Prior to 8/3/20	After 8/3/20
PFOA	70 ppt combined	8 ppt
PFOS		16 ppt

- Rulemaking necessary for other 5 MCLs to become groundwater cleanup criteria
- Important for how we define a PFAS site

Michigan PFAS Sites GOGERIC MARQUETTE SCHOOLCRAFT PRESQUE ISLE Legend 49 sites >8 ppt PFOA or 16 ppt PFOS in Groundwater - Part 201 Criteria effective R. CALHOLN 8/3/2020 99 sites >70 ppt Groundwater - Part 201 Criteria prior to

September 9, 2020

8/3/2020

PFAS Sites

- Exceed groundwater cleanup criteria
 - Expanded from 99 to 138 sites
 on August 3, 2020
- Prioritized Investigations
 Based on Known or
 Suspected Sources, Potential for Exposure
- Protect Drinking Water
 Pathway

Citizens Advisory Workgroup



- Residents From Impacted Communities
- Key Charges:
 - Recommend How to Engage and Empower Communities
 - Recommend How to Educate the General Public

PFAS and Health

Puneet Vij, Toxicologist
Michigan Department of Health and Human Services
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The Role of MDHHS/Local Public Health

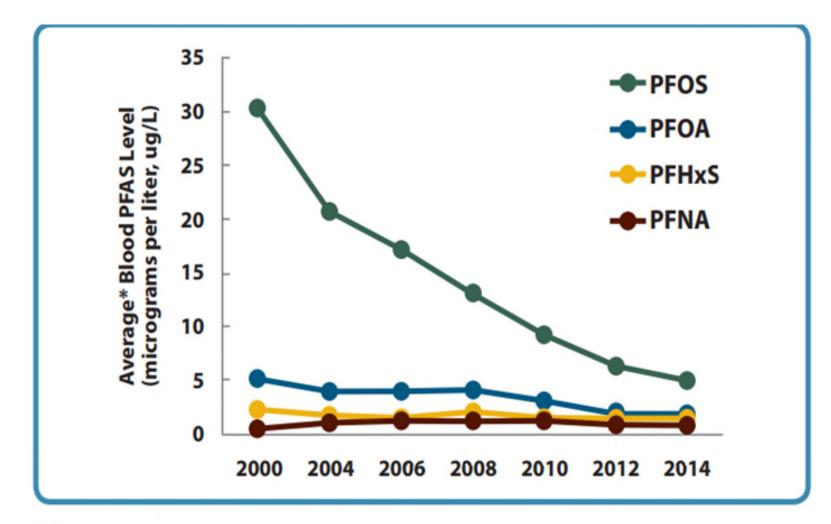
- Understand the health concerns facing your community
- Develop a plan to investigate and address health risks
 - EGLE leads the site investigation
 - MDHHS and the Local Health Department lead the public health planning and response
- Evaluate PFAS exposures to residents in the community
 - Recommend public health actions as needed

Exposure to PFAS Chemicals

- Drinking contaminated water
- Eating fish caught from water contaminated by PFAS
 - "Do Not Eat Fish" Advisories
- Incidental swallowing of contaminated soil or dust
- Eating food packaged in materials containing PFAS
- Using some consumer products
- PFAS absorption through skin is typically not a concern







Blood levels of the most common PFAS in people in the **United States** 2000-2014

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Fourth Report on Human Exposure to Environmental Chemicals, Updated Tables, (January 2017).

^{*} Average = geometric mean

Potential Associated Human Health Outcomes PFOA and/or PFOS

- Lowering a woman's chance of getting pregnant
- Increasing the chance of high blood pressure in pregnant women
- Increasing the chance of thyroid disease*
- Increasing cholesterol levels
- Changing immune response
- Increasing chance of cancer, especially kidney and testicular cancers

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September 17, 2020

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Remediation and Redevelopment Division

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Regional PFAS Contacts



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- Randy Rothe, Gaylord District <u>RotheR@Michigan.gov</u> 989-217-0083
- Tom Asmus, Marquette District <u>AsmusT@Michigan.gov</u> 906-202-1439

