

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

MPSERS

A Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund of the State of Michigan

Prepared by: Financial Services For

Office of Retirement Services P.O. Box 30171 Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671 517-284-4400 1-800-381-5111

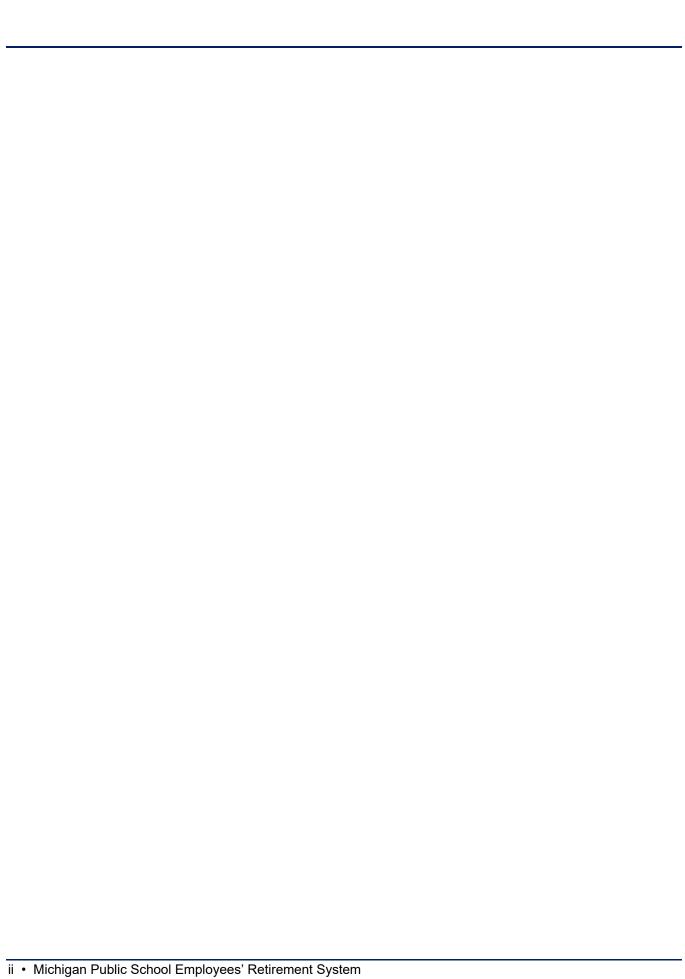
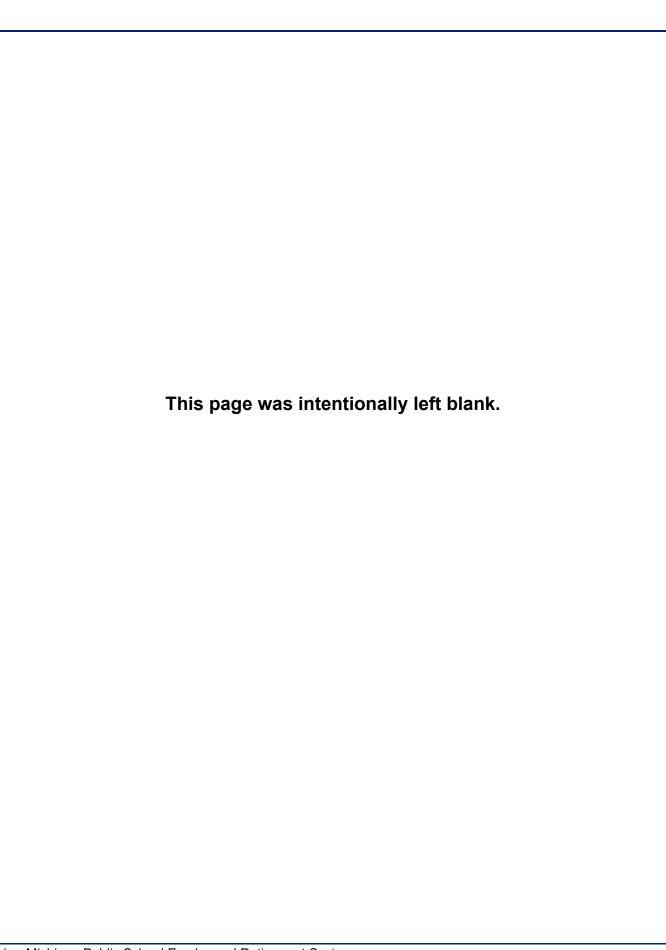


TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Certificate of Achievement	
Public Pension Standards Award	
Letter of Transmittal	
Administrative Organization	
Retirement Board Members	
Advisors and Consultants	
Organization Chart	10
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Financial Highlights	
The Statement of Plan Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes In Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Financial Analysis	
Additions To Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Deductions From Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Retirement System as a Whole	
Contacting System Financial Management	
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	
Note 1 – Plan Description	
Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
Note 3 – Contributions	
Note 4 – Net Pension Liability	
Note 5 – Net OPEB Liability	
Note 6 – Investments	
Note 7 – Commitments and Contingencies	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability	
Schedules of Contributions	
Schedules of Investment Returns	
Note to Required Supplementary Information	
Note A – Description	
Supporting SchedulesSummary Schedule of Pension Plan Administrative and Other Expenses	
Summary Schedule of OPEB Plan Administrative and Other Expenses	
Schedule of Investment Expenses	
Schedule of Payments for Professional Services	
Detail of Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
•	
INVESTMENT SECTION	
Report on Investment Activity	
Introduction	
Investment Policy & Goals	
Asset Allocation	
Investment Authority	
Investment Results	
Investment Results	
Pension Plan Investment Results	
OPEB Investment Results	/1

Largest Assets Held	72
Largest Stock Holdings	
Largest Bond Holdings	
Schedule of Investment Fees	
Schedule of Investment Fees	
Schedule of Investment Commissions	
Investment Summary	75
ACTUARIAL SECTION	77
Actuary's Certification	
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods	
Schedule 1	
Schedule 2	
Schedules of Active Member Valuation Data	
Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data	
Schedule of Active Member OPEB Valuation Data	
Schedule of Changes in Retirement Rolls	84
Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Rolls	
Prioritized Solvency Test	
Pension Benefits	
Other Postemployment Benefits	
Analysis of System Experience – Pension	
Gains/(Losses) in Accrued Liabilities	87
Analysis of System Experience – OPEB	88
Gains/(Losses) in Accrued Liabilities	
Summary of Plan Provisions	89
Plus	89
Early Retirement	
Deferred Retirement	89
Duty Disability Retirement	89
Nonduty Disability Retirement	90
Duty Death Before Retirement	
Nonduty Death Before Retirement	
Postretirement Cost-of-Living Adjustments	
Postretirement Healthcare Benefits	
Member Contributions before Transition Date	
Member Contributions Attributable to the Retiree Health Plans	
Member Contributions on or after Transition Date	92
STATISTICAL SECTION	93
Contents	
Financial Trends	
Operating Information	94
Schedules of Additions by Source	
Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source	
Schedule of OPEB Plan Additions by Source	
Total Additions	
Schedules of Deductions by Type	
Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type	
Schedule of OPEB Plan Deductions by Type	
Total Deductions	
Schedules of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Plan	
Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – OPEB Plan	
Schedules of Benefits and Refunds by Type	100
Schedule of Pension Benefits and Refunds by Type	
Schedule of OPEB Benefits and Refunds by Type	100

Total Benefit Deductions	100
Schedules of Retired Members by Type of Benefit	101
Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefits	
Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Other Postemployment Benefits	
Schedules of Funding Progress	
Schedule of Funding Progress – Pension Plan	102
Schedule of Funding Progress – OPEB Plan	
Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits	
Schedules of Average Benefit Payments	104
Schedule of Average Benefit Payments – Pension	
Schedule of Average Benefit Payments – Health	
Schedule of Average Benefit Payments – Dental/Vision	
Schedule of Principal Participating Employers	
Ten Year History of Membership	
Schedule of Participating Employers	
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	117



Certificate of Achievement
Public Pension Standards Award
Letter of Transmittal
Retirement Board Members
Advisors and Consultants
Organization Chart



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Public Pension Coordinating Council

Public Pension Standards Award For Funding and Administration 2019

Presented to

Michigan Office of Retirement Services

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan funding and administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA) National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS) National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

> Alan H. Winkle Program Administrator

alan Helinkle

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System P.O. Box 30171 Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671 Telephone 517- 284-4400 Outside Lansing 1-800-381-5111

STATE OF MICHIGAN

GRETCHEN WHITMER, Governor

DEPARTMENT OF TECHNOLOGY, MANAGEMENT & BUDGET

February 26, 2020

The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer Governor, State of Michigan,

Members of the Legislature State of Michigan,

Retirement Board Members and Members, Retirees and Beneficiaries

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the comprehensive annual financial report of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) for fiscal year 2019.

INTRODUCTION TO REPORT

The System was established by legislation under Public Act 136 of 1945, and is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The number of active and retired members and beneficiaries of the System is presented in Note 1 of the financial statements in the Financial Section in this report. The purpose of the System is to provide retirement, disability, death, and healthcare benefits for all public school employees. The services performed by ORS staff provide benefits to members, retirees, and beneficiaries.

Responsibility

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the leadership team of the System. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System.

Internal Control Structure

The leadership team of the System is responsible for maintaining adequate internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, and are recorded as necessary to maintain accountability for assets and to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and reliability of all financial records.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. This

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

internal control structure includes maintaining written policies and procedures. Discussion and analysis of fiduciary net position and related additions and deductions are presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis which can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Independent Auditors and Actuary

The Office of the Auditor General (OAG), independent auditors, conducted an annual audit of the System. The independent auditor's report on the System's financial statements is included in the Financial Section in this report.

An actuarial valuation is conducted annually. The purpose of the valuation is to evaluate the mortality, service, compensation, and other financial experience of the System and to recommend employer contribution rates. The annual actuarial valuation was completed by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and recommends employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Actuarial certification and supporting statistics are included in the Actuarial Section in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of an MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

In accordance with Public Act 300 of 1980, on October 31, 1980, the Public School Employees' Chapter I Retirement Fund merged with the Public School Employees' Chapter II Retirement Fund to establish the Public School Employees' Retirement System. Public Acts 136 of 1945 and 259 of 1974, respectively, created the two original funds. A 12-member board and the director of the Department of Technology, Management, and Budget (DTMB), govern the System. The System serves over 435,000 members from over 680 participating public school employers in Michigan. The System is funded by employer contributions, member contributions, and investment earnings. A detailed plan description is included in Note 1 of the Financial Section in this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Despite challenging economic times, the System continues to show steady performance over the long term.

Investments

The State of Michigan Investment Board is the investment fiduciary and custodian of all investments of the System pursuant to State law. The primary investment objective is to maximize the rate of return on the total investment portfolio, consistent with a high degree of prudence and sufficient diversity to eliminate inordinate risks and to meet the actuarial assumption for the investment rate of return. The investment activity for the year produced a total rate of return on the portfolio of 5.1 percent for the pension plan and 5.0 percent for the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan. For the last five years, the System has experienced an annualized rate of return of 7.7 percent for the pension plan and 7.7 percent for the OPEB plan. A summary of asset allocation and rates of return is presented in the Investment Section in this report.

Accounting System

Transactions of the System are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Participants' benefits are recorded when payable by law. We believe that the accounting and administrative internal controls established by the System provide reasonable assurance the System is carrying out its responsibilities in safeguarding its assets, in maintaining the reliability of the financial records for preparing financial statements, and in maintaining accountability for its assets.

Funding

Funds are derived from the excess of additions to plan fiduciary net position over deductions from plan fiduciary net position. Funds are accumulated by the System to meet future benefit obligations to retirees and beneficiaries. The

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

percentage computed by dividing the actuarial value of assets by the actuarial accrued liability is referred to as the "funded ratio." This ratio provides an indication of the funding status of the System and generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the System.

Pension – The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for pension benefits of the System were \$50.6 billion and \$83.4 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 60.7 percent on September 30, 2018. A historical perspective of funding levels for the Pension Plan is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Statistical section in this report.

OPEB – Prefunding for OPEB began in fiscal year 2013. The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for OPEB were \$6.1 billion and \$13.7 billion, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 44.3 percent as of September 30, 2018. A historical perspective of funding levels is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Statistical section in this report.

MAJOR GOALS ACCOMPLISHED

Healthcare Strategic Initiative Development – ORS staff worked with vendor partners and industry experts to develop the 2020-2021 Strategic Initiative Package. The package includes benefit changes that are necessary in order to deliver a high quality health care plan and meet the actuarially determined cost goal for the coming years. ORS's goal is to continue to provide a high-quality plan that is affordable to both the members and the schools who fund the coverage. The changes include expanded coverage for vaccines, offering online physician visits for certain interactions, and increasing the lifetime maximum for outpatient services. Additionally, the changes include an increase to the pharmacy out-of-pocket maximum, which will in turn allow the system to take advantage of increased federal dollars when members reach Medicare's catastrophic coverage level.

Reduced Pharmaceutical Drug Pricing – ORS staff worked with the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System pharmacy vendor, OptumRx, and industry experts to compare current pharmaceutical drug prices against pricing in the current marketplace. Through negotiations, OptumRx agreed to reduce the plan's drug pricing in order to provide competitive pricing based on current marketplace rates. This resulted in projected annual savings of \$100,000,000.

Employer E-Newsletter – In February, ORS launched the online newsletter for public school employers, "MPSERS Employer News." The newsletter was created to improve and consolidate communications from ORS to payroll staff. The e-newsletter format is the source for most news, changes in procedures, legislative updates, tools that make reporting tasks easier, and routine notifications. Regular email messages will still be sent for urgent matters or for information that applies to only one type of employer or a targeted subset of employers. The newsletter has improved routine communications through delivery of a consistent product on schedule, setting communication expectations and significantly reducing the number of overall employer emails.

Telephone System Upgrade – In December 2018, ORS migrated to a new Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) phone system that is fully encrypted. VoIP transmits sound over the internet rather than traditional phone lines. This system implementation was the first of its kind for the State of Michigan. A new interactive voice response system (IVR) was introduced that improves the customer experience by reducing time spent navigating the menu and preserves security by automatically authenticating the call against the member's phone number on record. In many cases, a routine call that would have taken over two minutes to navigate the menu and get in queue now takes less than one minute.

Paperless Options – A new feature was implemented in miAccount that lets customers opt out of receiving paper direct deposit statements as well as paper 1099-R annual statements. Both direct deposit and 1099-R statements are available electronically to view and print in miAccount for current and past years. If customers choose the paperless option, their 1099-R statements are available online a week or two before the printed one is mailed. They can also view their pension payment history on a monthly basis versus receiving a paper statement four to five times a year. In addition to providing the member with more personalized information faster, going paperless helps the environment and reduces print and mailing costs.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

New E-Learning Modules – Customer Service now has online modules available to help train staff members. The training modules use realistic scenarios in simulated environments so staff members can practice completing various transactions and processes. The training helps ensure Customer Service staff members are completing tasks accurately and efficiently, improving customer experiences through consistent account handling. Upon completion of each module, staff members take a guiz to evaluate their learning.

Mailing Security Process Improvement – An information security improvement was implemented in fiscal year 2019 that will improve end-to-end processing of the daily mailings and ensure that ORS customers are getting their mail and only their mail. The solution utilizes 2-D bar coding which are tracked by the automated print and mail equipment to ensure that each printed page is accounted for as it passes through various machines, reducing the risk of mail going to the wrong customer.

Mobile App Launch – ORS released a mobile app, MiORS, for members and retirees of the defined benefit plans. The new app provides account access in a simple, modern format, compatible with all popular mobile devices. One key feature allows users the ability to upload documents directly to ORS by taking a picture of a form, birth certificate, or other insurance proof and sending the document(s) securely to ORS. This eliminates the need to fax or mail them to ORS. In the first year, the app has been downloaded by over 15,500 users who have uploaded more than 700 documents. The app also allows ORS to send custom—crafted alerts and targeted announcements, based on a member's retirement system and account status. Retirees are now able to manage their direct deposit, update tax withholdings, and view their payment history on the app.

Dedicated Gains Policy Successfully Reduces Assumed Rate of Return, Again – For the second year in a row, excess investment returns in fiscal year 2018 resulted in further reductions in the pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) assumed rates of return (AROR). Reducing the AROR to reflect today's market conditions protects the long-term security of retirement benefits and ensures greater stability of employer contributions in the future. The policy has resulted in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's ARORs being reduced up to 70 basis points without increasing unfunded liabilities. The legacy defined benefit pension AROR was reduced to 6.80% from 7.05% the prior year and the OPEB AROR was reduced to 6.95% from 7.15%. For the first time since the policy was adopted in 2017, the Pension Plus AROR was reduced to 6.80% from 7.00%. The new ARORs are well below the 7.25% median public plan AROR found around the country.

HONORS

Signature Award Winner – ORS with Voya Financial won a 2019 Signature Award from the Plan Sponsor Council of America. We took first place in the Overcoming Obstacles category for our Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System outreach campaign. An annual review of plan data revealed that the approximately 72,000 participants in the Defined Contribution plan in the public school population did not engage with their accounts or online tools as much as their State of Michigan employee counterparts. The outreach campaign used a variety of communication methods to reach public school employees and human resources administrators. These methods included publications, a telephone campaign, meetings for public school employees, emails, and an innovative social media campaign on LinkedIn. Member behaviors exceeded expectations and surpassed industry benchmarks for both click-through rate and engagement rate. The Plan Sponsor Council of America, which is part of the American Retirement Association, is the leading association for sponsors of voluntary, employer-based retirement plans in the U.S.

Public Pension Standards Award – ORS was awarded the 2019 Standards Award from the Public Pension Coordinating Council Standards Program (PPCC) for both funding and administration. ORS has received these awards every year since 2004. The PPCC Standards reflect expectations for public retirement system management and administration and serve as a benchmark for all DB public plans to be measured.

Government Finance Officers Association Award – The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded the retirement system with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This marks the 28th consecutive year ORS has received this prestigious award.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedication and cooperation of many people. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, as a means of determining compliance with legal provisions, and as a means for determining responsible stewardship of the funds of the System.

We would, therefore, like to express our appreciation for the assistance given by staff, the advisors, and the many people who contributed to its preparation. We believe their combined efforts have produced a report that will enable employers and plan members to better evaluate and understand the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System. Their cooperation contributes significantly to the success of the System.

Sincerely,

Tricia L. Foster, Director

Department of Technology, Management & Budget

Anthony J Estell, Director
Office of Retirement Services

ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

RETIREMENT BOARD MEMBERS*

As of February 26, 2020

Vacant Active Classroom Teacher

Term Expired

Timothy Raymer, Vice Chair Retired Finance/Operations Term Expires March 30, 2023

Ann G Kroneman Community College Trustee Term Expires March 30, 2020

Liz Eastway Retired Non-Certified Support Term Expires March 30, 2021

Jeff Mills Active Superintendent

Term Expires March 30, 2021

Stephen Epstein General Public - Investments Term Expires March 30, 2020

Kevin Philipps Active Finance/Operations, Non-Superintendent

Term Expires March 30, 2020

Laura Colligan Reporting Unit Board of Control Term Expires March 30, 2020

Mike Engle

Fred Baker

General Public -

Active Classroom Teacher Term Expires March 30, 2021

Actuary/Health Insurance Term Expires March 30, 2022

Charles Christner Retired Teacher

Term Expires March 30, 2022

Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair for Dr.

Michael Rice

State Superintendent of Education,

ex officio

ADVISORS AND CONSULTANTS

As of February 26, 2020

Actuaries

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co. Mita D. Drazilov Southfield, Michigan

Legal Advisor

Dana Nessel Attorney General State of Michigan **Independent Auditors**

Doug A. Ringler, C.P.A., C.I.A. **Auditor General** State of Michigan

Investment Manager and Custodian

Rachael Eubanks State Treasurer State of Michigan

Investment Performance Measurement

State Street Corporation

State Street Investment Analytics

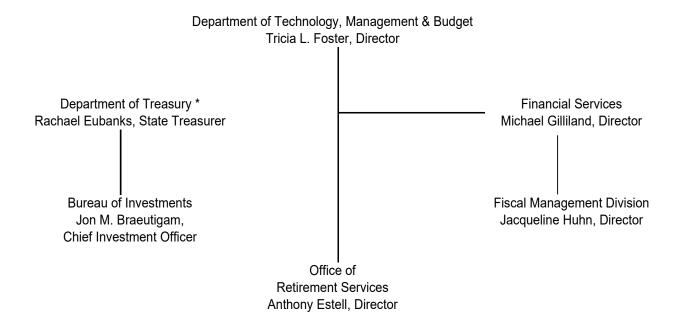
Boston, MA

^{*} Statute provides that board members may continue to serve after their term expires until they are replaced or reappointed.

ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION

ORGANIZATION CHART

As of February 26, 2020



* The investments of the System are managed by the Michigan Department of Treasury. Information on the investments and the fiduciary, Michigan Department of Treasury, can be found in the Investment Section, Introduction. In addition, see the Investment Section, Schedule of Investment Fees (page 73) and Schedule of Investment Commissions (page 74), for information regarding the investment fees and commissions paid as well as investment professionals utilized by the System.

Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Note to Required Supplementary Information
Supporting Schedules



Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA Auditor General

201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor • Lansing, Michigan 48913 • Phone: (517) 334-8050 • audgen.michigan.gov

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements and Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Mr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Board and Ms. Tricia L. Foster, Director Department of Technology, Management, and Budget and Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director Office of Retirement Services

Dear Mr. Koenigsknecht, Ms. Foster, and Mr. Estell:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System as of September 30, 2019 and the changes in fiduciary net position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA Auditor General

Mr. Scott Koenigsknecht, Chair Ms. Tricia L. Foster, Director Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability, schedules of contributions, schedules of investment returns, and related note, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The supporting schedules and the introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supporting schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue a report on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely.

Doug Ringler Auditor General February 26, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System's (System) financial performance provides an overview of the System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section on page 4 and the basic financial statements, which follow this discussion.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- System assets exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2019 by \$57.7 billion (reported as net position restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB). Fiduciary net position is restricted to meet future benefit payments.
- Additions for the year were \$7.1 billion, which are comprised primarily of contributions of \$4.3 billion and investment gains of \$2.9 billion.
- Deductions increased over the prior year from \$5.6 billion to \$5.8 billion or 3.5%. This increase is primarily
 the result of increased pension benefits.