Cadillac District

Glens Sanitary Landfill

Gaylord District

- Grayling Wastewater Treatment Facility Discharge Fields
- Montmorency-Oscoda-Alpena Landfill

Marquette District

- City of Manistique Landfill
- Great Lakes Pulp Company Landfill

Glens Sanitary Landfill Leelanau County

James Staley

StaleyJ1@Michigan.gov

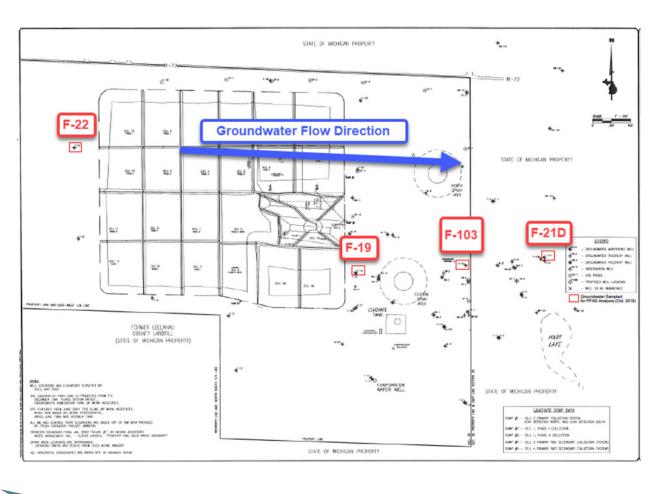
(231) 429-1945

Glens Sanitary Landfill



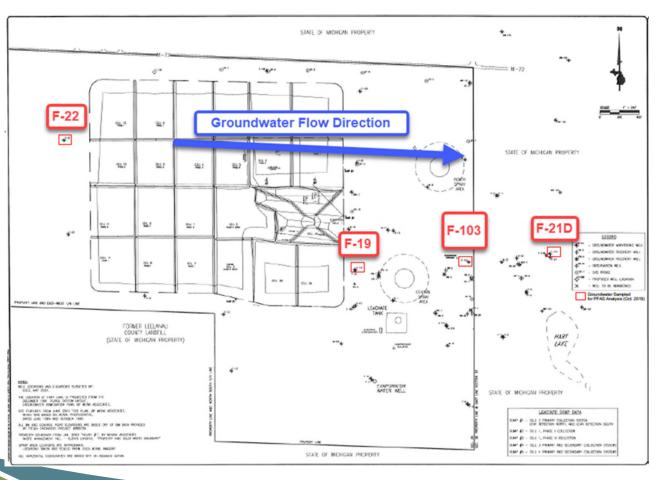
- 518 M-72 West, Maple City
- Based on the presence of known groundwater impacts:
 - EGLE requested select wells be sampled for PFAS
 - Sampling voluntarily conducted on October 15 & 17, 2019

Glens Sanitary Landfill



- Groundwater flow direction is easterly
- Sampling Results
 - F-22
 - Upgradient well did not detect
 PFAS
 - F-19
 - Closest downgradient well to the Landfill
 - PFOA concentration of 9.6 ppt
 - Exceeds criteria (8 ppt)

Glens Sanitary Landfill



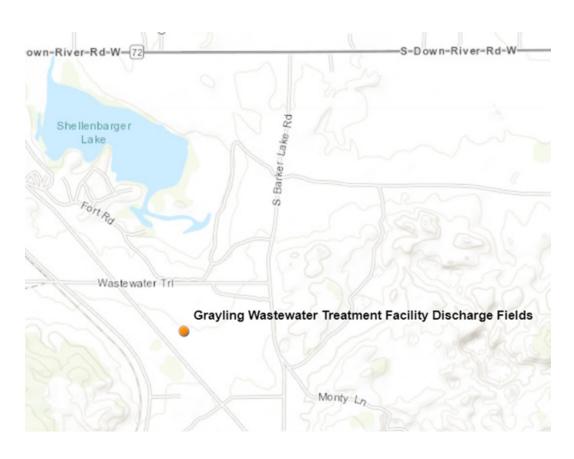
- Sampling Results
 - F-103
 - Located at property boundary
 - PFOA concentration below criteria
 - F-21D
 - Located offsite on State of Michigan land
 - PFOA not detected
- Based on Results
 - Extent of PFOA is known and residential well sampling not anticipated at this time

Grayling Wastewater Treatment Facility Discharge Fields Crawford County

Thomas Berdinski

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(616) 204-7334



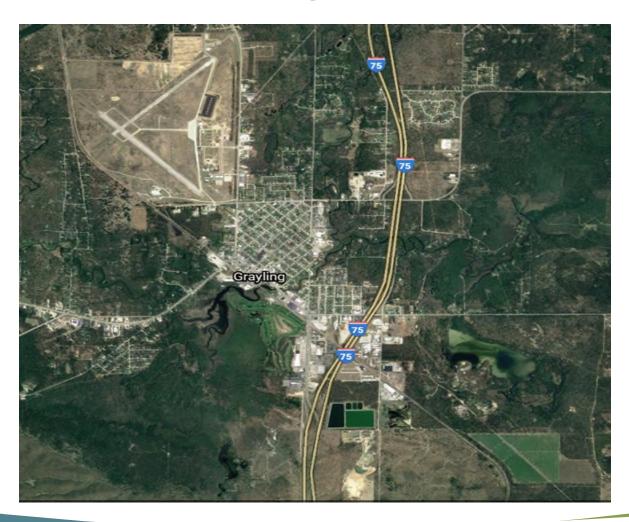
2926 Millikin Drive, Grayling Crawford County



Grayling WWTF Lagoons



Grayling WWTF Lagoons and Spray Irrigation Fields





Sample	Sample	PFOA Result in	PFOS Result in
Location	Date	ppt*	ppt**
MW 13	6/11/2020	45.9	11
MW 16	6/11/2020	16	43.4
		* PFOA Standard is 8 ppt	** PFOS Standard is 16 ppt

- EGLE and Grayling Department of Public Works are developing a sanitary sewer sampling plan
- EGLE, with MDHHS and local health department, are developing downgradient sampling plan which may include wells at Camp Au Sable, residential wells, Shellenbarger Lake and wetland
- Sampling plans expected to be developed and sampling initiated this fall

Montmorency-Oscoda-Alpena Solid Waste Authority Landfill Montmorency County

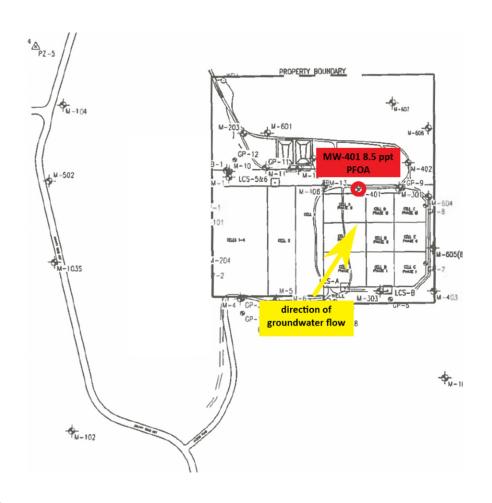
John Ozoga
OzogaJ@Michigan.gov
(231) 429-1718

Montmorency-Oscoda-Alpena Landfill



- 6571 Landfill Road, Atlanta
- Based on the presence of known groundwater impacts:
 - EGLE requested select wells be sampled for PFAS parameters
 - Sampling voluntarily conducted on September 16 & 17, 2019.
- Groundwater flow direction is to the northeast

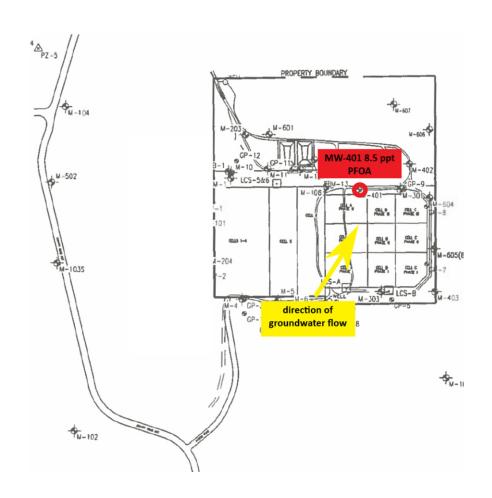
Montmorency-Oscoda-Alpena Landfill



Sampling Results

- M-107R: Upgradient well
 PFAS was not detected
- M-401: Well immediately downgradient of the Landfill PFOA concentration of 8.5 ppt; Exceeds criteria (8 ppt)