THE STATEMENT OF PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) consists of two financial statements; *The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 18) and *The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 19). These financial statements report information about the System, as a whole, and about its financial condition that should help answer the question: Is the System, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all assets and liabilities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents all of the System's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as fiduciary net position. Over time, increases and decreases in fiduciary net position measure whether the System's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents how the System's fiduciary net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These two financial statements should be reviewed along with the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (page 50), the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability (page 51), and Schedules of Contributions (page 52) to determine whether the System is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

System total assets as of September 30, 2019, were \$60.2 billion and were mostly comprised of investments and Securities Lending Collateral. Total assets increased \$1.0 billion or 1.7% between fiscal years 2018 and 2019, due primarily to net investment gains.

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2019, were \$2.5 billion and were comprised of accounts payable, unearned revenue, and obligations under securities lending. Total liabilities decreased \$.3 billion or 9.7% between fiscal years 2018 and 2019 primarily due to obligations under security lending.

System assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2019 by \$57.7 billion. Total fiduciary net position restricted for pension and OPEB increased \$1.3 billion or 2.3% from the previous year, primarily due to net investment gains.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	2019	2018	Increase (Decrease)
Assets			
Equity in common cash	\$ 117,378	\$ 104,050	12.8 %
Receivables	418,182	373,671	11.9
Investments	57,421,253	56,180,698	2.2
Securities lending collateral	2,277,910	2,549,816	(10.7)
Total assets	60,234,723	59,208,235	1.7
Liabilities			
Unearned revenue	2,979	2,733	9.0
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	204,829	200,259	2.3
Obligations under securities lending	2,277,647	2,550,504	(10.7)
Total liabilities	2,485,455	2,753,495	(9.7)
Net Position Restricted for			
Pension Benefits and OPEB	\$ 57,749,269	\$ 56,454,740	2.3 %

Additions To Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The reserves needed to finance pension and other postemployment benefits are accumulated through the collection of employer and employee contributions and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment income for fiscal year 2019 totaled approximately \$7.1 billion.

Total additions for fiscal year 2019 decreased approximately \$2.8 billion or 28.0% from those of fiscal year 2018 due primarily to decreased net investment income. Total member contributions increased between fiscal years 2018 and 2019 by \$7.6 million or 1.3%, while net investment income decreased \$2.9 billion or 50.2%. The Investment Section of this report reviews the results of investment activity for fiscal year 2019.

DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The primary expenses of the System include the payment of pension benefits to members and beneficiaries, payment for health, dental and vision benefits, refund of contributions, and the cost of administering the System. Total deductions for fiscal year 2019 were \$5.8 billion, an increase of 3.5% over fiscal year 2018 deductions.

The health, dental and vision care expenses during the year increased \$65.0 million or 13.6%, from \$477.1 million to \$542.0 million. The payment of pension benefits increased \$123.9 million or 2.5% between fiscal years 2018 and 2019. In fiscal year 2019, the increase in pension benefit expenses resulted an increase in benefit payments to retirees.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	2019	2018	Increase (Decrease)
Additions			
Member contributions	\$ 611,344	\$ 603,739	1.3 %
Employer contributions	3,414,427	3,455,217	(1.2)
Other governmental contributions	233,196	96,708	141.1
Net investment income (loss)	2,855,383	5,730,759	(50.2)
Miscellaneous income	277	600	(53.9)
Total additions	7,114,627	9,887,023	(28.0)
Deductions			
Pension benefits	5,058,624	4,934,697	2.5
Health care benefits	542,034	477,066	13.6
Refunds and transfers to other systems	29,378	28,977	1.4
Administrative and other expenses	190,062	181,101	4.9
Total deductions	5,820,098	5,621,841	3.5
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,294,529	4,265,182	(69.6)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:			
Beginning of Year	56,454,740	52,189,558	8.2
End of Year	\$ 57,749,269	\$ 56,454,740	2.3 %

RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS A WHOLE

The System's overall Fiduciary Net Position experienced an increase in fiscal year 2019. The System's rate of return for the Pension Plan's investments decreased an overall 6.5% from a 11.6% return in fiscal year 2018 to a 5.1% return during fiscal year 2019. The System's rate of return for the OPEB Plan's investments decreased an overall 6.5% from a 11.5% return in fiscal year 2019 to a 5.0% return during fiscal year 2019. Management believes that the System remains financially sound and positioned to meet its ongoing benefit obligations due, in part, to a prudent investment program, cost controls, and strategic planning.

CONTACTING SYSTEM FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Retirement Board, our membership, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate the System's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of Retirement Services, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909-7671.

MANAGEMENT'S D	JIECHEEION VND	ANALVEIC
IVIANAGEMENT S L	JISCUSSIUN AND	ANALISIS

This page was intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

As of September 30, 2019 (in thousands)

		Pension Plan		OPEB Plan		Total
Assets:						
Equity in common cash	\$	115,595	\$	1,784	\$	117,378
Receivables:						
Amounts due from members		472		-		472
Amounts due from employers		93,302		36,432		129,734
Amounts due from other		-		140,458		140,458
Amounts due from employer long term		102,584		31,797		134,381
Amounts due from other long term		-		12,525		12,525
Interest and dividends		538		73		611
Total receivables		196,896		221,286		418,182
Investments:						
Short term investment pools		1,681,333		220,835		1,902,169
Fixed income pools		6,895,680		938,530		7,834,211
Domestic equity pools		11,383,189		1,549,249		12,932,438
Real estate and infrastructure pools		4,822,926		656,558		5,479,484
Private equity pools		9,419,839		1,282,258		10,702,097
International equity pools		8,087,454		1,100,557		9,188,011
Absolute return pools		8,258,380		1,124,462		9,382,842
Total investments		50,548,803		6,872,450		57,421,253
Securities lending collateral		2,006,436		271,474		2,277,910
Total assets		52,867,729		7,366,994		60,234,723
Liabilities:						
Unearned revenue		2,844		135		2,979
Accounts payable and						
other accrued liabilities		1,512		203,317		204,829
Obligations under						
securities lending		2,006,204		271,443		2,277,647
Total liabilities		2,010,559		474,895		2,485,455
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:	\$	50,857,170	\$	6,892,099	\$	57,749,269
i chalon Denenia and OFED.	φ	50,057,170	Ψ	0,032,033	Ψ	51,148,208

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 (in thousands)

Additions: Contributions: Member contributions \$ 403,147 \$ 208,197 \$ 611,3 Employer contributions: Colleges and universities 220,386 56,982 277,3 School districts and other 2,486,326 650,732 3,137,0 Other governmental contributions - 233,196 233,1
Member contributions \$ 403,147 \$ 208,197 \$ 611,3 Employer contributions: Colleges and universities 220,386 56,982 277,3 School districts and other 2,486,326 650,732 3,137,0 Other governmental contributions - 233,196 233,1
Colleges and universities220,38656,982277,3School districts and other2,486,326650,7323,137,0Other governmental contributions-233,196233,1
Total contributions 3,109,859 1,149,108 4,258,9
Investment income (loss): Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Interest, dividends, and other Investment expenses: Real estate operating expenses Net increase (decrease) in fair 1,973,907 266,684 2,240,5 770,311 98,493 868,8 (1,595) (209) (1,8
Other investment expenses (229,854) (29,754) (259,6) Securities lending activities:
Securities lending income 57,884 7,805 65,6 Securities lending expenses (51,334) (6,955) (58,2)
Net investment income (loss) 2,519,320 336,063 2,855,3
Miscellaneous income 202 74 2
Total additions 5,629,381 1,485,245 7,114,6
Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries: Retirement benefits 5,058,624 - 5,058,624 Health benefits - 469,017 469,017 Dental/vision benefits - 73,017 73,017
Refunds of contributions 29,345 34 29,3 Administrative and other expenses 27,741 162,321 190,0
Total deductions 5,115,710 704,388 5,820,0
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position 513,672 780,857 1,294,5
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB: Beginning of Year 50,343,498 6,111,242 56,454,7
End of Year \$ 50,857,170 \$ 6,892,099 \$ 57,749,2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - PLAN DESCRIPTION

ORGANIZATION

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, statewide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member. The Governor-appointed board members consist of:

- Two active classroom teachers or other certified school personnel
- One active member or retirant from a non-certified support position
- One active school system superintendent
- One active finance or operations (non-superintendent) member
- One retirant from a classroom teaching position
- One retirant from a finance or operations management position
- One administrator or trustee of a community college that is a reporting unit of the System
- Two from the general public, one with health insurance or actuarial science experience and one with institutional investment experience
- One elected member of a reporting unit's board of control

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act. There are 685 participating employers. A list of employers is provided in the Statistical Section. The System is a qualified pension trust fund under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. By statute, employees of K-12 public school districts, public school academies, district libraries, tax-supported community colleges and seven universities may be members. The seven universities are: Eastern Michigan, Central Michigan, Northern Michigan, Western Michigan, Ferris State, Michigan Technological and Lake Superior State. Employees, who first become employed by one of the seven universities on or after January 1, 1996, become members of an alternative plan.

The System's financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MEMBERSHIP

At September 30, 2019, the System's pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or their

beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:

Regular benefits	194,374
Survivor benefits	18,588
Disability benefits	5,975
Total	218 937

Inactive plan members entitled

to but not yet receiving benefits: 18,279

Active plan members:

 Vested
 96,319

 Non-vested
 81,362

 Total^{1,2}
 177,681

Total plan members 414,897

Enrollment in the OPEB plan is voluntary. The number of participants is as follows:

Health, Dental and Vision Plan

Eligible	participants

Retirees and survivors	198,380
Inactive vested	2,458
Active members ¹	197,982

Participants receiving benefits:

Health 152,757
Dental/Vision 165,542

Expenses for the year (in thousands) \$ 704,388

BENEFIT PROVISIONS - PENSION

Introduction

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member or Pension Plus member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

¹ Includes 3,492 people who elected not to continue future accruals in the DB plan as a result of PA 300 of 2012.

² Excludes 5,109 records with both \$0 salary and 0 service credit as of September 30, 2019 with DB benefit plan codes.

¹ Active member count includes Personal Healthcare Fund members eligible for the \$1,000/\$2,000 lump sum at termination benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

- **Option 1** members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below, and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.
 - Basic Plan members: 4% contribution
 - Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution
- Option 2 members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic Plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.
- **Option 3** members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.
- Option 4 members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to a tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their *total* years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus plan described above and a Defined Contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions. New employees are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan and become a qualified participant in the DC plan; if no election is made they will

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

remain in the Pension Plus plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus plan, their participation in the DC plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 contribution share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Regular Retirement

The pension benefit for DB and Pension Plus members is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and final average compensation (FAC). The FAC is calculated based on the member's highest total wages earned during a specific period of consecutive calendar months divided by the service credit accrued during that same time period. For a MIP member, who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010, the averaging period is 36 consecutive months. For a Pension Plus member, who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, the averaging period is 60 consecutive months. For a Basic Plan member, this period is the 60 consecutive months yielding the highest total wages. The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012 and is shown below:

Option 1 – FAC × total years of service × 1.5%

Option 2 - FAC × 30 years of service × 1.5% + FAC × years of service beyond 30 × 1.25%

Option 3 – FAC × years of service as of transition date × 1.5% + FAC × years of service after transition date × 1.25%

Option 4 – FAC as of transition date × years of service as of transition date × 1.5%

A MIP member who became a member of MPSERS prior to July 1, 2010 may retire at:

- age 46 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided the member has worked through his or her 60th birthday
 and has credited service in each of the five school fiscal years immediately preceding the retirement
 effective date.

A Pension Plus member may retire at age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service.

A Pension Plus 2 member may retire at age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service. Section 81c(5) of PA 300 as amended requires the regular retirement age to be increased in whole year increments based on the results of mortality analysis five-year actuarial experience studies performed after October 1, 2019 and the actuarial funding status of the plan. If the regular retirement age for Pension Plus 2 members is increased in accordance with this provision, members within five years of retirement from the effective date of the increase are automatically exempted and the retirement board may additionally authorize those between five and eight years of the then current retirement age to be exempted.

A Basic Plan member may retire at:

- age 55 with 30 or more years of credited service; or
- age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service

There is no mandatory retirement age.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Early Retirement

A MIP or Basic member may retire with an early permanently reduced pension:

- after completing at least 15 but less than 30 years of credited service; and
- after attaining age 55; and
- with credited service in each of the 5 school years immediately preceding the pension effective date

The early pension is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.5% for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60.

Deferred Retirement

If a member terminates employment before attaining the age qualification, but after accruing 10 or more years of credited service, the member becomes a deferred member and is eligible for a pension at the time the age qualification is attained.

Nonduty Disability Benefit

Any member with 10 or more years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled due to any non-duty related cause, and who has not met the age requirement for a regular pension is eligible for a non-duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension, upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

Duty Disability Benefit

Any member who becomes totally and permanently disabled as a result of a duty-related cause, who has not met the age and service requirement for a regular pension, and who is in receipt of weekly workers' compensation is eligible for a duty disability pension computed in the same manner as an age and service pension (but based upon a minimum of 10 years of service) upon recommendation from the member's personal physician and the Retirement Board physician and the approval of the Retirement Board. An Annual Certification of Disability is conducted each January. Upon prior approval, total disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% for each year retired; first year 100%, next year 102%, etc.).

Pension Payment Options

The election of a pension payment option is made at the time of application. Once a member has retired, the option choice is irrevocable. The pension effective date is the first of the calendar month following the date the member has satisfied the age and service requirements, has terminated public school employment and has the completed application forms on file with the System for a period of 15 days. A retroactive pension can be paid for no more than 12 calendar months. Thus, delay in filing the application can result in a loss of some retroactive pension benefits. An applicant may select only one of the following options.

Straight Life Pension

The Straight Life Pension pays the largest level pension a retiree can receive during his or her lifetime and stops with the month of a retiree's death. There are no monthly benefits for a beneficiary. The pension benefit is computed with no beneficiary rights. If the retiree made contributions while an employee and has not received the total accumulated contributions before death, a refund of the balance of the contributions is made to the beneficiary of record. If the retiree did not make any contributions, there will not be payments to any beneficiaries.

Survivor Options

Under the Survivor Options, 100% Survivor Pension, 100% Equated, 75% Survivor Pension, 75% Equated, 50% Survivor Pension and 50% Equated, the reduction is an actuarial determination dependent upon the combined life expectancies of a retiree and a beneficiary and varies from case to case. A beneficiary may only be a spouse, brother, sister, parent or child (including an adopted child) of a retiring member. If the beneficiary predeceases a retiree, the pension will revert to either the Straight Life or Straight Life Equated amount ("pop-

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

up" provision). If, however, a retiree was single at the time of retirement and subsequently married, the retiree can request to nominate a new spouse if they elected the straight life option at retirement. Also, if a retiree was married at the time of retirement and has since been widowed and remarried, the retiree can request to nominate a new spouse as a pension beneficiary as long as they elected a survivor option for the spouse at the time of retirement.

100% Survivor Pension

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, the same amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

75% Survivor Pension

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, 75% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

50% Survivor Pension

Pays a reduced pension to a retiree. The month after a retiree's death, 50% of the pension amount will be paid to a designated beneficiary for the remainder of his or her lifetime.

Equated Plan

For MIP and Basic members, the Equated plan may be combined with the Straight Life, 100% Survivor, 75% Survivor, or 50% Survivor Pension by any member under age 61, except a disability applicant. The Equated Plan provides a higher pension every month until age 62, at which time the monthly pension is permanently decreased to a lower amount than the Straight Life, 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor alone would provide.

The intent of the Equated Plan is for the retiree's pension to decrease at age 62 by approximately the same amount as that person's Social Security benefit will provide. The System pension until age 62 should be about the same as the combined System pension and Social Security after age 62.

The projected Social Security pension the retiring member obtains from the Social Security Administration and furnishes to the System is used in the Equated Plan calculation. The actual Social Security pension may vary from the estimate.

NOTE: The reduction in the pension at age 62 pertains to the Equated Plan only and affects only the retiree. A beneficiary under 100% Equated, 75% Equated or 50% Equated will receive the 100%, 75%, or 50% Survivor amount the month following the retiree's death as if the Equated Plan had not been chosen. A beneficiary does not participate in the Equated Plan.

Survivor Benefit

A non-duty survivor pension is available if a MIP member has 10 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with five years of credited service; the date they became a MIP member does not matter. The Basic plan provides a survivor pension with 15 years of credited service or, if age 60 or older, with 10 years of credited service. The Pension Plus plan provides for a survivor pension with 10 years of credited service. An active member may nominate as a survivor beneficiary a spouse, child(ren) (including adopted child(ren)), brother, sister, or parent. If other than the spouse is nominated and a spouse exists, the spouse must waive this benefit. If no beneficiary has been nominated, the beneficiary is automatically the spouse; or, if there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18. The benefit is computed as a regular pension but reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. The pension begins the first of the month following the member's death. In the event of the death of a deferred member, the System begins payment to the nominated beneficiary at the time the member would have attained the minimum age qualification.

A duty survivor pension is payable if weekly workers' compensation is being paid to the eligible beneficiary due to the member's death. A spouse receives the benefit (based on a minimum of 10 years of service credit) reduced in accordance with a 100% survivor pension factor. If there is no spouse, unmarried children under age 18 share the benefit equally until age 18; if there is no spouse or child(ren), a disabled and dependent parent is eligible.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Postemployment Adjustments

A retiree who became a MIP member prior to July 1, 2010, receives an annual post-retirement non-compounded increase of 3% of the initial pension in the October following twelve months of retirement. Basic plan members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase, but are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions. Pension Plus members do not receive an annual post-retirement increase.

On January 1, 1990, pre-October 1, 1981 retirees received an increase that ranged from 1% to 22% dependent upon the pension effective date. On October 1, 1990, the base pension of all retirees with an effective pension date of January 1, 1987, or earlier was increased to include all prior post-retirement adjustments.

On January 1, 1986, all recipients through calendar year 1985 received a permanent 8% increase that established the 1986 base pension. In addition, each October, retirees with a pension effective date of January 1, 1987, or earlier receive a fixed increase equal to 3% of the base pension. Both increases are deducted from the distribution of excess investment income, if any. Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients receive an annual distribution of excess investment income, if any.

Member Contributions

Mandatory member contributions were phased out between 1974 and 1977, with the plan remaining noncontributory until January 1, 1987, when the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. The MIP contribution rate was 4.0% from January 1, 1987, the effective date of the MIP, until January 1, 1990, when it was reduced to 3.9%. Members first hired between January 1, 1990 and June 30, 2008, and returning members who did not work between January 1, 1987, through December 31, 1989, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 4.3% of all wages over \$15,000. Members first hired July 1, 2008, or later including Pension Plus plan members, contribute at the following graduated permanently fixed contribution rates: 3% of the first \$5,000; 3.6% of \$5,001 through \$15,000; 6.4% of all wages over \$15,000. Pension Plus 2 plan members contribute a flat 50% of the total calculated contribution rate including the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) contribution rate associated with the Pension Plus 2 plan, if any.

For a limited period ending December 31, 1992, an active Basic plan member could enroll in the MIP by paying the contributions that would have been made had enrollment occurred initially on January 1, 1987, or on the date of hire, plus interest. MIP contributions at the rate of 3.9% of gross wages begin at enrollment. Actuarial rate of interest is posted to member accounts on July 1 on all MIP monies on deposit for 12 months. If a member leaves public school service and no pension is payable, the member's accumulated contributions plus interest, if any, are refundable.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, eligible members voluntarily chose between increasing, maintaining, or stopping their contributions to the pension fund as of the transition date. Their options are described in detail under Pension Reform 2012 beginning on page 22. Members who elected to increase their level of contribution contribute 4% (Basic plan) or 7% (MIP); by doing so they maintain a 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. Members who elected to maintain their level of contribution will receive a 1.25% pension factor in their pension formula for their years of service as of their transition date. Their contribution rates are described above. Members who elected to stop their contributions became participants in the Defined Contribution plan as of their transition date.

Employer Contributions

Each school district or reporting entity is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT

Introduction

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Public Act 75 of 2010 requires each actively employed member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, to annually contribute 3% of their compensation to offset employer contributions for healthcare benefits of current retirees.

Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Applications for enrollment after retirement are accepted anytime during the year, with coverage effective six months following the receipt of the application.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Members who did not make an election before the deadline retain the premium subsidy benefit and continue making the 3% contribution toward retiree healthcare. Deferred or nonvested members on September 3, 2012 who are rehired on or after September 4, 2012, will contribute 3% to retiree healthcare and will retain the premium subsidy benefit. Returning members who made the retirement healthcare election will retain whichever option they chose.

Those who elected to retain the premium subsidy continue to annually contribute 3% of compensation into the healthcare funding account. A member or former member age 60 or older, who made the 3% healthcare contributions but who does not meet eligibility requirements may request a refund of their contributions. Similarly, if a retiree dies before the total value of the insurance subsidy paid equals the total value of the contributions the member made, and there are no eligible dependents, the beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental benefit paid out over a 60-month period.

- Retirees with at least 21 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980, with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for subsidized employer-paid health benefit coverage.
- A delayed premium subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before
 July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for
 premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a
 service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier but are responsible for
 the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, the state no longer offers an insurance premium subsidy in retirement for public school employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012. Instead, all new employees will be placed into the Personal Healthcare Fund where they will have support saving for retirement healthcare costs in the following ways:

- They will be automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into a 457 account as of their date of hire, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account.
- They will receive a credit into a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) at termination if they have at least 10 years of service at termination. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least 60 years of age at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than 60 years of age at termination.

Participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund who become disabled for any reason are not eligible for any employer-funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a nonduty-related death, his or her health benefit dependents are not eligible to participate in any employer funded health insurance premium subsidy. If a PHF participant suffers a duty death, the state will pay the maximum health premium allowed by statute for the surviving spouse and health benefit dependents. The spouses' insurance subsidy may continue until his or her death, the dependents' subsidy may continue until their eligibility ends (through marriage, age, or other event). Upon eligibility for a duty death benefit, the 2% employer matching contributions and related earnings in the member's 401(k) are forfeited and the state will pay for the subsidy. The beneficiaries receive the member's personal contributions and related earnings in the member's 457 account.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND PRESENTATION

The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the members and employers are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the System. The reserves are described below, and details are provided in the supporting schedules.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 and Statement No. 74, which were adopted during the year ended September 30, 2014 and 2017, addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements for pension and other postemployment benefit plans, respectively. The requirements for both GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 require changes in presentation of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. Significant changes include an actuarial calculation of total and net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. It also includes comprehensive note disclosures regarding the pension and other postemployment benefit liability, the sensitivity of the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability to the discount rate, and increased investment activity disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 did not significantly impact the accounting for accounts receivable and investment balances. The total pension and other postemployment benefit liability, determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 and 74, is presented in Note 4 on page 32, Note 5 on page 36, and in the Required Supplementary Information beginning on page 50.