Montmorency-Oscoda-Alpena Landfill



Next Steps

- Two new monitoring wells (MWs) installed downgradient of M-401 (M-606 & M-607)
 - Scheduled for sampling September 14, 2020
- Residential well sampling: EGLE working with health department staff to determine if downgradient wells are present and if sampling is required once data from MWs is received.

City of Manistique Landfill Schoolcraft County

Mary Ann St. Antoine

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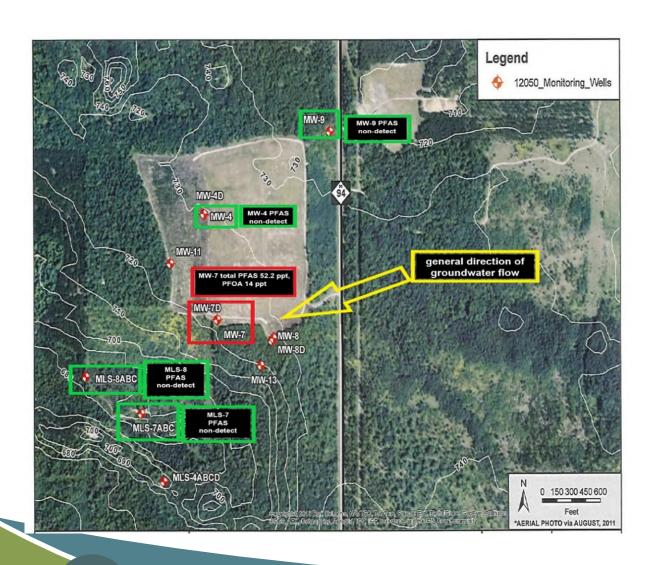
(989) 370-8035

City of Manistique Landfill



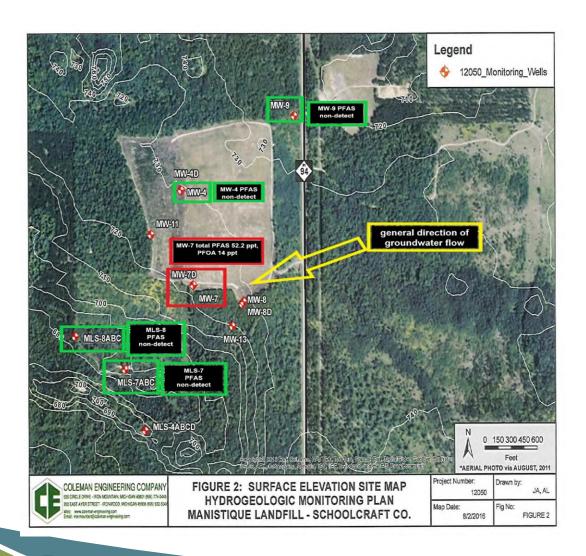
- Located 13 miles north of Manistique on the west side of M-94
- EGLE requested that the city of Manistique sample the landfill for PFAS based on known groundwater impacts from the landfill and the presence of downgradient drinking water wells.
- Groundwater flows is to the westsouthwest towards a wetland and the Sturgeon Hole Creek.

City of Manistique Landfill



- The city of Manistique voluntarily collected groundwater samples at monitoring wells MW-4, MW-7 and MW-9 on July 30, 2019.
- Groundwater at MW-7 was found to contain PFOA at 14 ppt which exceeds PFOA criteria (8 ppt)

City of Manistique Landfill



- Groundwater at downgradient monitoring wells MLS-7B and MLS-7C was sampled for PFAS on October 24, 2019.
 - No PFAS was found at the downgradient wells.
- No residential wells were sampled for PFAS as the downgradient monitoring wells did not contain PFAS indicating that there has been no impact to the wetland, Sturgeon Hole Creek or drinking water wells.