As of September 30, 2016, the System applied GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

RESERVES

Reserve for Employee Contributions

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments for regular and disability retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. Members no longer contribute to this reserve except to purchase eligible service credit or repay previously refunded contributions. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$1.6 billion.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reserve for Pension Plus Employee Contributions

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$354.6 million.

Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employee Contributions

This reserve represents active member contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Retired Benefit Payments for regular retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and amounts transferred to the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer II Contributions representing unclaimed funds. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$8.3 million.

Reserve for Member Investment Plan

This reserve represents MIP contributions and interest less refunds and transfers to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$7.9 billion.

Reserve for Employer Contributions

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was (\$25.3) billion.

Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$243.2 million.

Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employer Contributions

This reserve represents all reporting unit contributions for Pension Plus 2 members, except payments for health benefits. Interest from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income is credited annually at a rate of 7%. Amounts are transferred annually to the Reserve for Retired Pension Plus Benefit Payments to bring the balance of that reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$8.5 million.

Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$58.5 billion.

Reserve for Pension Plus Retired Benefit Payments

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 75 of 2010. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$112 thousand.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Retired Benefit Payments

This reserve represents payments of future retirement benefits to current Pension Plus 2 retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce this reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount, determined by an annual actuarial valuation, is transferred from the Reserve for Pension Plus 2 Employer Contributions to bring the balance of this reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. This reserve was established under the provisions of Public Act 92 of 2017. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$0.

Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income

This reserve represents all investment earnings. Interest is transferred annually to the other reserves. Administrative expenses of the System are paid from the Reserve for Administrative Expenses, which is credited with amounts from the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to cover the expenses. For ease of reporting and understanding, the two reserves are presented as one reserve in the supporting schedules. Public Act 143 of 1997 established a stabilization subaccount within the Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income to which any over funding is credited. As of September 30, 2019, the balance in the subaccount was \$0. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$7.6 billion.

Reserve for Health (OPEB) Related Benefits

This reserve is credited with employee and employer contributions for retirees' health, dental, and vision benefits. Starting in fiscal year 2013, the employer contribution is based on a prefunded basis and represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. In addition, in fiscal year 2019, this reserve includes revenue from the federal government for the Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP). Premiums for health, dental and vision benefits are paid from this reserve. At September 30, 2019, the balance in this reserve was \$6.9 billion.

REPORTING ENTITY

The System is a pension and other employee benefit trust fund of the State. As such, the System is considered part of the State and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund. The System and its Board are not financially accountable for any other entities or other organizations. Accordingly, the System is the only entity included in this financial report.

BENEFIT PROTECTION

Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed by the Michigan Legislature to protect pension benefits of public employees from alienation (being transferred). Alienation is attachment, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy or other legal process except for divorce orders or eligible domestic relation orders. The statutes governing the System contained an "anti-alienation" clause to provide for this protection; however, many smaller public pension systems did not have the benefit of this protection. Therefore, Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed to establish legal protection of pension assets that encompasses all public employees.

INVESTMENTS

Generally, investments are reported at fair value, consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper are reported at amortized cost. Additional disclosures describing investments are provided in Note 6.

INVESTMENT INCOME

Dividend and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Fair value changes are recorded as investment income or loss. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded as of the trade date (the date upon which the transaction is initiated), except for purchase and sale of mortgages, real estate, and private equity investments which are recorded as of the settlement date (the date upon which the transaction is ultimately completed). The effect of recording such transactions as of the settlement date does not materially affect the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THE SYSTEM

Each year a restricted general fund appropriation is requested to fund the ongoing business operations of the System. These administrative costs are ultimately funded by the System through the regular transfer of funds from the System to the State's general fund based on either a direct cost or allocation basis depending on the nature of the expense. Costs of administering the System are financed by undistributed investment income of the System.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Office space is leased from the State on a year-to-year basis. Office equipment is capitalized if the value exceeds \$5,000. These assets are recorded at cost and are reported net of depreciation in the *Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. Such assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years. As of September 30, 1998, all capitalized equipment was fully depreciated. No additional equipment has been capitalized for the System since that date.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Leases and Services

The System leases operating space and purchases certain administrative, data processing, legal and investment services from the State. The space and services are not otherwise available by competitive bid. The schedule on the next page summarizes costs incurred by the System for such services.

		2019
	_	(in thousands)
Building Rentals	\$	905
Technological Support		12,996
Attorney General		318
Investment Services		13,737
Personnel Services		10,059

Cash

At September 30, 2019, the System had \$117.4 million in a common cash investment pool maintained for various State operating funds. The participating funds in the common cash pool earn interest at various rates depending upon prevailing short-term interest rates. Earnings (Losses) from these activities amounted to \$0.3 million for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 3 – CONTRIBUTIONS

The majority of the members currently participate in the pension and OPEB plans on a contributory basis. Reporting units are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 were determined as of the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) as of September 30, 2016 are amortized over a 20 year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038. The schedules below summarize pension and OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PENSION CONTRIBUTION RATES

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer		
Basic	0.0 - 4.0 %	13.39 - 25.03 %		
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	13.39 - 25.03 //		
Pension Plus	3.0 - 7.0 3.0 - 6.4	16.46		
Pension Plus 2	3.0 - 6.4 6.2	19.59		
	0.2			
Defined Contribution	0.0	13.39		

OPEB CONTRIBUTION RATES

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer		
Premium Subsidy	3.0 %	6.42 - 7.93 %		
Personal Healthcare Fund	0.0	5.99 -7.57		

The System may reconcile with actuarial requirements annually. If the system reconciles in a year, any funding deficiency for pension benefits is smoothed over a maximum of five years, with at least one-fifth (20%) of the funding deficiency included in the subsequent year's contribution. This payment is not recognized as a receivable in the accounting records. If the System does not reconcile in a year, any funding deficiency for pension benefits is accounted for in subsequent required contributions over the remaining amortization period. For fiscal year 2019, the System reconciled.

In May 1996, the Internal Revenue Service issued a private letter ruling allowing the System's members to purchase service credit and repay refunds using tax-deferred (pre-tax) dollars. The program was implemented in fiscal year 1998, and payments began in fiscal year 1999. Public Act 92 of 2017 discontinued the option to initiate a service credit purchase for the majority of service credit types as of September 29, 2017.

The program allowed members to purchase service credit and repay refunds on a tax-deferred basis. Members sign an irrevocable agreement that identifies the contract duration, monthly payment, total contract amount and years of service credit being purchased. The duration of the contract can range from 1 to 20 years. The payment amounts are withheld from members' paychecks and are treated as employer pick-up contributions pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h). Contracts entered into prior to the September 29, 2017 deadline remain in effect.

At September 30, 2019, there were 6,105 agreements. The agreements were discounted using the contractual interest rate of 8.00% for September 30, 2019. The average remaining length of a contract was approximately 5.5 years for 2019. The short-term receivable was \$13.0 million, and the discounted long-term receivable was \$30.8 million at September 30, 2019.

NOTE 4 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

MEASUREMENT OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Pension Liability

(in thousands)

Total Pension Liability	\$ 84,643,399
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	50,857,170
Net Pension Liability	\$ 33,786,229
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	60.08%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	377.13%
Total Covered Payroll	\$ 8,958,777

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Bureau of Investments (BOI) for each major asset class included in the pension plan's portfolio as of September 30, 2019. These best estimates and the plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0 %	5.5 %
Private Equity Pools	18.0	8.6
International Equity Pools	16.0	7.3
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	1.2
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.2
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	5.4
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	0.8
TOTAL	100.0 %	

^{*} Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

DISCOUNT RATE

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan) for the fiscal year 2019. In fiscal year 2018, the single discount rate used to measure the pension liability was 7.05% (7.00% for the Pension Plus Plan and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future, plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 67, we determined the sensitivity of the net pension liability, in thousands, to changes in the single discount rate. The following table presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	Current Discount			
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase		
 5.80% / 5.0%	6.80% / 6.0%	7.80% / 7.0%		
\$43,842,151	\$33,786,229	\$25,446,801		

TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the pension plan's fiscal year end.

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuation for the pension plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 67 for pension.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the Net Pension Liability schedules and notes was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date September 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Actuarial Assumptions

Wage Inflation Rate 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return

MIP and Basic Plans
 Pension Plus Plan
 Pension Plus 2 Plan
 6.80% net of investment expenses
 6.00% net of investment expenses

Projected Salary Increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75% Cost of Living Adjustment 3% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled

by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100%

and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-

2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled

100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2017 from 2006.

Notes Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period

2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension liability beginning with the

September 30, 2017 valuations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 – NET OPEB LIABILITY

MEASUREMENT OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

The net OPEB liability is to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

Net OPEB Liability

(in thousands)

Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net OPEB Liability	\$ 14,161,627 6,892,099 7,269,528
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	48.67%
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	81.14%
Total Covered Payroll	\$ 8,958,777

LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Bureau of Investments (BOI) for each major asset class that is included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019. These best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0 %	5.5 %
Private Equity Pools	18.0	8.6
International Equity Pools	16.0	7.3
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	1.2
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.2
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	5.4
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	0.8
TOTAL	100.0 %	

^{*} Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.37%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DISCOUNT RATE

A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for fiscal year 2019. In fiscal year 2018, the single discount rate used to measure the pension liability was 7.15%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, we have determined the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes, in thousands, in the single discount rate. The following table presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

Current Discount						
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase				
5.95%	6.95%	7.95%				
\$8,919,920	\$7,269,528	\$5,883,386				

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, we have determined the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes, in thousands, in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following table presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

Current Healthcare					
1% Decrease	1% Increase				
\$5,824,117	\$7,269,528	\$8,920,697			

TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total OPEB liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total OPEB liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year end.

The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations for the OPEB plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 74 for OPEB.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the Net OPEB Liability schedules and notes was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date September 30, 2018 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Wage Inflation Rate 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 6.95% net of investment expenses

Projected Salary Increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate² 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 12

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled

by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100%

and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-

2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled

100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2017 from 2006.

Other Assumptions: 1

Opt Out Assumption 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those

hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health

plan.

Survivor Coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes: Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period

2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total OPEB liability beginning with the September

30, 2017 valuation.

¹ Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012.

² Applies to medical Rx payments

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 - INVESTMENTS

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Oder 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems. The Board is responsible for investing the System's assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and with Public Act 380 of 1965, as amended. Investments are made subject to the Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act authorizes, with certain restrictions, the investment of pension fund assets in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, and certain short-term and private equity investments. Investments must be made for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to active members, retired members and beneficiaries, and for defraying the expenses of investing the assets.

DERIVATIVES

The Board employs the use of derivatives in the investment of the pension and other employee benefit trust funds (the trust funds).

Derivatives are used in managing the trust fund portfolios, but uses do not include speculation or leverage of investments. State investment statutes limit total derivative exposure to 15% of a fund's total asset value, and restrict uses to replication of returns and hedging of assets. Swap agreements represent the largest category of derivative investments subject to this limitation. Option and Future contracts traded daily on an exchange and settling in cash daily or having a limited and fully defined risk profile at an identified, fixed cost are not subject to the derivative exposure limitation. Less than 15% of the total trust funds' portfolio has been invested from time to time in future contracts, swap agreements, structured notes, option and forward contracts

The derivative fair values are reported on the Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position as of September 30, 2019, in their respective investment pool's fair value. Derivative net increase and decrease are reported on the Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, under "Investment income (loss)", in "Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments". Bond interest, swap payments, and dividends are reported under "Investment income (loss)", in "Interest, dividends, and other".

Derivative Investment Table as of September 30, 2019 (in millions):

Investment and Investment Type	Percentage of Fair Value	Notional Value	Investments at Fair Value	Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value	Investment Income	Fair Value Subject to Credit Risk
Future Contracts Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	0.0%	\$ 233.2	\$ 1.4	\$ (1.8)	\$ -	\$ 0.0
Option Contracts Equity, Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	0.6	23,299.4	318.8	(109.9)	-	0.0
Swap Agreements Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	2.5	3,272.8	1,431.7	35.6	(19.0)	132.3
Total		\$ 26,805.4	\$ 1,751.9	\$ (76.1)	\$ (19.0)	\$ 132.3

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To diversify the Board has entered into international swap agreements with investment grade counterparties, which are tied to stock market indices in approximately forty-eight foreign countries. Generally, the notional amount of equity swaps tied to foreign stock market indices is executed via a net total return USD index. agreements provide that the System will pay quarterly over the term of swap agreements, interest indexed to the three-month London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR), adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. International equity swap agreement maturity dates range from October 2019 to June 2020, U.S. Treasury Bonds, U.S. Corporate Bonds, and other public market fixed income securities, as well as. other investments are held to correspond with the notional amount of the international swap agreements. The value of the international synthetic equity structures is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of the notes and other investments. The book value represents the cost of the bonds, notes, and other investments. The current value represents the current value of the bonds, notes, and other investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. The current value is used as a representation of the fair value based on the intention to hold all swap agreements until maturity. At the maturity of the swap agreements, the trust funds will either receive the increase in the value of the equity indices from the level at the inception of the agreements or pay the decrease in the value of the indices. The combined swap structure generally realizes gains and losses on a rolling basis.

To reduce the risk in the Fixed Income and International Equity portfolios, the Board has entered into FX swap agreements, interest rate swap agreements and credit default swap agreements with investment grade counterparties. The FX swap agreements are tied to foreign currency forward exchange rates and are used to reduce the currency risk within the fixed income portfolio. The swap agreements are entered into on an as-needed basis and are generally tied to the maturity of a foreign government bond indenture denominated in a foreign currency. The purpose of the FX swap agreement that has a final maturity date of less than three months, is to reduce or eliminate the currency risk on foreign bond transactions. US. Domestic LIBOR-based floating rate notes, U.S. Treasury securities, and portfolio cash are held to correspond with the notional amount of FX swap agreements within the Fixed Income and International Equity portfolios. Interest rate swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposures and substitute for physical securities. Long swap positions that receive fixed rate, increase exposure to long-term interest rates; short swap positions that pay fixed rate, decrease exposure. Credit default swaps (CDS) are used to manage credit exposure without buying or selling securities outright. Written CDS increase credit exposure, selling protection, obligating the portfolio to buy bonds from counterparties in the event of a default. Purchased CDS decrease exposure, buying protection, providing the right to "Put" bonds to the counterparty in the event of a default.

Counterparty credit risk is the maximum loss amount that would be incurred if the counterparties to the derivative instrument failed to perform according to the terms of the contract, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement. For the Over-The-Counter (OTC) derivative investments, the system held collateral of \$37.3 million in cash deposits and \$59.7 million in securities on behalf of counterparties. Collateral securities in the amount of \$0.3 million were held on our behalf by counterparties.

The Board traded bond future contracts to manage duration, yield curve exposure, adjust interest rate exposures and replicate bond positions.

To enhance returns while limiting downside risk, the Board traded equity options in single securities and on indices in the Large Cap Core and All Cap GARP funds. Domestic equity options were used for the purpose of stock replacement, in conjunction with dividend stocks to drive excess returns over the S&P 500, and to provide added exposure to strong equity markets while limiting principal at risk. Put options are used to protect against large negative moves in the market indices. Options traded by the Board in the Fixed Income and International Equity pools are used to manage interest rate and volatility exposures. Written options generate income in expected interest rate scenarios and may generate capital losses, if unexpected interest rate environments are realized. Both written and purchased options will become worthless at expiration if the underlying instrument does not reach the strike price of the option.

SECURITIES LENDING

The System, pursuant to a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, has authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street") to act as the System's agent in lending System's securities to approved borrowers. State Street, as agent, enters into Securities Loan Agreements with borrowers.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the fiscal year, State Street lent, on behalf of the Board, certain securities of the System held by State Street as custodian and received cash or other collateral including securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government. The types of securities lent were equity, and fixed income, which includes government and corporate bonds and notes. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to at least 100% of the fair value of the loaned securities.

Pursuant to the Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, State Street had an obligation to indemnify the System in the event of default by a borrower. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year that resulted in a declaration or notice of default of the Borrower.

During the fiscal year, the System and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate securities lending transactions upon notice. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. As of September 30, 2019, such investment pool had an average duration of 6 days and an average weighted final maturity of 124 days for USD. Because the loans were terminable at will their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On September 30, 2019, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The fair value of collateral held and the fair value (USD) of securities on loan for the client as of September 30, 2019, was \$2,277.9 million and \$2,231.8 million, respectively.

RISK

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices and the risks associated with them. The credit risk, (including custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk), the interest rate risk, and the foreign currency risk are discussed in the following paragraphs. Amounts represent the pro rata share of the underlying investments as required by GASB Statement No. 40. These investments are held in internal investment pools and reported as such in the financial statements.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

- Short-Term Fixed Income Investments Eligible commercial paper investments must be rated within one
 of the two highest rating classifications ("1" or "2") at the time of purchase from one of the nationally
 recognized ratings organizations (NRSROs) specified in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. Borrowers
 must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the Board may not invest in more
 than 10% of the borrower's outstanding debt.
- Long-Term Fixed Income Investments Investment grade and noninvestment grade securities may be
 acquired in compliance with the parameters set forth in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, and the
 Board's Investment Policy Statement for the System. Public Act 314 defines investment grade as
 investments in the top four major grades, rated by one of the NRSROs. At September 30, 2019, the System
 was in compliance with Public Act 314 and the Investment Policy Statement in all material aspects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rated Debt Investments

(in thousands) As of September 30, 2019

Investment Type	Fair Value	S&P	Fair Value	Moody's
Short Term	\$ 1,731,548	A-1	\$ 1,731,856	P-1
	109,214	A-2	109,214	P-2
	15,709	NR	15,401	NR
Government Securities				
U.S. Agencies - Sponsored	2,112	AAA	1,125,196	Aaa
	1,123,085	AA	-	Aa
Fixed Income				
	487,852	AAA	683,718	Aaa
	210,791	AA	301,045	Aa
	562,274	Α	867,313	Α
	1,589,702	BBB	1,073,609	Baa
	268,375	BB	431,816	Ва
	205,437	В	245,187	В
	128,206	CCC	125,911	Caa
	62,792	CC	88,451	Ca
	-	С	372	С
	30,456	D	-	D
	1,588,785	NR	1,317,248	NR
Securities Lending Collateral				
Short Term	351,378	A-1	389,925	P-1
	455,737	NR	763,157	NR
Components	400,000	ΛΛ	505 074	۸ -
Corporate	160,282	AA	505,274	Aa
	1,295,874	A	619,554	A
	14,639	BBB	-	Baa
Mutual Funds			0.7.000	Ā
	05.000	DDD	35,999	Aaa
	25,669	BBB	25,669	Baa
	7,255	BB	7,255	Ва
	75,078	В	75,078	В
	 35,999	NR	 	
Total	\$ 10,538,249		\$ 10,538,249	

NR - Not Rated

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government name.

The Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the State's custodial bank had a credit rating of A at September 30, 2019. As of September 30, 2019, no securities were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Other than obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies or United States government sponsored enterprises, the System is prohibited by Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, from investing more than 5% of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5% of a System's assets in the obligations of any one issuer. When calculating the amount of outstanding obligations, the System includes publicly issued and privately held debt.

At September 30, 2019, there were no investments in any single issuer that accounted for more than 5% of the System's assets. The System held one investment that exceeded the 5% cap in obligations of any one issuer. The System is aware of the breach and in accordance with MCL 38.1133(3)(g), is developing a prudent plan for reallocating assets to comply with the prescribed limitations.

Interest Rate Risk - Fixed Income Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Boards policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2019, the fair value of the System's prime commercial paper was \$1,791.8 million with the weighted average maturity of 44 days.

The Board does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to U.S. Treasuries determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration and higher interest rates result in longer duration.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Debt Securities

(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2019

	ı	Fair Value	Effective Duration in Years
Government			
U. S. Treasury	\$	2,959,663	7.0
U. S. Agencies - Backed		460,446	2.3
U. S. Agencies - Sponsored		1,125,196	2.3
Corporate		4,618,622	2.9
International*			
U. S. Treasury		589,283	1.1
Corporate		724,758	0.4
Total	\$	10,477,969	

^{*} International contains Domestic Government and Corporate Debt Securities as a part of their derivative strategies. The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

The System invests in various securities denominated in foreign currencies. Authorized global securities include equities, fixed income, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. These investments are limited to 30% of the total assets of the System with additional limits of not more than 5% of the outstanding global securities of any one issuer and no more than 5% of the System's assets in the global securities of any one issuer. In addition to these limits, the Board cannot acquire securities with companies that have active business operations in the state sponsors of terror as identified by the United States Secretary of State. At September 30, 2019, the total amount of foreign investment subject to foreign currency risk was \$9,115.1 million, which amounted to 15.8% of total investments (exclusive of securities lending collateral) of the System.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Foreign Currency Risk

(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2019

		As of S	September 30		LINIVATA		
Region	Country	Currency	Equity Fair Value in U.S. \$ *	Fixed Income Fair Value in U.S. \$	Absolute Return in U.S. \$	Equity, Real Estate, & Infrastructure in U.S. \$	
AMERICA							
	Brazil	Real	\$ -	\$ 7,906	\$ 6,365	\$ 22,406	
	Canada	Dollar	-	6,303	31,467	27,743	
	Mexico	Peso	431	13,910	-	92,823	
	Peru	Sol	-	927	-	-	
	Uruguay	Peso	-	466	-	-	
	Columbia	Peso	-	383	-	-	
	Chile	Peso	-	1,876	-	-	
	Argentina	Peso	-	-	1,136	-	
PACIFIC							
	Australia	Dollar	1,209	1,531	26,406	-	
	Hong Kong	Dollar	449	-	26,749	-	
	India	Rupee	-	1,169	-	101,949	
	Indonesia	Rupiah	-	1,112	-	-	
	Japan	Yen	-	6,499	88,948	-	
	Malaysia	Ringgit	-	2,877	-	-	
	Taiwan	New Dollar	-	-	9,146	-	
	China	Renminbi	15,040	-	5,068	4,591	
	Singapore	Dollar	439	-	1,523	-	
	South Korea	Won	-	13,454	-	-	
	Thailand	Baht	-	3,675	-	-	
	Sri Lanka	Rupee	-	866	-	-	
EUROPE		·					
	Denmark	Krone	-	-	10,164	-	
	European Union	Euro	109,659	115,433	97,894	434,980	
	Poland	Zloty	, -	66	, -	, -	
	United Kingdom	Pound Sterling	65,237	7,517	49,025	51,546	
	Romania	Leu	· <u>-</u>	3,111	-	· <u>-</u>	
	Sweden	Krona	449	2,482	35,392	-	
	Switzerland	Franc	16,881	, <u>-</u>	17,493	-	
AFRICA			-,		,		
	South Africa	Rand	1,165	5,001	14	-	
	Egypt	Pound	-	1,999	-	-	
	Liberia	Dollar	4,005	-	-	_	
MIDDLE EA			.,				
	Israel	New Shekel	-	5,850	-	-	
OTHER	Various			80,677	5,788,174	1,684,051	
	Total		\$ 214,964	\$ 285,092	\$ 6,194,965	\$ 2,420,087	

^{*} International includes derivatives whose market value exposure to foreign currency risk is the net amount of unrealized gains and unrealized losses. Maturity dates on these investments range from October 2019 through June 2020 with an average maturity of 0.5 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Retirement System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Not all investments held by the Retirement System are recorded at fair value. GASB 72 allows for certain investments to be recorded at cost (or amortized cost or any other valuation method), and therefore, they are not presented in the fair value hierarchy table. Equity and fixed income securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity Swaps and Fixed Income securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique and other significant observable inputs. Equity and fixed income securities classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a third party data and reports that are unobservable. Securities reported at Net Asset Value (NAV) are valued using the most recent third party statement adjusted for cash flows as of September 30, 2019. Investments that are measured at fair value using the Net Asset Value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Retirement System's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

			Fair Value Measurement Using				
				Quoted Prices In		Significant Other	Significant
				Active Markets		Observable	Unobservable
				for		Inputs	Inputs
	E	Balance at		Identical Assets			
Investments by fair value level:	Septe	mber 30, 2019		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	74,000	\$	5,864	\$	68,136	\$ -
Equity							
Depository Receipts		75,437		75,437		-	-
Common Stocks		10,056,869		10,055,534		-	1,336
Real Estate Investments Trusts		1,104,548		1,104,548		-	-
Swaps		50,479		-		52,288	(1,808)
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's		6,913,602		6,913,602		-	-
Options		318,943		323,007		(4,064)	-
Total Equity		18,519,879		18,472,127		48,224	(473)
Fixed Income							
Asset Backed		1,722,196		-		1,707,403	14,794
Corporate Bonds		2,464,017		-		2,445,522	18,495
Commercial mortgage-backed		1,444,703		-		1,444,317	387
Government Issues		3,775,025		3,548,947		223,762	2,317
Swaps		(2,074)		-		(2,074)	-
US Agency Issues		920,992		-		920,992	-
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's		108,002		108,002		-	-
Options		(145)		-		(145)	-
Total Fixed Income		10,432,717		3,656,949		6,739,776	35,992
Total investments by fair value level	\$	29,026,596	\$	22,134,940	\$	6,856,136	\$ 35,520
Investments measured at the net asset value	(NAV)						
Private Equity	\$	10,409,088					
Real Estate and Infrastructure		5,333,804					
Absolute Return		3,150,917					
Real Return		6,114,232					
Other Limited Partnerships		1,519,526					
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	26,527,567					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	55,554,163	_				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Additional disclosures for fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate the Net Asset Value per Share (or its equivalent):

Private Equity Funds

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 10,409,088 Unfunded commitments 6,157,418

Private Equity funds. These types of investment includes investments in approximately 271 partnerships that invest in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, mezzanine debt, distressed debt, secondary funds and other investments. These type of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It's expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of five to eight years. However, as of September 30, 2019, it is probable that all of the investments in this group will be sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent). Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments. As of September 30, 2019, a buyer for these investments has not been identified.

Real Estate and Infrastructure

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 5,333,804 Unfunded commitments 1,152,975

Real Estate and Infrastructure funds include approximately 111 accounts (limited partnerships, limited liability companies, etc.) that invest in real estate or infrastructure related assets. The fair value of the Real Estate and Infrastructure funds have been determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These types of investments cannot be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from these funds will be received as the underlying investments are sold and liquidated over time. It is expected that the underlying assets will be sold over the next 5 – 15 years. However, buyers have not been determined so the fair value has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital.

Absolute Return Portfolio

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 3,150,917 Unfunded commitments \$ 46.338

This type includes approximately 7 investments in hedge funds and hedge fund of funds that pursue multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. For 74.3% of the investments, investors may redeem at various dates between October 1, 2019 and January 1, 2021; 13.9% of the investments are redeemable between January 1, 2021 through April 1, 2025; and the remaining 11.8% is not redeemable on demand.

Real Return and Opportunistic Portfolio

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 6,114,232 Unfunded commitments \$ 3,027,827

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This type includes approximately 90 funds that invest in private credit, tangible and intangible real assets, or other real return and opportunistic strategies. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next 5 to 10 years.

All Other Investments

(in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 1,519,526 Unfunded commitments 29,117

The balance of plan assets reported at fair value includes:

- A limited partnership (LP) that invests in the equity of Japanese companies. This LP permits partners to withdraw funds quarterly with 180 days of advance notice.
- LPs that invest in fixed income type investment; residential rehabilitation, middle market business loans and senior secured debt financing. These investments cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund.
- LPs that invest in fixed income type investments permitting partners to request redemption monthly or quarterly, after initial lock up period of 1 year or less, requiring 45 to 65 days' advance notice.
- LPs investing in global investments permitting partners to request partial redemptions quarterly or monthly, with advance notice, subject to the sole discretion of the general partner.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Under the Administrative Procedures Act, members may appeal a decision made by the Retirement Board. Once the administrative procedure has been exhausted, the decision may be appealed in Michigan's court system. Various cases that have exhausted the administrative procedures have been appealed in the court system. These cases are in the normal course of business and the System does not anticipate any material loss as a result of the contingent liabilities.

Marra ra	D	F	0
NOTES TO	BASIC	FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS

This page was intentionally left blank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Fiscal Year							
	2019		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability	 							
Service Cost	\$ 779,545	\$	752,589	\$	675,804	\$ 682,608	\$ 674,943	\$ 738,574
Interest	5,561,469		5,352,730		5,348,515	5,226,021	5,137,527	4,959,187
Changes of benefit terms								
Differences between expected								
and actual experience	119,391		(187,289)		(120,998)	401,202	(75,932)	-
Changes of assumptions	2,226,621		6,588,286		3,461,025	-	-	1,054,479
Benefit payments, including								
refunds of member contributions	 (5,087,969)		(4,963,271)		(4,833,050)	(4,695,818)	(4,555,349)	(4,417,169)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,599,058		7,543,045		4,531,295	1,614,013	1,181,190	2,335,070
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	81,044,341		73,501,296		68,970,001	67,355,988	66,174,798	63,839,728
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 84,643,399	\$	81,044,341	\$	73,501,296	\$ 68,970,001	\$ 67,355,988	\$ 66,174,798
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,706,713	\$	2,791,509	\$	2,398,950	\$ 2,308,657	\$ 1,967,611	1,600,375
Contributions - Member	403,147		393,059		427,988	398,893	395,722	405,444
Net Investment Income	2,519,320		5,135,866		5,583,469	3,095,178	938,143	6,192,711
Benefit payments, including								
refunds of member contributions	(5,087,969)		(4,963,271)		(4,833,050)	(4,695,818)	(4,555,349)	(4,417,169)
Administrative and Other Expenses	(27,741)		(25,952)		(26,133)	(26,213)	(24,487)	(23,711)
Other ¹	 202		504		(20)	(2,479)	(112,468)	
Net Change in Plan								
Fiduciary Net Position	513,672		3,331,715		3,551,204	1,078,218	(1,390,828)	3,757,649
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 50,343,498		47,011,783		43,460,579	 42,382,361	 43,773,189	40,015,540
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 50,857,170	\$	50,343,498	\$	47,011,783	\$ 43,460,579	\$ 42,382,361	\$ 43,773,189
Net Pension Liability -								
Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 33,786,229	\$	30,700,843	\$	26,489,513	\$ 25,509,422	\$ 24,973,627	\$ 22,401,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage								
of the Total Pension Liability	60.08%		62.12%		63.96%	63.01%	62.92%	66.15%
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,958,777	\$	8,583,695	\$	8,452,983	\$ 8,510,200	\$ 8,426,755	\$ 8,895,091
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage								
of Covered Payroll	377.13%		357.66%		313.37%	299.75%	296.36%	251.84%

¹ University employer contribution refund for fiscal years 2015 and 2016.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY

	2019	Fis	scal Year 2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 179,016	\$	188,707	\$ 205,693
Interest	1,003,488		1,050,293	1,014,612
Changes of benefit terms	-		-	-
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	(1,835,497)		(1,748,107)	(118,988)
Changes of assumptions	1,102,881		1,044,391	-
Benefit payments, including				
refunds of member contributions	(467,095)		(531,998)	(702, 160)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(17,207)		3,286	399,157
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	14,178,834		14,175,547	13,776,390
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 14,161,627	\$	14,178,834	\$ 14,175,547
				 ,
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 707,714	\$	663,708	\$ 794,667
Contributions - Member	208,197		210,680	214,249
Net Investment Income	336,063		594,893	595,265
Benefit payments, including				
refunds of member contributions	(467,095)		(531,998)	(1,255,980)
Administrative and Other Expenses	(4,098)		(3,912)	(2,605)
Other	 75		96	 -
Net Change in Plan			000 407	0.45 500
Fiduciary Net Position	780,857		933,467	345,596
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	6,111,241		5,177,775	4,832,179
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 6,892,099	\$	6,111,241	\$ 5,177,775
Net OPEB Liability -				
Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 7,269,528	\$	8,067,592	\$ 8,997,773
DI ELL MAD W				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	48.67%		43.10%	36.53%
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,958,777	\$	8,583,695	\$ 8,452,983
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	81.14%		93.99%	106.44%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS

PENSION BENEFITS

(in thousands)

Actual

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) ¹	Actual Employer Contribution ²	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2010	\$ 1,182,164	\$ 1,001,252	\$ 180,912	\$ 8,845,019	11.3 %
2011	1,418,355	1,156,061	262,294	9,155,691	12.6
2012	1,744,512	1,454,439	290,073	8,649,029	16.8
2013	1,931,894	1,364,136	567,758	8,225,140	16.6
2014	2,117,097	1,600,375	516,722	8,895,091	18.0
2015	2,184,029	1,967,611	216,418	8,426,755	23.4
2016	2,312,223	2,308,657	3,566	8,510,200	27.1
2017	2,334,212	2,398,950	(64,738)	8,452,983	28.4
2018	2,474,279	2,791,509	(317,230)	8,583,695	32.5
2019	2,712,859	2,706,713	6,146	8,958,777	30.2

¹ The ADC has been recalculated for all years presented in order to reflect only the employer's share of the annual required contributions and current assumptions.

OPEB BENEFITS

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	D	Actuarially etermined ontribution (ADC)	Actual mployer tributions ²	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2010	\$	2,363,039	\$ 675,117	\$ 1,687,922	\$ 8,845,019	7.6 %
2011		2,149,489	794,840	1,354,649	9,155,691	8.7
2012		2,038,873	795,595	1,243,278	8,649,029	9.2
2013 ¹		1,466,840	973,003	493,837	8,225,140	11.8
2014		944,571	1,000,032	(55,461)	8,895,091	11.2
2015		974,957	969,419	5,538	8,426,755	11.5
2016		911,687	883,943	27,744	8,510,200	10.4
2017		815,985	794,667	21,318	8,452,983	9.4
2018		673,996	663,708	10,288	8,583,695	7.7
2019		711,059	707,714	3,345	8,958,777	7.9

¹ Revised investment rate of return from 4% to 8% due to prefunding.

² Differences between the ADC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed and the contributions are made.

Differences between the ADC and the actual contributions are the result of a timing difference between when the actuarial valuation is completed and the contributions are made.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

PENSION BENEFITS

Fiscal Year	Annual Return ¹
0044	40.50 %
2014	12.58 %
2015	(0.02)
2016	5.91
2017	13.24
2018	11.11
2019	5.14

¹ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

OPEB BENEFITS

Fiscal Year	Annual Return ¹						
2017	11.82 %						
2018	10.75						
2019	5.37						

¹ Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE A - DESCRIPTION

Ten year historical trend information designed to provide information about the System's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the preceding schedules. Other ten year historical trend information related to the System is presented in the Statistical and Actuarial Sections of the report. This information is presented to enable the reader to assess the progress made by the System in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension and other postemployment benefits as they become due.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension and other postemployment benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedules of Contributions are presented to show the responsibility of the Employer in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain the System on a sound financial basis.

The Schedules of Changes in Net Pension and OPEB Liability, Schedules of Contributions, and Schedules of Investment Returns are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 67 for pension and No. 74 for OPEB. These schedules are required to show information for ten years; additional years will be displayed as they becomes available. The Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities represents in actuarial terms the accrued liability less the fair value of assets. The Schedule of Contributions is a comparison of the employer's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions. The Schedule of Investment Returns represents a money-weighted rate of return that expresses investment performance, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The actuarially determined contributions presented in the Schedule of Contributions for pension and OPEB are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the fiscal year 2019 contributions reported in that schedule.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2019:

Pension and OPEB

Valuation Date September 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Amortization Method Level percent of payroll, closed period

Remaining Amortization

Period

20 years as of October 1, 2018 ending September 30, 2038

Price Inflation 2.50%

Projected Salary Increases 3.50% - 12.30%, including wage inflation at 3.50%

Retirement Age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions.

Mortality

Retirees RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements

to 2025 using project scale BB. 100% of the table rates were used for males and

females.

Active RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements

to 2025 using project scale BB. 80% of the table rates were used for males and

70% of the table rates were used for females.

Pension

Asset Valuation Method 5 year smoothed fair value

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% (7.00% for Hybrid plan), net of investment and administrative expenses

OPEB

Asset Valuation Method Fair value

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% net of investment and administrative expenses

Health Care Trend Rates - Medical and prescription drugs: 7.50% trend, gradually decreasing to 3.50% in

year 12. Medicare payments: 7.50% trend, gradually decreasing to 3.50% in year

12.

- Dental/Vision: 3.50% trend for all years.

Aging Factors Based on an internal GRS study using several pricing manuals from National Health

Care Consultant groups and incorporating analysis and data from a SOA survey

regarding aging practices used in health care valuations.

Notes Some of the assumptions used to develop the 2019 Total Pension Liability (TPL)

and the 2019 Total OPEB Liability (TOL) are different than the assumptions shown above. The assumptions used to develop the TPL are described in Note 4 (Page 32) of this report and the assumptions used to develop the TOL are described in

Note 5 (page 36) of this report.

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 (in thousands)

Personnel Services:	
Staff Salaries	\$ 4,348
Staff Retirement and Social Security	2,424
Other Staff Fringe Benefits	855
Total	7,627
Professional Services:	
Accounting	1,780
Actuarial	376
Attorney General	318
Audit	482
Consulting	391
Medical	269
Total	3,616
Building and Equipment:	
Building Rentals	905
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	25
Total	 931
Miscellaneous:	
Travel and Board Meetings	33
Office Supplies	28
Postage, Telephone, and Other	2,207
Printing	304
Technological Support	12,996
Total	15,567
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 27,741

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 (in thousands)

Staff Salaries	\$ 1,386
Staff Retirement and Social Security	773
Other Staff Fringe Benefits	272
Consulting	1,584
Postage, Telephone, and Other	81
Health Fees	152,860
Dental Fees	5,147
Vision Fees	217
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 162,321

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 (in thousands)

Real Estate Operating Expenses	\$ 1,804
Securities Lending Expenses	58,289
Other Investment Expenses ¹	
ORS-Investment Expenses ²	13,737
Custody Fees	1,307
Management Fees	240,820
Research Fees	3,743

Total Investment Expenses \$ 319,700

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 (in thousands)

Accounting	\$ 1,780
Actuary	376
Attorney General	318
Independent Auditors	482
Consulting	1,975
Medical Advisor	269

Total Payments \$ 5,200

¹ Refer to the Investment Section for fees paid to investment professionals.

Does not exclude Treasury Civil Service fees recorded as a pass through in the Schedule of Investment Fee - State Treasurer. As of September 30, 2019, fees totaled \$196,521.

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

DETAIL OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(Pension and other Postemployment Benefits)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019 (in thousands)

	Employee entributions	Cor	mployee ntributions nsion Plus	Contr	ployee ributions on Plus 2	Member nvestment Plan		imployer ntributions
Additions:								
Contributions:								
Member contributions	\$ 13,045	\$	60,840	\$	7,488	\$ 321,773	\$	-
Employer contributions:								
Colleges and universities	-		-		-	-		213,900
School districts and other	-		-		-	-		2,442,569
Other governmental contributions	 		<u>-</u>					<u>-</u>
Total contributions	13,045		60,840		7,488	321,773		2,656,469
Investment income (loss):	 							
Net increase (decrease) in fair								
value of investments	-		-		-	-		-
Interest, dividends, and other	-		-		-	-		-
Investment expenses:								
Real estate operating expenses	-		-		-	-		-
Other investment expenses	-		-		-	-		-
Securities lending activities:								
Securities lending income	_		_		-	-		_
Securities lending expenses	-		-		-	-		-
Net investment income (loss)	-		-		_	_		-
Miscellaneous income	-		-		_	_		-
Total additions	 13,045		60,840		7,488	 321,773		2,656,469
Deductions:								
Benefits paid to plan								
members and beneficiaries:								
Retirement benefits	_		_		_	_		_
Health benefits	_		_		_	_		_
Dental/vision benefits	_		_		_	_		_
Refund of contributions	3,794		1,830		24	23,570		110
Administrative and other expenses	-,		-					_
Total deductions	 3.794		1.830		24	 23,570		110
	 		,			 		
Net Increase (Decrease) before other								
changes	9,251		59,009		7,465	298,203		2,656,359
Other Changes in Net Position:								
Interest allocation	72,095		30,249		16	772,473		-
Transfers upon retirement	(90,595)		-		-	(413,154)		-
Transfers of employer shares	 				-	 		(2,781,006)
Total other changes in net position	 (18,500)		30,249		16	 359,319		(2,781,006)
Net Increase (Decrease)								
in Net Position	(9,249)		89,258		7,481	657,522		(124,647)
Net Position Restricted for								
Pension Benefits and OPEB:								
Beginning of Year	1,559,624		265,294		849	7,202,465		(25,192,084)
End of Year	\$ 1,550,375	\$	354,552	\$	8,331	\$ 7,859,987	1	(25,316,731)
								<u>, </u>

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

Con	nployer tributions sion Plus	Employer Contributions Pension Plus		Retired Benefit Payments Pension Plus	Retired Benefit Payments Pension Plus 2	Undistributed Investment Income	ОРЕВ	Total
\$	-	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 208,197	\$ 611,344
	6 440	27					EC 000	277 260
	6,113 36,848	373 6,909		-	-	-	56,982 650,732	277,368 3,137,059
	30,040	0,90		_	_	-	233,196	233,196
	42,961	7,282	2 -				1,149,108	4,258,967
	-			-	-	1,973,907	266,684	2,240,591
	-			-	-	770,311	98,493	868,803
	_		_	_	_	(1,595)	(209)	(1,804)
	_		-	- -	_	(229,854)	(29,754)	(259,607)
						(==0,00.)	(=0,.0.)	(200,001)
	-			-	-	57,884	7,805	65,689
			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	(51,334)	(6,955)	(58,289)
	-		<u> </u>	-	-	2,519,320	336,063	2,855,383
	-		- 201	-	-	2	74	277
	42,961	7,282		-	-	2,519,322	1,485,245	7,114,627
_	42,961	7,282	5,058,614 17 - 17 - 5,058,631 2 (5,058,430)	10 - - - - 10 (10)	- - - - - -	27,741 27,741 27,741	469,017 73,017 34 162,321 704,388 780,857	5,058,624 469,017 73,017 29,378 190,062 5,820,098
	13,101	7	1 6,270,156	12		(7,158,173)		
	13,101		- 503,749	12	-	(7,130,173)	-	-
	(8)		2,781,006	8	_	_	_	_
	13,093	7′		20		(7,158,173)		
	56,054	7,350	3 4,496,481	10	-	(4,666,592)	780,857	1,294,529
\$	187,156 243,210	1,186 \$ 8,540		103 \$ 112	<u>-</u>	12,265,837 \$ 7,599,245	6,111,242 \$ 6,892,099	56,454,740 \$ 57,749,269

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

This page was intentionally left blank.

Prepared by Michigan Department of Treasury, Bureau of Investments

Jon M. Braeutigam, Chief Investment Officer

Report on Investment Activity
Asset Allocation
Investment Results
Largest Assets Held
Schedule of Investment Fees
Schedule of Investment Commissions
Investment Summary

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

INTRODUCTION

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Order 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems (Systems). The Board is responsible for investing the Systems' assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and State law. Pursuant to powers provided in the Order, the Board duly authorized and delegated duties to the Department of Treasury's Bureau of Investments (BOI) to invest, prudently manage, and oversee the assets of the Systems and to take certain other actions that support the BOI's mandate in this regard. In furtherance of these duties, the BOI delivers quarterly investment activity reports to the Board that detail the investments, goals, and objectives of the Systems.

The Board is comprised of five members: three (3) public members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and two (2) ex-officio members. The public members serve four (4) year terms and are limited to two (2) such terms. The State Treasurer, as the chair of the Board, and the State Budget Director are the exofficio members. As of September 30, 2019, members of the Board were as follows: Rachael Eubanks (chair, exofficio member), Chris Kolb (ex-officio member), James B. Nicholson (public member), Reginald G. Sanders, CFA, CAIA (public member), and Dina L. Richard, CPA (public member). The public members serve without pay but may receive reasonable reimbursement for actual and necessary travel and other expenses to attend official Board meetings.