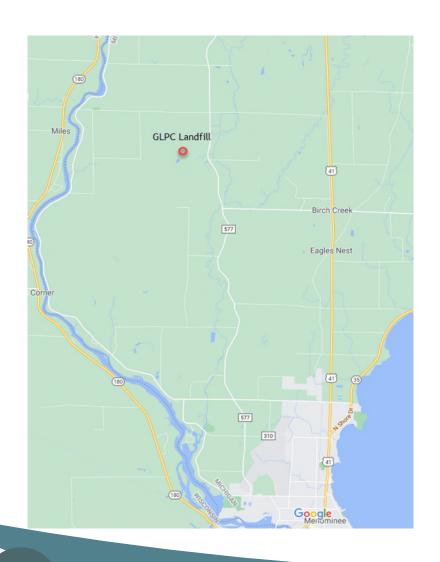
Great Lakes Pulp Company Landfill Menominee County

Mary Ann St. Antoine

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(989) 370-8035

Great Lakes Pulp Company Landfill



- Great Lakes Pulp Company (GLPC) Landfill is located ten miles north of Menominee on 7.5 Road and County Road 577.
- The landfill took in recycled paper pulp waste.
- EGLE requested that Resolute Forest Products (GLPC parent company) sample GLPC Landfill for PFAS because of historical impacts to the groundwater, downgradient drinking water wells and the material in the landfill.

non-detect Direction of groundwater

Great Lakes Pulp Company Landfill

- On May 18, 2020 GLPC voluntarily collected groundwater samples at four monitoring wells.
- Upgradient monitoring wells MW-201 and MW-212 were non-detect for PFAS.
- PFOA concentrations at downgradient monitoring wells MW-202 (230 ppt) and MW-204 (1200 ppt) exceeded the criteria for PFOA (8 ppt).

MW-212 non-detect Direction of groundwater

Great Lakes Pulp Company Landfill

- On August 27, 2020 residential wells that are downgradient and within a half mile, and surface water from a downgradient creek were sampled by EGLE's contractor.
- Resolute Forest Products have scheduled PFAS sampling of all monitoring wells on the southeast side of the landfill to delineate the plume of contamination.

Site Lead Contact Information

Glens Sanitary Landfill

James Staley
StaleyJ1@Michigan.gov
(231) 429-1945

Grayling Wastewater Treatment Facility Discharge Fields

Thomas Berdinski

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Montmorency-Oscoda-Alpena Landfill

John Ozoga OzogaJ@Michigan.gov (231) 429-1718 **City of Manistique Landfill Great Lakes Pulp Company Landfill**

Mary Ann St. Antoine StAntoineM@Michigan.gov (989) 370-8035



Local Health Departments

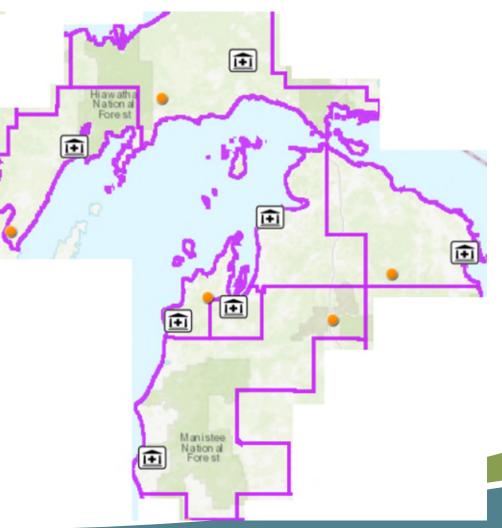
Benzie-Leelanau District Health Department 231-882-4409

District Health Department 4 989-356-4507

District Health Department 10 231-837-2193

Luce Mackinac-Alger-Schoolcraft District Health Department906-293-5107

Public Health Delta and Menominee Counti 906-786-4111



MICHIGAN PFAS ACTION RESPONSE TEAM (MPART)

www.Michigan.gov/PfasResponse















THANK YOU!

We will share the slides and a recording and closed-captioned copy of today's conversation via email and on our website in the next few days.