INVESTMENT POLICY & GOALS

The Board's Investment Policy Statement states that it and the BOI will operate in accordance with Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act (Act No. 314 of 1965) and within standard investment practices of the prudent person. This includes being authorized to invest in government obligations, corporate obligations, various short-term obligations, corporate (domestic and international) stocks, private equity interests, mutual funds, real estate interests, and other investments subject to specific parameters. Above all, Systems' assets are to be invested in a fiduciary capacity for the sole and exclusive benefit of the members of the Systems.

The Systems' Proxy Voting Policy sets forth directives on various issues as holders of publicly traded securities, including but not limited to: Boards of Directors, corporate governance, social issues, and various corporate actions. All proxies are reviewed and voted in accordance with the retirement Systems' policy.

The primary function of the Systems is to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits along with health and other postemployment benefits to its members. The Board is investment fiduciary and custodian of the Systems' investments pursuant to the Order and other State law. The goals of the Systems are:

- 1. Maintain sufficient liquidity to pay benefits.
- 2. Meet or exceed the actuarial assumption over the long term.
- 3. Perform in the top half of the public plan universe over the long term.
- 4. Diversify assets to preserve capital and avoid large losses.
- 5. Exceed individual asset class benchmarks over the long term.

The strategy for achieving these goals is supported by investing the assets of the Systems according to a five-year asset allocation model. The Systems currently invest in seven different asset classes, which provides for a well-diversified portfolio.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

ASSET ALLOCATION

(Excludes Collateral on Loaned Securities)

Investment Category	As of 9/30/19 Actual %	Five-Year Target %
Domestic Equity Pools	22.5%	28.0%
International Equity Pools	16.0	16.0
Private Equity Pools	18.6	18.0
Real Estate and Infrastructure		
Pools	9.5	10.0
Fixed Income Pools	13.6	10.5
Absolute Return Pools	16.3	15.5
Short-Term Investment Pools	3.5	2.0
TOTAL	100.0%	100.0%

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

Pursuant to State law (Executive Order 2018-10, which in part transferred to the Board the powers enumerated in (i) Section 91 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, and (ii) Section 12c of Act No. 314 of 1965), the Board is the investment fiduciary for the Systems, which is comprised of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems: Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System), State Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Police Retirement System, Michigan Judges' Retirement System, and the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions. The State Treasurer, State of Michigan, is custodian and ex officio treasurer of the retirement system for the Legislators, State of Michigan (Section 47 of Act no. 261 of the Public Acts of 1957, as amended).

Act No. 314 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, authorizes the investment of assets of public employee retirement systems or plans created and established by the State or any political subdivision.

INVESTMENT RESULTS

TOTAL PORTFOLIO RESULTS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the total System's rate of return was 5.1% for the Pension Plan and 5.0% for the OPEB Plan as compiled by State Street Investment Analytics. Annualized rates of return for the Pension Plan for the three, five, and ten year periods ending September 30, 2019 were: 9.8%, 7.7%, and 9.3% respectively.

Investment return calculations are prepared using a Time-Weighted rate of return.

DOMESTIC EQUITY POOLS

The objective for investments made in domestic equities is to meet or exceed the total return of the S&P 1500 Super Composite for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization and style, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market cap and style characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 20 basis points of the S&P 500 Index, 50 basis points for the S&P 400 mid-cap, and 60 basis points for the S&P 600 small-cap over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The pools are invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

to the S&P 1500 while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of these pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in equities and equity related securities that are listed on U.S. national securities exchanges, including American Depository Receipts (ADRs). They may also invest in stocks that are traded over-the-counter. The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the capitalization weightings of the S&P 1500 Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2019:

Active	59.4 %
Passive	40.6
Total	100.0 %
Large-Cap	58.4 %
Multi-Cap	33.3
Mid-Cap	6.9
Small-Cap	1.4
Total	100.0 %

The System's Domestic Equity pools total rate of return was 2.5% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2019. This compared with 3.4% for the S&P 1500 Index.

At the close of fiscal year 2019, the Domestic Equity pools represented 22.5% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.2% ownership share of the Domestic Equity pools at September 30, 2019:

Domestic Equity Pools

(In thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 489,237
Equities	12,416,025
Settlement Principal Payable	(74)
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	6,840
Accrued Dividends	20,410
Total	\$ 12,932,438

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOLS

The objective for investments made in International Equity pools is to meet or exceed the total return of the MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index (or the most relevant Russell Index), adjusting for market capitalization, style and geography for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market capitalization, style and geography characteristics.

For index, or passive return strategies, the objective is to return within 250 basis points of the S&P/Citigroup BMI-EPAC Index with 25% of the currency hedged for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to return within 400 basis points of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Active exposure is invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of non-U.S. companies through externally managed strategies.

Passive exposure to International Equity returns is achieved primarily by investing in a combination of fixed income LIBOR notes, short-term fixed income investments, and equity swap agreements on foreign stock indices in developed markets. Interest on the dedicated notes and short-term fixed income investments is exchanged for international stock returns, and the total notional amount of the swap agreements is invested in the approximate proportions of the S&P Broad Market Index (BMI) Europe and Pacific Composite (EPAC) country weightings in related indices. Use of swap agreements for a core position began in 1993, an American Depository Receipts (ADR) and index-related security portfolio was added in June of 1999 to increase portfolio management flexibility, and a multiple country fund portfolio with smaller capitalization stocks was added in September of 2002 to improve exposure to the smallest companies in the BMI index. Use of futures as an investment to hedge cash flows and balances began in December of 2008, and this use is expected to continue in the future. The combined Swap agreements, notes and short-term investments together continue to perform like a stock index fund that realizes all gains and losses on a rolling three year basis.

The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the economic development status weightings of the S&P/Citigroup BMI -World ex-US Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pool as of September 30, 2019:

Active	77.8 %
Passive	22.2
Total	100.0 %
Developed	92.6 %
Emerging	7.4
Total	100.0 %

The System's International Equity pools total rate of return was (1.4)% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2019. This compared with (1.2)% for the MSCI ACWI Ex US Net.

At the close of fiscal year 2019, the International Equity pools represented 16.0% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 76.8% ownership share of the International Equity Pools at September 30, 2019:

International Equity Pools

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 75,342
Equities	7,698,141
Fixed Income Securities	1,314,041
Market Value of Equity Contracts	93,615
Accrued Dividends and Interest	6,872
Total	\$ 9,188,011

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

PRIVATE EQUITY POOLS

The Private Equity pools objective is to meet or exceed the benchmark for all private equity investments over long time periods. The benchmark is a blend of the S&P 500 Index plus 300 basis points and the 10 Year Yield plus 300 basis points using ending weights of equity and fixed income holdings within the portfolio.

Private Equity Investments are investments in the private equity market, primarily through limited partnerships. The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2019:

Buyout Funds	45.7 %
Special Situation Funds	13.8
Fund of Funds	19.2
Venture Capital Funds	11.9
Liquidation Portfolio	7.2
Mezzanine Funds	2.2
Total	100.0 %

The Private Equity pools had a return of 10.0% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, versus the benchmark of 13.7%.

At the close of fiscal year 2019, the Private Equity pools represented 18.6% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.9% ownership share of the Private Equity pools at September 30, 2019:

Private Equity Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 280,274
Equities	10,412,200
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	1,977
Long Term Obligations	7,026
Accrued Interest	620
Total	\$ 10,702,097

REAL ESTATE AND INFRASTRUCTURE POOLS

The objective of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools is to provide diversification and favorable risk adjusted returns primarily through income and appreciation of investments. Investments are typically held through investment entities, such as limited partnerships or limited liability companies, established for the specific purpose of owning, leasing, managing, financing, or developing real estate and infrastructure related investments.

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools diversify its holdings by:

- **Geography** The pools are invested globally and are diversified geographically so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of markets or geographic areas.
- Size and Value The pools diversify its holdings by size so that it is not concentrated in a limited number
 of large investments.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Investment Type – The pools are diversified by investment type as summarized below.

Multi-family apartments	39.7 %
Hotel	13.1
Commercial office buildings	13.1
Infrastructure	12.1
Industrial warehouse buildings	10.5
Retail shopping centers	5.0
For Rent Homes	1.0
For Sale Homes	3.1
Land	1.2
Short Term Investments	1.2
Total	100.0 %

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools generated a return of 6.9% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2019. The two benchmark returns from the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries: the National Property Blended Index (less 130 basis points) was 4.9% and the Open-End Diversified Core Equity Index was 4.6%.

At the close of fiscal year 2019, the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools represented 9.5% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.0% ownership share of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools at September 30, 2019:

Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 63,337
Real Estate Equities	4,749,035
Infrastructure Equities	665,514
Dividend Receivable	1,598
Total	\$ 5,479,484

FIXED INCOME POOLS

The objective for investments made in the Fixed Income pools is to meet or exceed the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index over one, three, and five-year periods and market cycles. Another objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For Fixed Income sub-strategies, the objective return is to meet or exceed the most relevant Barclays benchmark index.

The pools are invested primarily in fixed income securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the blended benchmark while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of the pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in fixed income and related securities in a diversified portfolio of investment grade corporate issues, treasuries, agencies, government sponsored enterprises and government guaranteed mortgages. The pools diversify its investments by allocating its strategies with consideration of credit risk.

The System's Fixed Income pools total rate of return was 9.5% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2019. This compares to 10.3% for the Barclays Aggregate Bond benchmark.

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

At the close of fiscal year 2019, the Fixed Income pools represented 13.6% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 76.6% ownership share of the Fixed Income pools at September 30, 2019:

Fixed Income Pools

(In thousands)

Total	\$ 7,834,211
Accrued interest	18,497
Settlement Prinicpal Payable	(10,039)
Fixed Income Securities	7,796,693
Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 29,060

ABSOLUTE RETURN POOLS

The Absolute Return Pools consist of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool and the Real Return and Opportunistic Investment Pool.

The primary investment objective of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds T-bills by 400 basis points net of fees over the one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to exceed the appropriate HFN Fund of Funds median net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The Absolute Return Strategies pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 3.9% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 1.6%.

The primary investment objective of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the increase in the CPI by at least 4.0% annually net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. If a peer universe is available, another objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For sub-strategies targeting a commodities index, the objective is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the Dow Jones-AIG Total Return Commodities Index over one, three, and five year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

The Real Return and Opportunistic Investments pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 9.7% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 6.5%.

At the close of fiscal year 2019, the Absolute Return Pools represented 16.3% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 77.0% ownership share of the Absolute Return Pools at September 30, 2019:

Absolute Return Pools

(in thousands)

Total	\$ 9,382,842
Equities	 9,278,793
Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 104,049

REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT POOLS

The objective of the Short Term Investment pools is to closely match the return performance of its benchmark, the 30 day Treasury bill. The Short Term Investment pools return for the fiscal year was 2.6% for the Pension and OPEB plans versus the benchmark's 2.3%.

Potential areas of investment are:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies
- Banker's acceptances, commercial accounts, certificates of deposit or depository receipts
- Repurchase agreements for the purchase of securities issued by the US government or its agencies
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two national rating services as determined by the State Treasurer
- Short duration investment grade corporate issues

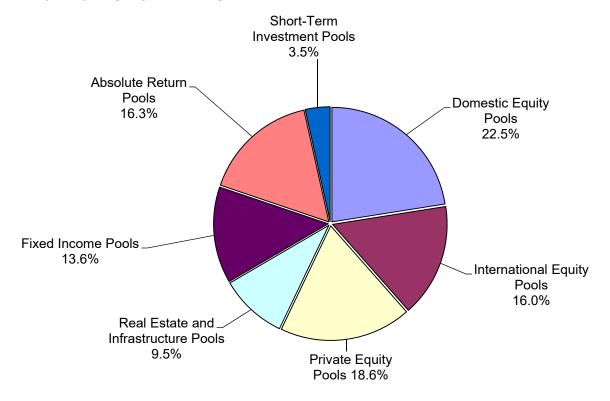
At the close of fiscal year 2019, the Short Term Investment pools represented 3.5% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 53.1% ownership share of the Short Term Investment pools at September 30, 2019:

Short-Term Investment Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments \$ 750,466
Fixed Income Securities 1,290,251
Accrued interest 1,001
Total \$ 2,041,718

ASSET ALLOCATION - SECURITY TYPE ONLY



INVESTMENT RESULTS

PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT RESULTS

For the Period Ending September 30, 2019

	_	Annualized Rate of Return ¹			
Investment Category	Current Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
Total Portfolio	5.1 %	9.8 %	6 7.7	% 9.3 %	6
Domestic Equity Pools	2.5	14.1	10.5	13.0	
S&P 1500 Index	3.4	13.0	10.7	13.2	
International Equity Pools	(1.4)	6.6	3.9	5.3	
International Blended Benchmark ²	(1.2)	6.3	2.9	4.4	
Private Equity Pools	10.0	14.4	11.3	14.3	
Private Equity Blended Benchmark ³	13.7	17.6	14.0	18.1	
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	6.9	8.3	9.2	7.6	
NCREIF Property Blended Index ⁴	4.9	5.4	7.2	8.4	
Fixed Income Pools	9.5	4.4	4.6	4.8	
Barclays Aggregate Bond	10.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	
Absolute Return Pools					
Total Absolute Return	3.9	5.9	3.6	5.1	
HFRI Fund of Funds Cons 1 month lag	1.6	3.3	2.1	2.9	
Total Real Return and Opportunistic	9.7	11.6	9.3		
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark ⁵	6.5	7.3	7.1		
Short Term Investment Pools	2.6	1.8	1.2	0.8	
30 Day Treasury Bill	2.3	1.5	0.9	0.5	

¹ Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

As of 7/1/14 index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

³ Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

⁴ As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

⁵ As of 12/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 4%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%) History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

INVESTMENT RESULTS

OPEB INVESTMENT RESULTS

For the Period Ending September 30, 2019

	Annualized Rate of Return ¹				
Investment Category	Current Year	3 Years	5 Years		
Total Portfolio	5.0 %	9.7 %	7.7 %		
Domestic Equity Pools	2.5	14.1	10.5		
S&P 1500 Index	3.4	13.0	10.7		
International Equity Pools	(1.4)	6.6	3.9		
International Blended Benchmark ²	(1.2)	6.3	2.9		
Private Equity Pools	10.0	14.4	11.3		
Private Equity Blended Benchmark ³	13.7	17.6	14.0		
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	6.9	8.4	9.2		
NCREIF Property Blended Index 4	4.9	5.4	7.2		
Fixed Income Pools	9.5	4.4	4.6		
Barclays Aggregate Bond	10.3	2.9	3.4		
Absolute Return Pools		- 0			
Total Absolute Return	3.9 1.6	5.9 3.3	3.6 2.1		
HFRI Fund of Funds Cons 1 month lag Total Real Return and Opportunistic	9.7	3.3 11.6	9.3		
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark ⁵	6.5	7.3	7.1		
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.6	1.7	1.2		
30-Day Treasury Bill	2.3	1.5	0.9		

¹ Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

² As of 7/1/14, index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

³ Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

⁴ As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

⁵ As of 12/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 4%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%). History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI + 5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

LARGEST ASSETS HELD

LARGEST STOCK HOLDINGS

(By Fair Value) September 30, 2019

Rank	Shares	Stocks	Fair Value	
1	2,551,352	Microsoft Corp	\$ 354,714,512	
2	17,775,203	AGNC Investment Corp.	286,003,022	
3	1,248,540	Apple Inc.	279,635,467	
4	124,717	Amazon.com Inc.	216,497,112	
5	1,415,453	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	166,584,688	
6	838,639	Visa Inc. CL A	144,254,354	
7	617,383	Home Depot Inc.	143,245,289	
8	113,346	Alphabet Inc. CL A	138,411,707	
9	662,725	Berkshire Hathaway Inc. CL B	137,860,120	
10	14,702,571	Annaly Capital Management Inc.	129,382,621	

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

LARGEST BOND HOLDINGS

(By Fair Value) September 30, 2019

Rank	Par Amount	Bonds & Notes	Fair Value
1	163,873,219	US Treasury N/B 2.750% Due 02/15/2028	\$ 177,917,666
2	123,557,274	US Treasury N/B 3.000% Due 02/15/2048	146,700,131
3	139,940,027	FNMA TBA 30 YR 4 Single Family Mortgage	145,275,241
4	132,203,754	TSY INFL IX N/B .750% 07/15/2028	138,701,039
5	134,967,762	US Treasury N/B 1.500% Due 05/15/2020	134,661,976
6	98,517,616	US Treasury N/B 3.375% Due 11/15/2048	125,529,145
7	117,634,425	US Treasury N/B 2.375% Due 05/15/2029	124,922,245
8	111,191,214	US Treasury N/B 1.875% Due 08/31/2022	112,125,046
9	104,923,875	US Treasury N/B 1.625% Due 02/15/2026	104,964,860
10	96,529,120	US Treasury N/B 1.750% Due 06/30/2024	97,347,355

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

Largest Bond Holdings are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) is the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's funds pursuant to State law. Outside advisors are utilized to augment the State of Michigan's internal staff. 71.0% of the total investment portfolio is managed by fully discretionary outside advisors. The Michigan Department of Treasury's cost of operations applicable to the retirement system for the fiscal year end amounted to \$13,737 thousand or eight and one tenth basis points (.081%) of the fair value of the Assets under Management by the Board.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES

Investment Managers' Fees:

	M	ssets under lanagement thousands)	Fees (in thousands)		Basis Points*	
State of Michigan Outside Advisors for	\$	16,706,145	\$	13,737	8.1	
Fixed Income		4,168,526		11,912	28.6	
Absolute Return		9,325,120		46,586	50.0	
International Equity		7,591,013		14,708	19.4	
Domestic Equity		3,669,162		8,213	22.4	
Private Equity		10,702,097		105,829	98.9	
Real Estate and Infrastructure	5,398,739		53,786		99.6	
Total	\$ 57,560,802		\$	254,771		
Other Investment Services Fees: Assets in Custody	\$	57,421,253	\$	5,050		
Securities on Loan		2,231,825		1,837		

^{*} Private Equity partnership agreements that define the management fees, the asset management fees range from 0 to 250 basis points of the committed capital. For Real Estate/Infrastructure, the asset management fees range from 40 to 200 basis points. For Absolute Return, the asset management fees range from 0 to 200 basis points. These fees, in most cases, are netted against income.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT COMMISSIONS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Actual Commissions Paid ¹	Actual Number of Shares Traded ¹	Average Commission Per Share	Estimated Trade Costs Per Share	Estimated Research Costs Per Share	Estimated Trade Costs	Estimated Research Costs
Investment Brokerage Firms:							
Banc Of America Securities LLC	\$ 30,454	1,215,726	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02	\$ 12,157	\$ 24,315
BTIG LLC	393,447	45,166,363	0.01	0.01	-	451,664	-
Capital Institutional Services Inc	383,449	72,604,051	0.01	0.01	-	726,041	-
Citigroup Global Markets Inc	192,893	9,411,499	0.02	0.01	0.01	94,115	94,115
Cowen & Company LLC	84,261	4,225,348	0.02	0.01	0.01	42,254	42,254
Drexel Hamilton LLC	13,297	2,659,120	0.01	0.01	-	26,591	-
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	646	64,417	0.01	0.01	-	644	-
J P Morgan Securities Inc.	292,912	17,374,277	0.02	0.01	0.01	173,743	173,741
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.	17,462	525,622	0.03	0.01	0.02	5,256	10,513
MKM Partners LLC	108,663	5,433,114	0.02	0.01	0.01	54,331	54,331
Mischler Financial Group Inc.	14,706	1,107,427	0.01	0.01	-	11,075	-
Morgan Stanley & Co Inc.	86,612	4,288,057	0.02	0.01	0.01	42,880	42,880
National Financial	63	12,551	0.01	0.01	-	125	-
Pershing LLC	170	22,681	0.01	0.01	-	227	-
Raymond James and Associates Inc.	5,129	156,403	0.03	0.01	0.02	1,564	3,129
RBC Capital Markets	111	11,108	0.01	0.01	-	111	-
Roberts & Ryan Inv.	38,174	2,967,250	0.01	0.01	-	29,672	-
Stifel, Nicolaus & Co Inc.	3,622	106,556	0.03	0.01	0.02	1,066	2,131
USB Securities LLC	1,784	50,944	0.04	0.01	0.03	509	1,528
Wayne & Company	960,598	279,550,375	-	0.01	-	2,795,504	-
Total	\$ 2,628,453	446,952,889	\$ 0.02	² \$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 4,469,529	\$ 448,937

¹ Commissions are included in purchase and sale prices of investments. The commissions and shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on ownership of commission and share transactions in the investment pools.

² The average commission per share for all brokerage firms.

INVESTMENT SUMMARY

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Market Value ¹	Percent of Market Value	nvestment & terest Income ²	Percent of Total Investment & Income
Fixed Income Pools	\$ 7,834,210,579	13.6 %	\$ 658,268,913	21.2 %
Domestic Equity Pools	12,932,438,258	22.5	275,878,240	8.9
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	5,479,484,340	9.5	430,695,218	13.8
Private Equity Pools	10,702,097,493	18.6	1,065,535,457	34.3
International Equity Pools	9,188,010,955	16.0	(83,679,830)	(2.7)
Absolute Return Pools	9,382,842,330	16.3	718,296,086	23.1
Short Term Investment Pools	 2,041,718,020 3	3.5	43,450,351	1.4
Total	\$ 57,560,801,975	100.0 %	\$ 3,108,444,435	100.0 %

¹ Market value excludes \$2,277,909,622 in securities lending collateral for fiscal year 2019.

² Total Investment & Interest Income excludes net security lending income of \$7,400,277 and unrealized gain of \$857,418 for securities lending collateral.

³ Short term investment pools market value includes \$139,549,158 of equity in common cash.

INVESTMENT SECTION
INVESTMENT SUMMARY
INVESTMENT SUMMARY
This page was intentionally left blank.

Actuary's Certification
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
Schedules of Active Member Valuation Data
Prioritized Solvency Test
Analysis of System Experience
Summary of Plan Provisions

ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION



800.521.0498 | P: 248.799.9000 | F: 248.799.9020 | www.grsconsulting.com

October 23, 2019

Ms. Tricia Foster, Director
Department of Technology, Management and Budget
and
The Retirement Board
Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The basic financial objective of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) is to establish and receive contributions which when combined with present assets and future investment return will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of the System to present and future benefit recipients. The progress toward meeting these financial objectives is illustrated in the Schedules of Funding Progress and the Schedules of Employer Contributions.

We performed actuarial funding valuations and issued actuarial funding reports for the MPSERS pension and retiree health (i.e., OPEB) plans as of September 30, 2018. The purpose of the September 30, 2018 annual actuarial valuations was to determine the annual required contributions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, to measure the System's funding progress, and to provide actuarial information in connection with applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements. The valuations should not be relied upon for any other purpose. The valuation process develops employer contributions that are sufficient to fund the System's normal cost (i.e., the costs assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered), as well as to fund any unfunded accrued liabilities over a reasonable period. The valuation was completed based upon population data, asset data and plan provisions in effect on September 30, 2018.

In addition to the funding valuation reports, separate reports are issued to provide financial reporting information for MPSERS in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 67 and 68 (pension benefits) and Nos. 74 and 75 (retiree health benefits, or OPEB). Reports containing the actuarial results of the financial reporting valuations are produced annually after the publication of this letter. The GASB Statement Nos. 67, 68, 74 and 75 financial reporting valuations are based upon a measurement date of September 30, 2019.

The valuations were based upon information provided by the System's administrative staff concerning System benefit provisions, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked the data for internal and year to year consistency, but did not audit the data. As a result, we do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided by the System's administrative staff. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze long term trends. The System's auditor audits the actuarial data annually.

One Towne Square | Suite 800 | Southfield, Michigan 48076-3723

ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION

Ms. Trish Foster October 23, 2019 Page 2

Annual actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rate of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits and longevity among retired lives. These assumptions are adopted by the Board and the Department after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed.

The following schedules in the Financial Section, the Actuarial Section, and the Statistical Section of the CAFR were prepared by the Department of Financial Services based upon certain information presented in the previously mentioned funding and financial reporting valuation reports:

Financial Section

- Note 1 Table of System's Membership
- Note 4 Net Pension Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Note 5 Net OPEB Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedules of Contributions Multiyear
- Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

Actuarial Section

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods used in the September 30, 2018 Pension Funding Valuation
- Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year
- Separation from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increase Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls
- Prioritized Solvency Tests
- Analyses of System Experience
- Schedule of Active Member OPEB Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Rolls

Statistical Section

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Health Benefit
- Schedules of Average Benefit Payments Pension, Medical/Rx and Dental/Vision
- Schedules of Funding Progress



ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION

Ms. Trish Foster October 23, 2019 Page 3

The September 30, 2018 funding valuations and the September 30, 2019 financial reporting valuations were based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of System experience covering the period from October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2017. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in the annual valuations due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, or changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumption/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

The actuarial valuations of MPSERS were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with applicable State statutes. The assumptions and methods used for funding and financial reporting purposes are in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. Mita D. Drazilov and Louise M. Gates are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the calculated employer contribution meets the financial objective of the Retirement System.

Respectfully submitted,

Mita D. Drazilov, ASA, FCA, MAAA

Tita Drazilor

Louise M. Gates, ASA, FCA, MAAA



SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

- 1. The investment return rate used in the pension valuations of the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus plans was 6.80% per year (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) net of investment expenses, compounded annually. This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. Considering a wage inflation assumption of 2.75%, the nominal rate of investment return translates to a real rate of return of 4.05% for the Basic, MIP and the Pension Plus plan (3.25% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) over wage inflation. Adopted 2018.
- 2. The healthy life mortality table used in evaluating allowances to be paid was the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. Adopted 2018.
- 3. Sample probabilities of regular, unreduced retirement are shown in Schedule 1 on the next page. Adopted 2018.
- 4. Sample probabilities of withdrawal from service and disability, together with individual pay increase assumptions, are shown in Schedule 2 on the next page. Adopted 2018.
- 5. Total active member payroll is assumed to increase 2.75% per year. This represents the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to inflation. In effect, this assumes no change in the number of active members. Adopted 2018.
- 6. An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation was used in determining actuarial liabilities and normal cost. Adopted 1975. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are financed over a declining 18-year period ending September 30, 2038. Adopted 2012.
- 7. The Department of Technology, Management and Budget approved the use of market value of assets as of September 30, 2006 for valuation purposes. For investment gains and losses that occur after that date, a 5-year smoothing technique will be used. Specifically, the excess (shortfall) of actual investment income (including interest, dividends, realized and unrealized gains or losses) over the imputed-income at the valuation interest rate is considered the gain (loss), which is spread over five years. Adopted 2007.
- 8. The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by MPSERS administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the actuary.
- The actuarial valuation computations were made by or under the supervision of a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA). The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations were adopted by MPSERS Board and the Department of Technology, Management and Budget after consulting with the actuary.
- 10. A 5-year experience investigation, covering the period from October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2017 was completed in 2018. The purpose of the study was to analyze the actual experience of MPSERS versus that anticipated by actuarial assumptions then in use.
- 11. Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company was awarded the actuarial and consulting services contract beginning October 4, 2006.

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

SCHEDULE 1
PERCENT OF ELIGIBLE ACTIVE MEMBERS RETIRING WITHIN NEXT YEAR

Retirement	Basic Teachers Non-Teachers			ension Plus	Years of	MIP ²			
Ages			reachers N	lon-Teachers	Service	Teachers	Non-Teachers		
55	25 %	20 %	- %	- %	30	25	% 25 %		
58	16	18	-	-	32	20	20		
61	20	18	20	17	34	19	20		
64	25	24	23	20	36	21	20		
67	25	28	25	20	38	24	20		
70	25	20	25	16	40	30	25		
71	21	20	25	16	42	30	30		
72	21	20	25	16	44	30	30		
73	21	20	20	16	46	30	30		
74	21	20	20	16	48	30	30		
75 and over	100	100	100	100	50 and over	100	100		

¹ Applies to MIP members with fewer than 30 years of service.

SCHEDULE 2

SEPARATION FROM ACTIVE EMPLOYMENT BEFORE

AGE & SERVICE RETIREMENT & INDIVIDUAL PAY INCREASE ASSUMPTIONS

			Percent of Ac	ers	Percent	Percent		
			Withdrawing W	Vithin Next	Year	Becoming	Increase in	
Sample	Years of	Pay More than \$20,000		Pay Less	s than \$20,000	Disabled Within	Pay During	
Ages	Service	Teachers	eachers Non-Teachers		Non-Teachers	Next Year	Next Year	
All	0	15.00 %	35.00 %	30.00 %	40.00 %	- %	- %	
	1	10.00	14.00	25.00	26.00	-	-	
	2	6.50	8.20	22.00	19.00	-	-	
	3	6.00	6.80	22.00	16.00	-	-	
	4	4.50	5.70	22.00	14.00	-	-	
25	5 & Over	3.00	4.76	22.00	14.00	.01	11.55	
35	11	1.82	2.78	20.80	13.40	.02	5.85	
45	"	1.08	1.88	16.40	9.80	.10	3.89	
55	"	1.00	1.80	16.00	8.00	.26	2.93	
60	"	1.00	1.80	16.00	8.00	.36	2.75	

² Applies to MIP members with 30 or more years of service.

SCHEDULES OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER PENSION VALUATION DATA

	Annual		Average Annual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
9 268,208	\$	9,883,674	\$ 36,851	3.1 %	45.4	11.4
0 242,568		8,845,019	36,464	(1.1)	45.2	11.1
1 236,660		9,155,691	38,687	6.1	45.3	11.3
2 223,769		8,649,029	38,652	(0.1)	45.7	11.9
3 212,525		8,225,140	38,702	0.1	46.0	12.3
4 199,674		7,943,922	39,784	2.8	46.1	12.7
5 194,957		8,005,009	41,060	3.2	46.1	12.8
6 189,761		7,912,565	41,698	1.6	46.2	13.0
7 187,735		7,880,041	41,974	0.7	46.2	13.0
8 182,930		7,884,550	43,101	2.7	46.4	13.1
	9 268,208 0 242,568 1 236,660 2 223,769 3 212,525 4 199,674 5 194,957 6 189,761 7 187,735	9 268,208 \$ 0 242,568 1 236,660 2 223,769 3 212,525 4 199,674 5 194,957 6 189,761 7 187,735	Annual Payroll* 9 268,208 \$ 9,883,674 0 242,568 8,845,019 1 236,660 9,155,691 2 223,769 8,649,029 3 212,525 8,225,140 4 199,674 7,943,922 5 194,957 8,005,009 6 189,761 7,912,565 7 187,735 7,880,041	Annual Payroll* Pay 9 268,208 \$ 9,883,674 \$ 36,851 0 242,568 8,845,019 36,464 1 236,660 9,155,691 38,687 2 223,769 8,649,029 38,652 3 212,525 8,225,140 38,702 4 199,674 7,943,922 39,784 5 194,957 8,005,009 41,060 6 189,761 7,912,565 41,698 7 187,735 7,880,041 41,974	Annual Payroll* Annual Increase (Decrease) 9 268,208 \$ 9,883,674 \$ 36,851 \$ 3.1 % 0 242,568 8,845,019 36,464 (1.1) 1 236,660 9,155,691 38,687 6.1 2 223,769 8,649,029 38,652 (0.1) 3 212,525 8,225,140 38,702 0.1 4 199,674 7,943,922 39,784 2.8 5 194,957 8,005,009 41,060 3.2 6 189,761 7,912,565 41,698 1.6 7 187,735 7,880,041 41,974 0.7	Annual Payroll* Annual Pay Increase (Decrease) Average Age 9 268,208 \$ 9,883,674 \$ 36,851 3.1 % 45.4 0 242,568 8,845,019 36,464 (1.1) 45.2 1 236,660 9,155,691 38,687 6.1 45.3 2 223,769 8,649,029 38,652 (0.1) 45.7 3 212,525 8,225,140 38,702 0.1 46.0 4 199,674 7,943,922 39,784 2.8 46.1 5 194,957 8,005,009 41,060 3.2 46.1 6 189,761 7,912,565 41,698 1.6 46.2 7 187,735 7,880,041 41,974 0.7 46.2

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER OPEB VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number	Reported Annual umber Payroll*		Average Annual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2012	223,769	\$	8,649,029	\$ 38,652	- %	45.7	11.9
2013	214,906		8,273,017	38,496	(0.4)	46.0	12.3
2014	191,551		7,618,224	39,771	3.3	45.7	12.6
2015	191,403		7,780,961	40,652	2.2	45.6	12.5
2016	189,458		7,745,962	40,885	0.6	45.6	12.5
2017	190,537		7,778,000	40,821	(0.2)	45.5	12.3
2018	190,291		7,873,900	41,378	1.4	45.6	12.2

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

SCHEDULES OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RETIREMENT ROLLS

Year	Add	Added to Rolls Removed from Rolls Rolls - End of Year		nd of Year							
Ended Sept. 30	No.	-	Annual owances*	Annual No. Allowances*		No.	Annual Allowances*	Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances		
2009	8,817	\$	239,774	4,160	\$	74,870	171,922 \$	3,336,165	5.2 %	\$	19,405
2010	19,946		553,900	4,146		75,310	187,722	3,814,755	14.3		20,321
2011	9,533		256,356	4,820		83,884	192,435	3,987,227	4.5		20,720
2012	9,007		236,023	4,781		89,032	196,661	4,134,218	3.7		21,022
2013	9,182		244,937	4,891		89,874	200,952	4,289,281	3.8		21,345
2014	8,852		241,473	5,292		99,689	204,512	4,431,065	3.3		21,667
2015	8,761		244,010	5,622		106,223	207,651	4,568,852	3.1		22,003
2016	8,836		248,739	5,480		107,923	211,007	4,709,668	3.1		22,320
2017	8,793		247,289	5,811		117,543	213,989	4,839,414	2.8		22,615
2018	8,741		254,248	6,112		126,607	216,618	4,967,055	2.6		22,930

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB ROLLS

Year	Add	led to	Rolls	Remov	ed fr	om Rolls	Rolls -	Rolls - End of Year Annual No. Allowances*				
Ended Sept. 30	No.	_	Annual owances*	No.	_	Annual owances*	No.			Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances	
2011	-	\$	-	-	\$	-	154,589	\$	979,578	- %	\$	-
2012	7,263		73,106	4,401		74,841	157,451		977,843	(0.2)		6,210
2013	6,996		59,203	4,695		156,890	159,752		880,156	(10.0)		5,510
2014	6,634		57,331	5,042		88,058	161,344		849,429	(3.5)		5,265
2015	6,617		65,670	5,159		69,497	162,802		845,602	(0.5)		5,194
2016	6,633		74,740	5,072		68,879	164,363		851,463	0.7		5,180
2017	6,572		65,051	5,382		69,797	165,553		846,717	(0.6)		5,114
2018	5,927		58,668	5,559		99,257	165,921		806,128	(4.8)		4,859

^{*} In thousands of dollars.

Notes:

No. refers to number of retiree health contracts

Annual allowances added to rolls includes increases due to medical inflation and contract changes.

Annual allowances removed from rolls includes decreases due to contract changes

PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

MPSERS's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to MPSERS are level in concept and soundly executed, MPSERS will pay all promised benefits when due, the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term solvency test.

A prioritized solvency test is another means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with: (1) active member contributions on deposit; (2) the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; and (3) the liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing, the liabilities for active member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) are normally partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if MPSERS has been using level-cost financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time. Liability 3 being fully funded is not necessarily a by-product of level percent of payroll funding methods.

The schedules that follow illustrate the history of the liabilities of MPSERS and are indicative of the MPSERS policy of following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing.

PENSION BENEFITS

(\$ in millions)

	Actual	riai Accrued Li	ability (AAL)						
	(1)	(2)	(3)						
Valuation	Active	Retirants	Active and Inactive						
Date	Member	and	Members (Employer	Valuation		Portion of AA	L Covered by	/ Asse	ts
Sept. 30	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Financed Portion)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)		(4) ¹
2009	\$ 5,449	\$ 34,159	\$ 17,077	\$ 44,703	100	% 100.0	% 29.8	%	78.9
2010	φ 5,449 5,055	+ -,	•		100	99.8	0.0	70	74.0
		38,315	15,173	43,294					
2010 ²	,	38,589	16,233	43,294	100	99.1	0.0		72.3
2010 ³	5,055	39,639	16,233	43,294	100	96.5	0.0		71.1
2011	5,217	41,043	17,167	41,038	100	87.3	0.0		64.7
2012	5,296	42,076	16,909	38,450	100	78.8	0.0		59.8
2012 ²	5,296	42,076	15,905	38,450	100	78.8	0.0		60.8
2012 ³	5,296	42,076	15,344	38,450	100	78.8	0.0		61.3
2013	4,909	43,198	15,733	38,044	100	76.7	0.0		59.6
2014	5,225	44,126	15,699	39,626	100	78.0	0.0		60.9
2014 ²	5,225	45,545	15,335	39,626	100	75.5	0.0		59.9
2015	5,738	46,538	15,452	41,006	100	75.8	0.0		60.5
2016	6,189	47,431	15,238	43,204	100	78.0	0.0		62.7
2016 ²	6,189	49,299	16,822	43,204	100	75.1	0.0		59.7
2017	6,730	50,069	16,528	45,397	100	77.2	0.0		61.9
2017 ²	6,730	51,878	18,085	47,255	100	78.1	0.0		61.6
2018	7,479	52,633	17,753	49,313	100	79.5	0.0		63.3
2018 ²	7,479	56,834	19,062	50,630	100	75.9	0.0		60.7

Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

³ Applies to MIP members with fewer than 30 years of service.

PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(\$ in millions)

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

	(1)	(2)	(3)					
Valuation	Active	Retirants	Active and Inactive					
Date	Member	and	Members (Employer	Valuation	Portion	of AAL Co	vered by A	Assets
Sept. 30	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Financed Portion)	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) ¹
2008	\$ -	\$ 14,553	\$ 12,258	\$ 832	0.0 %	5.7 %	0.0 %	3.1 %
2009	-	13,805	14,490	713	0.0	5.2	0.0	2.5
2010	-	15,591	13,036	999	0.0	6.4	0.0	3.5
2011	-	14,496	12,550	1,156	0.0	8.0	0.0	4.3
2012 ²	-	8,848	5,940	1,348	0.0	15.2	0.0	9.1
2013	691	8,766	5,077	2,041	100	15.4	0.0	14.0
2014 ²	874	8,829	4,458	2,982	100	23.9	0.0	21.1
2015	1,042	7,867	3,923	3,531	100	31.6	0.0	27.5
2016 ²	1,186	8,548	5,592	4,279	100	36.2	0.0	31.1
2017	1,320	7,879	3,594	5,178	100	49.0	0.0	40.5
2017 ²	1,320	8,279	3,989	5,178	100	46.6	0.0	38.1
2018	1,441	7,794	3,638	5,944	100	57.8	0.0	46.2
2018 ²	1,441	8,505	3,803	6,089	100	54.7	0.0	44.3

¹ Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE - PENSION

GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2018 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

	Gain/(Loss)			
\$ n.	24,768,963			
	(73,025,810)			
е	241,624,566			
	1,884,670,238			
s a	(80,881,851)			
	7,180,546			
	-			
is, 	(141,416,505)			
\$	1,862,920,147			
	in. e is e sa			

ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE - OPEB

GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2018 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

	Type of Activity	Gain/(Loss)
1.	Premiums. Gains and losses resulting from actual premiums in valuation year versus that assumed from prior valuation.	\$ 1,446,425,217
2.	Investment Income . If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.	186,770,596
3.	Demographic and Other. Gains and losses resulting from demographic experience, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	223,871,984
4.	Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.	\$ 1,857,067,797

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Our actuarial valuation of MPSERS as of September 30, 2018, is based on the present provisions of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended).

REGULAR RETIREMENT

(No reduction factor for age)

- Eligibility Age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, any age with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service
- Mandatory Retirement Age None
- **Transition Date** February 1, 2013 (Basic and MIP members only)
- Annual Amount, Basic and MIP Total credited service as of the Transition Date × 1.5% of final average compensation (FAC)

PLUS

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

- Option 1 Credited Service after the Transition Date × 1.5% × FAC
- **Option 2** Credited Service after the Transition Date (until total service reaches 30 years) × 1.5% × FAC, PLUS Credited Service after the Transition Date and over 30 years × 1.25% × FAC
- Option 3 Credited Service after the Transition Date ×1.25% ×FAC
- Option 4 None (Member will receive benefit through a Defined Contribution plan)
- Annual Amount, Pension Plus Plan Credited service x 1.5 x FAC
- Final Average Compensation Average of highest 60 consecutive months (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the Transition Date

EARLY RETIREMENT

(Age reduction factor used)

- **Eligibility** Age 55 with 15 or more years credited service and earned credited service in each of the last 5 years. Pension Plus members are not eligible for early retirements
- **Annual Amount** Regular retirement benefit reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the commencement age is less than 60

DEFERRED RETIREMENT

(Vested benefit)

- Eligibility 10 years of credited service. Benefit commences at the time age qualification is met
- **Annual Amount** Regular retirement benefit based on service and final average compensation at time of termination

DUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT

- Eligibility No age or service requirement; in receipt of workers' disability compensation
- **Annual Amount** Computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on 10 years credited service. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired)

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

NONDUTY DISABILITY RETIREMENT

- Eligibility 10 years of credited service
- Annual Amount Computed as regular retirement benefit based on credited service and final average compensation at time of disability. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired)

DUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

- Eligibility No age or service requirement. Beneficiary is in receipt of workers' compensation. Also applies
 to "duty disability" retirees during first three years of disability
- Annual Amount Spouse benefit computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on ten years of credited service, reduced for 100% joint and survivor election. If no surviving spouse, children under 18 share in benefit; if no spouse or children, a disabled and dependent parent is eligible

NONDUTY DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

- **Eligibility** For Basic plan members, 15 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service. For MIP members, 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 5 years of credited service. For Pension Plus members, 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service.
- Annual Amount Computed as regular retirement benefit, reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election, with payments commencing first of month following death. For the beneficiary of a deferred member, benefit commences at the time a member would have attained the minimum age qualification

POSTRETIREMENT COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS

One-time upward adjustments have been made in 1972, 1974, 1976 and 1977 for members retired on or after July 1, 1956, and prior to July 1, 1976, who were eligible for Social Security benefits. For members who retired prior to July 1, 1956, and not eligible for Social Security benefits based upon membership service, the minimum base pension was increased in 1965, 1971, 1972, 1974 and 1981, and in 1976 and 1977 one-time upward adjustments were made.

Beginning in 1983, eligible recipients received an annual distribution of investment earnings in excess of 8% (supplemental payment). On January 1, 1986, all members who retired prior to January 1, 1986, were given a permanent 8% increase. On January 1, 1990, a one-time upward adjustment for members who retired prior to October 1, 1981, was made.

Currently members receive annual increases based on the following schedule:

- Retired before January 1, 1987: greater of supplemental payment or automatic 3% increase
- Retired on or after January 1, 1987 under MIP: automatic 3% increase only
- Retired on or after January 1, 1987 not under MIP: supplemental payment only
- Retired under Pension Plus: no increases

POSTRETIREMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Members hired before July 1, 2008 are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents. However, those retirees Medicare eligible at January 1, 2013 receive 90% System-paid coverage.

Members hired before July 1, 2008 who retired from deferred vested status with less than 30 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980 with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for partially System-paid health benefit coverage (no payment if less than 21 years of service, 10% of maximum employer payment for each year of service over 20 up to 80% for 28 or more years of service).

Members hired after June 30, 2008, but before September 4, 2012, are eligible for 80% System paid Master Health Plan and Dental and Vision coverage for themselves and their dependents, but the premium subsidy is graded based on career length as described below:

a. Member is age 60 or older at retirement

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

- If member has 10 or more years of total service, MPSERS pays 30% of the monthly premium for the first 10 years of total service, plus 4% × next 13 years of total service, to a maximum of 80% of the monthly premium if 22.5 years of total service or more
- If a member has fewer than 10 years of total service, there is no System paid coverage
- b. Member is under age 60 at retirement
 - If member has 25 years of actual service, MPSERS pays 80% of the monthly premium
 - If the member has under 25 years of actual service, upon attainment of age 60 the member may apply for System paid coverage (as described by the schedule above in a.)

Dependents are eligible for 80% System paid employer health benefits (partial payments for dependents of deferred vested members who had 21 or more years of service and dependents of members hired on or after July 1, 2008, as per the above schedule).

Members hired on or after September 4, 2012 will become participants of the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF) and will not be eligible for insurance premium subsidy in retirement. For members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the maximum insurance subsidy is payable to the surviving spouse and health dependents of members who die as a result of injury or illness resulting from job activities. For all other members hired on or after September 4, 2012, the defined benefit portion of their post-retirement health benefits coverage is limited to a credit to a Health Reimbursement Account at termination if they have at least 10 years of service. The credit will be \$2,000 for participants who are at least age 60 at termination or \$1,000 for participants who are less than age 60 at termination.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 4, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 4, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between i. and ii. below:

- i. Maintaining eligibility for the premium subsidy described above, and contributing 3% of their compensation while still working, or
- ii. Entering the PHF

Members not making an election will default into the premium subsidy arrangement.

If a member who elected the subsidy terminates prior to becoming eligible for the subsidy, dies before the total value of the subsidy received equals the total value of contributions made, or retires and declines coverage, the member or beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental pension benefit (payable at age 60 and payable from the pension plan) paid out over a 60-month period.

A delayed subsidy applies to retirees who became a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2008 and who purchased service credit on or after July 1, 2008. Such individuals are eligible for premium subsidy benefits at age 60 or when they would have been eligible to retire without having made a service purchase, whichever comes first. They may enroll in the insurances earlier but are responsible for the full premium until the premium subsidy begins.

Member Contributions before Transition Date

(February 1, 2013)

- Basic Participants None
- MIP Participants hired before January 1, 1990 3.9% of pay
- MIP Participants hired on or after January 1, 1990 and before July 1, 2008 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 4.3% pay in excess of \$15,000
- MIP and PENSION PLUS Participants hired on or after July 1, 2008 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% pay in excess of \$15,000

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE RETIREE HEALTH PLANS

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between i. and ii. below:

- i. Maintaining eligibility for premium subsidy retiree medical coverage, and contributing 3% of their compensation while still working, or
- ii. Entering the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)

Members not making an election defaulted into the premium subsidy arrangement.

If a member who elected the subsidy terminates prior to becoming eligible for the subsidy, dies before the total value of the subsidy received equals the total value of contributions made, or retires and declines coverage, the member or beneficiary may request a refund of unused funds. Refunds of member contributions to the healthcare funding account are issued as a supplemental pension benefit (payable at age 60 and payable from the pension plan) paid out over a 60-month period.

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS ON OR AFTER TRANSITION DATE

(February 1, 2013)

BASIC AND MIP MEMBERS

Contributions depend on member election of Option 1, 2, or 3. Members electing Option 4 will not contribute to the Plan

Option 1 – Basic plan members – 4% All MIP members – 7%

Option 2 – Contributions as in Option 1 until member reaches 30 years of service. At 30 years of service, contribution reverts to pre-transition date level

Option 3 – Post-transition date contribution is the same as the pre-transition date contribution

Pension Plus Members – 3% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 6.4% of pay in excess of \$15,000

Contents
Schedules of Additions by Source
Schedules of Deductions by Type
Schedules of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Schedules of Benefits and Refunds by Type
Schedules of Retired Members by Type of Benefit
Schedules of Funding Progress
Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
Schedules of Average Benefit Payments
Schedule of Principal Participating Employers
Ten Year History of Membership
Schedule of Participating Employers

CONTENTS

This part of the System's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the System's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the System's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time. The schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position OPEB Plan
- Schedule of Pension Benefit and Refunds by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Benefits and Refunds by Type

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain contextual information to assist the reader's understanding of how the System's financial information relates to the combination of participating members and the benefits it provides. Schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years, except where noted. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Funding Progress Pension Plan
- Schedule of Funding Progress OPEB Plan
- Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Pension
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Health
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Dental/Vision
- Schedule of Principal Participating Employers
- Ten Year History of Membership
- Schedule of Participating Employers

SCHEDULES OF ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

Last Ten Years

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	٢								
Ended		Member			% of Annual		Net Investment &		
Sept. 30		Contributions	_	Dollars	Reported Payroll	_	Other Income		Total
2010	\$	377,748,755	\$	1,001,251,673	11.32	%\$	3,563,042,464 \$	3	4,942,042,892
2011		332,209,134		1,156,060,903	12.62		1,332,452,213		2,820,722,250
2012		335,470,879		1,454,438,907	16.82		5,387,076,055		7,176,985,841
2013		385,007,587		1,364,136,462	16.58		4,859,919,060		6,609,063,109
2014		405,443,771		1,600,375,132	19.60		6,192,710,861		8,198,529,764
2015		395,722,292		1,967,610,696	23.81		938,143,040		3,301,476,028
2016		398,893,138		2,308,657,030	28.13		3,095,177,500		5,802,727,668
2017		427,988,238		2,398,950,106	28.38		5,583,470,138		8,410,408,482
2018		393,059,173		2,791,508,863	32.52		5,136,369,857		8,320,937,893
2019		403,146,565		2,706,712,537	N/A		2,519,522,310		5,629,381,412

SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

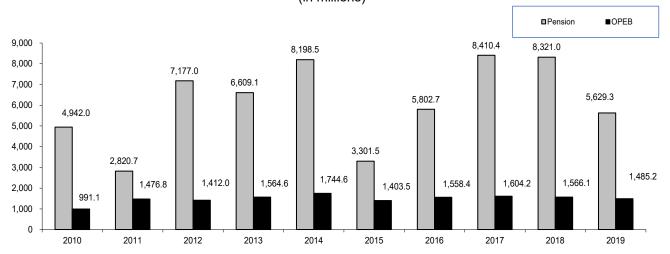
Last Ten Years

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Member Contributions	Dollars	% of Annual Reported Payroll		Net Investment & Other Income	Total
2010	\$ 125,160,304	\$ 675,117,153	7.63	6 \$	190,860,064	\$ 991,137,521
2011	384,978,107	794,839,611	8.68		297,025,962	1,476,843,680
2012	387,566,872	795,595,368	9.20		228,838,969	1,412,001,209
2013	394,839,047	973,002,719	11.76		196,731,989	1,564,573,755
2014	390,844,206	1,000,031,808	12.24		353,732,646	1,744,608,660
2015	381,630,848	969,418,632	11.73		52,443,410	1,403,492,890
2016	382,257,166	883,943,202	10.77		292,214,037	1,558,414,405
2017	214,248,867	794,661,944	9.40		595,269,533	1,604,180,344
2018	210,679,842	663,708,218	7.73		691,696,835	1,566,084,896
2019	208,197,137	707,714,340	N/A		569,334,003	1,485,245,480

TOTAL ADDITIONS

Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



SCHEDULES OF DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

r Benefit Payments		Refunds and Transfers				Total		
\$	3,525,020,341	\$	33,923,570	\$	26,000,699	\$	3,584,944,610	
	3,942,027,101		36,591,206		22,926,393		4,001,544,700	
	4,082,242,506		31,865,139		37,119,630		4,151,227,275	
	4,238,482,066		30,451,235		25,002,153		4,293,935,454	
	4,388,328,517		28,840,650		23,711,249		4,440,880,415	
	4,530,914,738		136,902,057		24,487,325		4,692,304,120	
	4,671,299,698		26,996,969		26,213,125		4,724,509,792	
	4,806,958,754		26,112,046		26,133,359		4,859,204,159	
	4,934,638,368		28,632,230		25,951,960		4,989,222,559	
	5,058,624,097		29,344,631		27,740,993		5,115,709,721	
	\$	\$ 3,525,020,341 3,942,027,101 4,082,242,506 4,238,482,066 4,388,328,517 4,530,914,738 4,671,299,698 4,806,958,754 4,934,638,368	Payments a \$ 3,525,020,341 \$ 3,942,027,101 4,082,242,506 4,238,482,066 4,388,328,517 4,530,914,738 4,671,299,698 4,806,958,754 4,934,638,368	Payments and Transfers \$ 3,525,020,341 \$ 33,923,570 3,942,027,101 36,591,206 4,082,242,506 31,865,139 4,238,482,066 30,451,235 4,388,328,517 28,840,650 4,530,914,738 136,902,057 4,671,299,698 26,996,969 4,806,958,754 26,112,046 4,934,638,368 28,632,230	Payments and Transfers Oth \$ 3,525,020,341 \$ 33,923,570 \$ 3,942,027,101 36,591,206 4,082,242,506 31,865,139 4,238,482,066 30,451,235 4,388,328,517 28,840,650 4,530,914,738 136,902,057 4,671,299,698 26,996,969 4,806,958,754 26,112,046 4,934,638,368 28,632,230	Payments and Transfers Other Expenses \$ 3,525,020,341 \$ 33,923,570 \$ 26,000,699 3,942,027,101 36,591,206 22,926,393 4,082,242,506 31,865,139 37,119,630 4,238,482,066 30,451,235 25,002,153 4,388,328,517 28,840,650 23,711,249 4,530,914,738 136,902,057 24,487,325 4,671,299,698 26,996,969 26,213,125 4,806,958,754 26,112,046 26,133,359 4,934,638,368 28,632,230 25,951,960	Payments and Transfers Other Expenses \$ 3,525,020,341 \$ 33,923,570 \$ 26,000,699 \$ 3,942,027,101 36,591,206 22,926,393 4,082,242,506 31,865,139 37,119,630 4,238,482,066 30,451,235 25,002,153 4,388,328,517 28,840,650 23,711,249 4,530,914,738 136,902,057 24,487,325 4,671,299,698 26,996,969 26,213,125 4,806,958,754 26,112,046 26,133,359 4,934,638,368 28,632,230 25,951,960	

SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

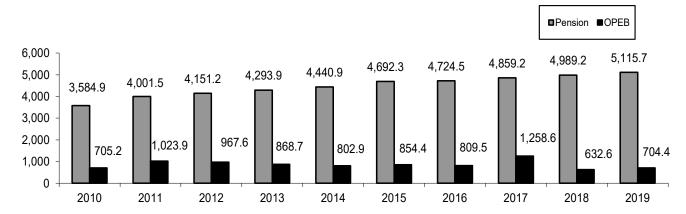
Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments		aı	Refunds and Transfers		iinistrative and her Expenses	Total		
2010	\$	650,677,457	\$	52,545	\$	54,431,010	\$	705,161,012	
2011		910,023,134		39,133		113,790,777		1,023,853,044	
2012		785,896,356		2,461,527		179,259,224		967,617,107	
2013		711,578,683		9,177,658		147,972,842		868,729,183	
2014		669,240,164		68,930		133,623,320		802,932,413	
2015		700,904,663		95,860		153,410,971		854,411,494	
2016		653,086,198		93,387		156,358,057		809,537,642	
2017		548,269,421		553,960,659		156,354,596		1,258,584,675	
2018		477,124,380		344,297		155,149,286		632,617,963	
2019		542,033,925		33,591		162,320,970		704,388,486	

TOTAL DEDUCTIONS

Year Ended September 30

(in millions)



This page was intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Years (in thousands)

		Fiscal	l Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Member contributions Employer contributions Net investment income Transfer from other systems Miscellaneous income Total Additions	\$ 377,749 1,001,252 3,562,452 16 574 4,942,042	\$ 332,209 1,156,061 1,331,744 5 704 2,820,722	\$ 335,471 1,454,439 5,386,497 - 579 7,176,986	\$ 385,008 1,364,136 4,858,463 - 1,356 6,609,063
Pension benefits Refunds of contributions Transfer to other systems Administrative and Other Expenses Total Deductions	3,525,020 33,873 50 26,001 3,584,944	3,942,027 36,591 2 22,926 4,001,546	4,082,243 31,865 - 37,120 4,151,228	4,238,482 30,450 1 25,002 4,293,935
Changes in net position	\$ 1,357,099	\$ (1,180,823)	\$ 3,025,758	\$ 2,315,128

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - OPEB PLAN

Last Ten Years (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year								
		2010		2011		2012		2013	
Member contributions	<u> </u>								
Employer contributions	\$	125,160	\$	384,978	\$	387,567	\$	394,839	
Other governmental									
contributions		675,117		794,840		795,595		973,303	
Net investment income		39,980		163,949		17,406		9	
Miscellaneous income		150,686		132,993		210,642		196,646	
Total Additions		195		85		790		77	
		991,138		1,476,844		1,412,001		1,564,574	
Health care benefits		650,677		910,023		785,896		711,579	
Refunds of contributions		53		39		2,462		1,095	
Transfers to other systems		-		-		-		8,083	
Uncollectible receivables		-		-		37,551		-	
Administrative and									
Other Expenses		54,431		113,791		141,708		147,973	
Total Deductions		705,161		1,023,853		967,617		868,729	
Changes in net position	\$	285,977	\$	452,991	\$	444,384	\$	695,845	

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiscal Year (continued)

			ristai i eai	(COIII	iiiueuj			
2014	 2015 2016		2016	2017			2018	 2019
\$ 405,444	\$ 395,722	\$	398,893	\$	427,988	\$	393,059	\$ 403,147
1,600,375	1,967,611		2,308,657		2,398,950		2,791,509	2,706,713
6,190,449	937,663		3,094,694		5,582,660		5,135,866	2,519,320
_	-		-		-		-	-
2,262	480		484		811		504	202
8,198,530	3,301,476		5,802,728		8,410,408		8,320,938	5,629,381
4,388,329	4,530,915		4,671,300		4,806,959		4,934,638	5,058,624
28,841	136,901		26,994		26,092		28,632	29,345
-	1		3		20		-	-
23,711	24,487		26,213		26,133		25,952	27,741
4,440,880	4,692,304		4,724,510		4,859,204		4,989,223	5,115,710
\$ 3,757,650	\$ (1,390,828)	\$	1,078,218	\$	3,551,204	\$	3,331,715	\$ 513,672

Fiscal Year (continued)

 riscai fear (continueu)										
2014 2		2015		015 2016		2017		2018		2019
\$ 390,844	\$	381,631	\$	382,257	\$	214,249	\$	210,680	\$	208,197
1,000,032		969,419		883,943		794,662		663,708		707,714
138		213		2,411		5		96,708		233,196
353,064		52,064		289,644		595,089		594,893		336,063
531		166		159		176		96		74
1,744,609		1,403,493		1,558,414		1,604,180		1,566,085		1,485,245
669,240		700,904		653,086		548,269		477,124		542,034
68		96		93		553,961		344		34
1		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
133,623		153,411		156,358		156,355		155,149		162,321
802,932		854,411		809,538		1,258,585		632,618		704,388
\$ 941,676	\$	549,081	\$	748,877	\$	345,596	\$	933,467	\$	780,857

SCHEDULES OF BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

SCHEDULE OF PENSION BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year							
Ended Sept. 30			Employer	Employee	Retired Benefits	Total	
2010	\$ 3,254,752,971	\$ 58,015,212	\$ 212,252,158	\$ 507,347	\$ 33,364,256	\$ 1,755	\$ 3,558,893,699
2011	3,655,588,461	60,232,300	226,200,505	1,311,729	35,249,374	29,934	3,978,612,303
2012	3,779,064,349	62,414,881	240,763,276	98,202	31,720,355	46,582	4,114,107,645
2013	3,919,541,949	65,421,037	253,519,080	96,131	30,340,582	13,507	4,268,932,286
2014	4,052,801,025	68,329,595	267,197,897	459,114	28,380,803	732	4,417,169,166
2015	4,179,445,527	70,240,170	281,229,041	112,468,242	24,416,139	17,016	4,667,816,135
2016	4,303,690,804	71,924,352	295,684,541	2,478,596	24,507,177	7,771	4,698,293,241
2017	4,422,445,301	73,317,357	311,196,097	126,312	25,971,639	14,096	4,833,070,801
2018	4,532,304,321	74,811,652	327,522,395	217,568	28,375,762	38,900	4,963,270,599
2019	4,642,670,631	74,985,320	340,968,146	109,747	29,218,328	16,556	5,087,968,728

^{*} Includes prior post retirement adjustments

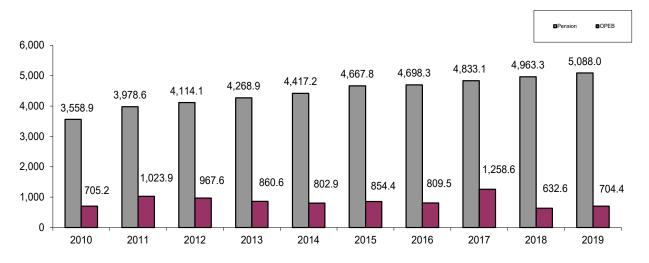
SCHEDULE OF OPEB BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Ended Sept. 30	Health Benefits	Dental/Vision Benefits	Administrative Expenses	OPEB Refunds	Total	
2010	\$ 566,550,299	\$ 84,127,158	\$ 54,431,010	\$ 52,545	\$ 705,161,012	
2011	815,311,950	94,711,184	113,790,777	39,133	1,023,853,044	
2012	690,268,502	95,627,854	179,259,224	2,461,527	967,617,107	
2013	612,955,516	98,623,167	147,972,842	1,095,145	860,646,670	
2014	582,398,966	86,841,198	133,623,320	68,141	802,931,624	
2015	617,493,539	83,411,124	153,410,971	95,860	854,411,494	
2016	567,230,086	85,856,112	156,358,057	93,387	809,537,642	
2017	474,032,868	74,236,553	156,354,596	553,960,659	1,258,584,675	
2018	402,747,129	74,377,251	155,149,286	344,297	632,617,963	
2019	469,017,033	73,016,892	162,320,970	33,591	704,388,486	

TOTAL BENEFIT DEDUCTIONS

Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



SCHEDULES OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF BENEFIT

SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF PENSION BENEFITS

September 30, 2018

Monthly		Type of Retirement * Selected Option**										
Pension	Number of											Opt.1E
Benefit Amt	Retirees	1	2	3	4	5	6	Opt. 1	Opt. 2	Opt. 3	Opt. 4	2E,3E,4E
\$ 1 - 200	11,564	10,073	1,103	61	222	3	102	6,115	2,875	1,634	222	718
201 - 400	23,028	20,084	1,424	103	1,121	3	293	12,379	5,076	3,874	598	1,101
401 - 600	18,164	15,421	1,168	89	1,145	1	340	9,414	3,884	3,353	596	917
601 - 800	13,993	11,687	920	69	994	1	322	7,031	2,882	2,689	566	825
801 - 1,000	11,652	9,744	781	47	773	2	305	5,634	2,345	2,375	542	756
1,001 - 1,200	10,195	8,544	804	25	542	-	280	4,640	2,165	2,085	506	799
1,201 - 1,400	8,857	7,311	843	14	469	1	219	3,829	1,922	1,787	494	825
1,401 - 1,600	8,266	6,802	845	12	379	2	226	3,355	1,759	1,683	530	939
1,601 - 1,800	7,993	6,741	748	9	297	-	198	3,113	1,676	1,663	495	1,046
1,801 - 2,000	7,847	6,738	654	7	270	1	177	2,958	1,679	1,485	561	1,164
over 2,000	95,059	89,151	4,206	9	827	3	863	41,684	18,410	19,039	7,780	8,146
•	,											
Totals	216,618	192,296	13,496	445	7,039	_17_	3,325	100,152	44,673	41,667	12,890	17,236

* Type of Retirement

- 1 Normal retirement for age and service
- 2 Survivor payment normal retirement
- 3 Duty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 4 Nonduty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 5 Survivor payment duty death in service
- 6 Survivor payment nonduty death in service

** Selected Option

Opt. 1 – Straight life allowance

Opt. 2 – 100% survivor option

Opt. 3 – 50% survivor option

Opt. 4 - 75% survivor option

Opt. 1E, 2E, 3E, 4E - Equated retirement plans

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

September 30, 2018

		Type of Other Poste	employment Benefits
Monthly			
Pension	Number of		
Benefit Amt	Retirees	Medical/Rx	Dental/Vision
\$ 1 - 200	11,564	4,623	5,649
201 - 400	23,028	10,858	12,946
401 - 600	18,164	10,106	11,723
601 - 800	13,993	8,746	10,002
801 - 1,000	11,652	7,694	8,632
1,001 - 1,200	10,195	7,174	7,899
1,201 - 1,400	8,857	6,463	7,070
1,401 - 1,600	8,266	6,214	6,752
1,601 - 1,800	7,993	6,193	6,674
1,801 - 2,000	7,847	6,156	6,628
Over 2,000	95,059	78,707	82,776
Totals	216,618	152,934	166,751

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Years (\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		lue of Liability ssets (AAL) Entry Age		(0	Jnfunded verfunded) ued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funde Ratio (a/b)	overed ayroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
2009	\$	44,703	\$	56,685	\$	11,982	78.9	%	\$ 9,884	121.2 %
2010		43,294		58,543		15,250	74.0		8,845	172.4
2010 ¹		43,294		59,877		16,583	72.3		8,845	187.5
2010 ²		43,294		60,927		17,633	71.1		8,845	199.4
2011		41,038		63,427		22,389	64.7		9,156	244.5
2012		38,450		62,716		24,266	61.3		8,649	280.6
2013		38,044		63,840		25,796	59.6		8,273	311.8
2014		39,626		65,050		25,424	60.9		8,167	311.3
2014 ¹		39,626		66,105		26,479	59.9		8,167	324.2
2015		41,006		67,728		26,721	60.5		8,264	323.3
2016		43,204		68,858		25,654	62.7		8,206	312.6
2016 ¹		43,204		72,310		29,107	59.7		8,206	354.7
2017		45,397		73,327		27,930	61.9		8,221	339.7
2017 ²		47,255		76,693		29,438	61.6		8,221	358.1
2018		49,313		77,865		28,552	63.3		8,300	344.0
2018 ²		50,630		83,375		32,745	60.7		8,300	394.5

¹ Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OPEB PLAN

Last Ten Years (\$ in millions)

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)		Unfunded (Overfunded) Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)		Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)		UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2009	\$	713	\$	28,295	\$	27,582	2.5 %	\$	9,884	279.1 %
2010		999		28,627		27,627	3.5		8,845	312.4
2011		1,156		27,046		25,890	4.3		9,156	282.8
2012 ¹		1,348		14,788		13,440	9.1		8,649	155.4
2013		2,041		14,534		12,493	14.0		8,273	151.0
2014 ²		2,982		14,161		11,180	21.1		8,167	136.9
2015		3,531		12,832		9,302	27.5		8,264	112.6
2016 ²		4,279		13,776		9,497	31.1		8,206	115.7
2017		5,178		13,116		7,938	39.5		8,221	96.6
2017 ²		5,178		13,588		8,410	38.1		8,221	102.3
2018		5,944		12,873		6,928	46.2		8,300	83.4
2018 ²		6,089		13,749		7,659	44.3		8,300	92.3

¹ Revised investment rate of return from 4% to 8% due to prefunding

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

² Revised benefit provisions

² Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

For Year Ended September 30, 2019

Claims Health Insurance Vision Insurance Dental Insurance	\$ 297,252,392 4,242,274 66,889,566
Total Claims	368,384,232
Estimated Claims Liability Health Insurance Vision Insurance Dental Insurance	171,764,641 345,239 1,539,813
Total Estimated Claims Liability	173,649,693
Administrative Fees Staff Salaries Retirement and Social Security Other Fringe Benefits Consulting Printing Postage, Telephone, and Other Health Insurance Vision Insurance Dental Insurance	1,386,462 772,932 272,369 1,584,353 - 81,441 152,859,897 5,146,530 216,986
Total Administrative Fees	162,320,970
Subtotal	704,354,895
Refunds Retirement Benefits	3,550 30,041
Grand Total	\$ 704,388,486

SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - PENSION

Last Ten Years

	Last Ten Years							
Payment Periods	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30							
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total
Period 10/1/08 to 9/30/09:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,095	\$ 201	\$ 337	\$ 606	\$ 994	\$ 1,494	\$ 2,590	\$ 1,617
Average Final Average Salary	32,482	19,036	19,343	25,731	32,097	37,379	56,113	40,843
Number of Active Retirants	1,515	5,875	19,988	24,746	23,314	17,912	78,572	171,922
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,205	\$ 209	\$ 351	\$ 630	\$ 1,039	\$ 1,561	\$ 2,669	\$ 1,693
Average Final Average Salary	37,222	19,559	20,269	26,822	33,777	40,271	\$ 2,009 57,785	42,731
Number of Active Retirants							87,763 87,311	187,722
	1,909	6,421	20,817	25,838	25,368	20,058	01,311	101,122
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,296	\$ 219	\$ 363	\$ 647	\$ 1,068	\$ 1,602	\$ 2,720	\$ 1,727
Average Final Average Salary	38,093	20,161	21,020	27,580	34,720	41,391	58,505	43,471
Number of Active Retirants	2,389	6,632	21,460	26,403	25,886	20,654	89,011	192,435
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,385	\$ 226	\$ 375	\$ 667	\$ 1,096	\$ 1,639	\$ 2,766	\$ 1,752
Average Final Average Salary	39,388	20,586	21,774	28,601	35,728	42,408	59,109	44,113
Number of Active Retirants	2,941	6,824	22,030	27,276	26,604	21,049	89,937	196,661
	2,341	0,024	22,000	21,210	20,004	21,043	03,337	130,001
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,266	\$ 234	\$ 390	\$ 687	\$ 1,122	\$ 1,671	\$ 2,808	\$ 1,779
Average Final Average Salary	35,857	21,024	22,588	29,490	36,703	43,385	59,676	44,771
Number of Active Retirants	832	7,145	22,991	28,363	27,684	21,754	92,183	200,952
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 141	\$ 219	\$ 396	\$ 699	\$ 1,139	\$ 1,689	\$ 2,846	\$ 1,806
Average Final Average Salary	10,750	20,617	23,263	30,235	37,612	44,258	60,156	45,423
Number of Active Retirants	200	6,971	23,668	29,017	28,219	22,022	94,415	204,512
		·	·	·	·		•	
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15:	\$ 140	\$ 223	\$ 405	\$ 715	\$ 1,162	¢ 1 710	\$ 2,891	\$ 1,834
Average Monthly Benefit						\$ 1,718		
Average Final Average Salary	10,985	20,900	23,773	30,934	38,452	45,125	60,759	46,045
Number of Active Retirants	187	7,021	24,081	29,535	28,853	22,465	95,509	207,651
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 126	\$ 228	\$ 414	\$ 729	\$ 1,183	\$ 1,741	\$ 2,933	\$ 1,860
Average Final Average Salary	11,346	21,161	24,205	31,512	39,139	45,895	61,328	46,613
Number of Active Retirants	178	7,100	24,401	30,106	29,407	22,989	96,826	211,007
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 129	\$ 233	\$ 423	\$ 743	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,762	\$ 2,974	\$ 1,885
Average Final Average Salary	11,825	21,365	24,663	32,032	39,890	46,663	61,894	47,166
Number of Active Retirants	176	7,163	24,784	30,551	29,998	23,461	97,856	213,989
	17.0	7,100	21,107	00,001	20,000	20,701	07,000	210,000
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18:		.			A	.		
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 127	\$ 237	\$ 432	\$ 756	\$ 1,222	\$ 1,785	\$ 3,013	\$ 1,911
Average Final Average Salary	12,020	21,612	25,128	32,528	40,512	47,435	62,500	47,754
Number of Active Retirants	170	7,172	25,043	30,860	30,559	23,873	98,941	216,618

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - HEALTH*

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods	ent Periods Credited Service (Years) as of September 30							
i ayillelit i ellous	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total
Period 10/1/08 to 9/30/09: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,230 38,012 1,053	\$ 216 19,252 4,212	\$ 376 20,328 10,757	\$ 647 26,525 16,602	\$ 1,039 32,575 17,376	\$ 1,782 42,936 21,419	\$ 2,683 56,446 56,377	\$ 1,757 42,631 127,796
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,318 39,573 1,423	\$ 227 19,994 4,527	\$ 395 21,582 11,064	\$ 673 27,699 17,419	\$ 1,087 34,383 19,071	\$ 1,825 44,302 23,284	\$ 2,767 58,280 63,983	\$ 1,841 44,642 140,771
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,407 40,812 1,810	\$ 238 20,557 4,551	\$ 412 22,546 10,939	\$ 693 28,618 17,498	\$ 1,119 35,375 19,279	\$ 1,860 45,063 23,591	\$ 2,825 59,127 65,246	\$ 1,890 45,605 142,914
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,476 41,556 2,248	\$ 247 21,162 4,625	\$ 430 23,562 11,007	\$ 716 29,744 17,996	\$ 1,149 36,497 19,835	\$ 1,898 45,793 23,855	\$ 2,875 59,805 66,308	\$ 1,925 46,394 145,874
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 1,430 41,834 534	\$ 257 21,668 4,677	\$ 452 24,615 11,071	\$ 738 30,728 18,375	\$ 1,178 37,590 20,387	\$ 1,931 46,550 24,342	\$ 2,921 60,458 67,874	\$ 1,968 47,289 147,260
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 137 19,937 180	\$ 242 21,414 4,477	\$ 459 25,426 10,953	\$ 750 31,541 18,562	\$ 1,201 38,682 20,546	\$ 1,964 47,376 24,482	\$ 2,965 61,032 69,273	\$ 2,009 48,129 148,473
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 143 20,324 173	\$ 247 21,674 4,379	\$ 472 26,017 10,840	\$ 769 32,333 18,687	\$ 1,229 39,632 20,835	\$ 1,997 48,032 24,764	\$ 3,013 61,695 70,063	\$ 2,049 48,900 149,741
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 138 19,783 168	\$ 253 22,021 4,304	\$ 485 26,590 10,690	\$ 787 33,032 18,791	\$ 1,256 40,491 21,025	\$ 2,026 48,659 24,987	\$ 3,057 62,296 71,001	\$ 2,088 49,636 150,966
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 142 20,030 162	\$ 259 22,248 4,255	\$ 499 27,216 10,581	\$ 805 33,716 18,890	\$ 1,278 41,304 21,292	\$ 2,056 49,312 25,221	\$ 3,100 62,902 71,753	\$ 2,124 50,339 152,154
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18: Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	\$ 146 20,088 161	\$ 265 22,594 4,166	\$ 513 27,854 10,442	\$ 819 34,257 18,843	\$ 1,300 41,980 21,521	\$ 2,088 49,988 25,389	\$ 3,143 63,534 72,412	\$ 2,161 51,048 152,934

^{*} Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - DENTAL/VISION*

Last Ten Years

	Last ren reals							
Payment Periods	<u> </u>					•		
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30+	Total
Period 10/1/08 to 9/30/09:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$1,194	\$ 215	\$ 372	\$ 639	\$1,027	\$1,779	\$2,673	\$ 1,726
Average Final Average Salary	37,407	19,216	20,292	26,357	32,340	42,861	56,379	42,185
Number of Active Retirants	1,143	4,665	12,170	18,337	18,816	22,872	59,118	137,121
Period 10/1/09 to 9/30/10:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$1,281	\$ 225	\$ 389	\$ 662	\$1,072	\$1,816	\$2,754	\$ 1,804
Average Final Average Salary	38,901	19,894	21,438	27,429	34,054	44,112	58,156	44,062
Number of Active Retirants	1,526	5,047	12,555	19,237	20,621	24,738	66,628	150,352
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$1,373	\$ 236	\$ 405	\$ 681	\$1,103	\$1,850	\$2,809	\$ 1,846
Average Final Average Salary	40,098	20,552	22,297	28,253	35,020	44,819	58,936	44,916
Number of Active Retirants	1,943	5,143	12,672	19,538	21,050	25,226	68,305	153,877
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$1,449	\$ 244	\$ 421	\$ 703	\$1,131	\$1,887	\$2,858	\$ 1,879
Average Final Average Salary	40,959	21,086	23,246	29,330	36,063	45,532	59,582	45,648
Number of Active Retirants	2,407	5,217	12,781	20,098	21,642	25,426	69,194	156,765
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$1,350	\$ 253	\$ 441	\$ 724	\$1,159	\$1,918	\$2,904	\$ 1,917
Average Final Average Salary	40,355	21,515	24,190	30,282	37,083	46,244	60,205	46,448
Number of Active Retirants	597	5,363	13,021	20,696	22,399	26,065	71,011	159,152
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 136	\$ 238	\$ 449	\$ 737	\$1,181	\$1,948	\$2,948	\$ 1,955
Average Final Average Salary	20,147	21,195	24,997	31,104	38,155	47,009	60,778	47,262
Number of Active Retirants	220	5,161	12,983	20,960	22,660	26,333	72,599	160,916
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 141	\$ 244	\$ 461	\$ 755	\$1,208	\$1,981	\$2,995	\$ 1,994
Average Final Average Salary	20,322	21,538	25,579	31,868	39,101	47,659	61,425	48,020
Number of Active Retirants	208	5,090	12,883	21,114	23,037	26,641	73,532	162,505
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 144	\$ 250	\$ 473	\$ 773	\$1,233	\$2,009	\$3,038	\$ 2,030
Average Final Average Salary	20,388	21,837	26,085	32,530	39,877	48,255	62,021	48,717
Number of Active Retirants	206	5,025	12,743	21,322	23,304	26,977	74,629	164,206
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 149	\$ 256	\$ 486	\$ 790	\$1,256	\$2,037	\$3,081	\$ 2,065
Average Final Average Salary	20,719	22,078	26,677	33,178	40,686	48,880	62,629	49,409
Number of Active Retirants	201	4,958	12,655	21,460	23,578	27,235	75,445	165,532
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18:								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 154	\$ 262	\$ 499	\$ 805	\$1,276	\$2,067	\$3,121	\$ 2,101
Average Final Average Salary	21,083	22,461	27,269	33,734	41,325	49,520	63,233	50,095
Number of Active Retirants	199	4,880	12,520	21,459	23,884	27,482	76,327	166,751

^{*}Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

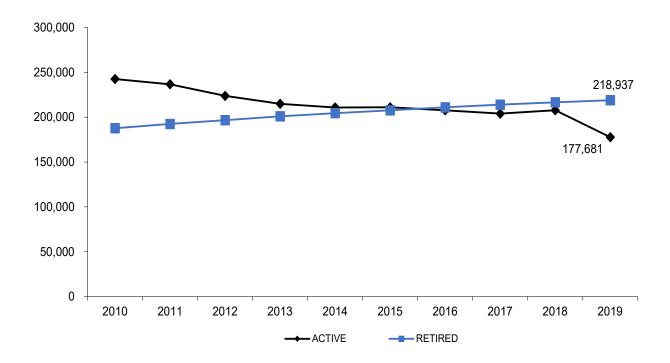
SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

For Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2018 and 2009

	201	8	2009		
Participating Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total		Percentage of Total System	
Detroit Public Schools Community District	7,721	3.34 %	13,817	5.15 %	
Dearborn Public Schools	3,268	1.41	2,688	1.00	
Ann Arbor Public Schools	2,964	1.28	3,107	1.16	
Grand Rapids Public Schools	2,801	1.21	3,280	1.22	
Utica Community Schools	2,789	1.21	3,942	1.47	
Kalamazoo Public Schools	2,235	0.97	2,571	0.96	
Macomb Community College	2,138	0.92	2,529	0.94	
Plymouth-Canton Community SD	2,100	0.91	2,497	0.93	
Chippewa Valley Schools	2,053	0.89	1,921	0.72	
Oakland Community College	2,015	0.87	2,504	0.93	
All other	201,234	86.99	229,352	85.51	
Total	231,318	100.00 %	268,208	100.00 %	

TEN YEAR HISTORY OF MEMBERSHIP

Fiscal Year Ended September 30



Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

STATISTICAL SECTION					
TEN YEAR HISTORY OF MEMBERSHIP					
This page was intentionally left blank.					
imo pago mao intontionany tott biania					

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

At 9/30/2019

Universities:

Central Michigan University
Eastern Michigan University
Ferris State University
Lake Superior State University
Michigan Technological University
Northern Michigan University
Western Michigan University

Community Colleges:

Alpena Community College
Bay De Noc Community College
Charles S Mott Community College
Delta College
Glen Oaks Community College
Gogebic Community College
Grand Rapids Community College
Henry Ford College
Jackson College
Kalamazoo Valley Community College
Kellogg Community College
Kirtland Community College
Lake Michigan College
Lansing Community College

Lansing Community College
Macomb Community College
Mid-Michigan Community College
Monroe County Community College
Montcalm Community College
Muskegon Community College
North Central Michigan College
Northwestern Michigan College
Oakland Community College
Schoolcraft Community College
Southwestern Michigan College
St Clair County Community College
Washtenaw Community College
Wayne County Community College
West Shore Community College

Intermediate School Districts:

Allegan Area Educational Service Agency
Alpena-Montmorency-Alcona ESD
Barry Intermediate School District
Bay-Arenac Intermediate School District
Berrien RESA
Branch Intermediate School District
Calhoun Intermediate School District
Charlevoix-Emmet Intermediate School District
Cheboygan-Otsego-Presque Isle ESD
Clare-Gladwin Intermediate School District
Clinton County RESA
COOR Intermediate School District
Copper Country Intermediate School District

Delta-Schoolcraft Intermediate School District
Dickinson-Iron Intermediate School District
Eastern U P Intermediate School District
Eaton Intermediate School District
Genesee Intermediate School District
Gogebic-Ontonagon Intermediate School District
Gratiot-Isabella RESD

Hillsdale Intermediate School District Huron Intermediate School District Ingham Intermediate School District Ionia Intermediate School District

Iosco RESA

Jackson Intermediate School District

Kalamazoo RESA

Kent Intermediate School District Lapeer Intermediate School District Lenawee Intermediate School District Lewis Cass Intermediate School District

Livingston ESA

Macomb Intermediate School District
Manistee Intermediate School District
Marquette-Alger Intermediate School District
Mecosta-Osceola Intermediate School District
Menominee Intermediate School District
Midland County Educational Service Agency
Monroe Intermediate School District

Montcalm Area Intermediate School District Muskegon Area Intermediate School District

Newaygo County RESA

Oakland Intermediate School District Ottawa Area Intermediate School District Saginaw Intermediate School District Sanilac Intermediate School District

Shiawassee Regional Educational Service District

St Clair County RESA

St Joseph Intermediate School District

Traverse Bay Area Intermediate School District

Tuscola Intermediate School District
Van Buren Intermediate School District
Washtenaw Intermediate School District

Wayne RESA

West Shore Educational Service District

Wexford-Missaukee Intermediate School District

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts:

Adams Township School District

Adams-Sigel #3 School

Addison Community Schools

Adrian Public Schools

Airport Community Schools

Akron-Fairgrove Schools

Alanson Public Schools

Alba Public Schools

Alcona Community Schools

Algonac Community Schools

Allegan Public Schools

Allen Park Public Schools

Allendale Public Schools

Alma Public Schools

Almont Community Schools

Alpena Public Schools

Anchor Bay School District

Ann Arbor Public Schools

Arenac-Eastern High School

Armada Area Schools

Arvon Township Schools

Ashlev Community Schools

Athens Area Schools

Atherton Community Schools

Atlanta Community Schools

Au Gres-Sims School District

Autrain-Onota Public Schools

Avondale School District

Bad Axe Public Schools

Baldwin Community Schools

Bangor Public Schools

Bangor Township Schools Baraga Township Schools

Bark River-Harris Schools

Bath Community Schools

Battle Creek Public Schools

Bay City Public Schools

Beal City Schools

Bear Lake School District

Beaver Island Community Schools

Beaverton Rural School District

Bedford Public Schools

Beecher Community School District

Belding Area Schools

Bellaire Public Schools

Bellevue Community Schools

Bendle Public Schools

Bentley Community Schools

Benton Harbor Area Schools

Benzie County Central Schools

Berkley School District

Berrien Springs Public Schools

Bessemer Area School District

Big Bay De Noc School District

Big Burning-Colfax School District #1F

Big Jackson School District

Big Rapids Public Schools

Birch Run Area Schools

Birmingham Public Schools

Blissfield Community School District

Bloomfield Hills School District

Bloomingdale Public Schools

Bois Blanc Pines School District

Boyne City Public Schools

Boyne Falls Public Schools

Brandon School District

Brandywine Public Schools

Breckenridge Community Schools

Breitung Township Schools

Bridgeport-Spaulding Community School District

Bridgman Public Schools

Brighton Area Schools

Brimley Public Schools

Britton-Deerfield Schools

Bronson Community Schools

Brown City Community Schools

Buchanan Community Schools

Buckley Community Schools

Bullock Creek School District

Burr Oak Community Schools Burt Township School District

Byron Area Schools

Byron Center Public Schools

Cadillac Area Public Schools

Caledonia Community Schools Calumet Public Schools

Camden-Frontier School

Capac Community Schools

Carman-Ainsworth Community School District

Carney-Nadeau Public Schools

Caro Community Schools

Carrollton School District

Carson City-Crystal Area Schools

Carsonville-Port Sanilac School

Caseville Public Schools

Cass City Public Schools Cassopolis Public Schools

Cedar Springs Public Schools

Center Line Public Schools

Central Lake-Antrim County Public Schools

Central Montcalm Public Schools

Centreville Public Schools

Charlevoix Public Schools

Charlotte Public Schools

Chassell Township Schools Cheboygan Area School District

Chelsea School District

Chesaning-Union Schools

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

Chippewa Hills School District Chippewa Valley Schools

Church School

Clare Public Schools

Clarenceville School District Clarkston Community Schools

Clawson City School District

Climax-Scotts Community Schools

Clinton Community Schools
Clintondale Community Schools

Clio Area School District

Coldwater Community Schools

Coleman Community Schools
Coloma Community Schools

Colon Community School
Columbia School District

Comstock Park Public Schools

Comstock Public Schools Concord Community Schools

Constantine Public Schools

Coon-Berlin Township School District #3

Coopersville Public Schools Corunna Public Schools Covert Public Schools

Crawford-AuSable School District
Crawford-Excelsior School District #1

Crestwood School District Croswell-Lexington Schools

Dansville Schools

Davison Community Schools

Dearborn Heights School District #7

Dearborn Public Schools Decatur Public Schools

Deckerville Community School District

Delton-Kellogg Schools DeTour Area Schools

Detroit Public Schools Community District

Dewitt Public Schools
Dexter Community Schools

Dollar Bay-Tamarack School District Dowagiac-Union School District Dryden Community Schools Dundee Community Schools

Durand Area Schools
East China School District

East Grand Rapids Public Schools

East Jackson Public Schools
East Jordan Public Schools
East Lansing Public Schools

Eastpointe Community Schools
Eaton Rapids Public Schools
Eau Claire Public Schools
Eccles-Sigel #4 School
Ecorse Public Schools

Edwardsburg Public Schools

Elk Rapids Schools

Ellsworth Community Schools Elm River Township Schools

Engadine Consolidated School District #4

Escanaba Area Public Schools
Essexville-Hampton Public Schools

Evart Public Schools

Ewen-Trout Creek Consolidated School District

Fairview Area Schools
Farmington Public Schools
Farwell Area Schools
Fennville Public Schools
Fenton Area Public Schools
Ferndale City School District
Fitzgerald Public Schools
Flat Rock Community Schools
Flint Community Schools
Flushing Community Schools

Forest Area Schools
Forest Hills Public Schools
Forest Park School District
Fowler Public Schools

Fowlerville Community Schools Frankenmuth School District Frankfort-Elberta Area Schools

Fraser Public Schools

Freeland Community Schools Fremont Public Schools Fruitport Community Schools

Fulton Schools

Galesburg-Augusta Community School District

Garden City Public Schools
Gaylord Community Schools
Genesee School District
Gibraltar School District
Gladstone Area Schools
Gladwin Community Schools
Glen Lake Community Schools
Glenn-Ganges School District #4

Gobles Public Schools
Godfrey-Lee Public Schools
Godwin Heights Public Schools

Goodrich Area Schools

Grant Township School

Grand Blanc Community Schools Grand Haven Public Schools Grand Ledge Public Schools Grand Rapids Public Schools Grandville Public Schools Grant Public Schools

Grass Lake Community Schools

Greenville Public Schools Grosse Ile Township Schools Grosse Pointe Public Schools

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

Gull Lake Community Schools Gwinn Area Community Schools

Hale Area Schools

Hamilton Community Schools Hamtramck Public Schools Hancock Public Schools

Hanover Horton School District

Harbor Beach Community School District

Harbor Springs Public Schools Harper Creek Community Schools Harper Woods Public Schools Harrison Community Schools

Hart Public Schools Hartford Public Schools

Hartland Consolidated Schools

Haslett Public Schools

Hastings Area School District

Haynor Easton Township School District #6

Hazel Park Public Schools Hemlock Public Schools Hesperia Community Schools Hillman Community Schools Hillsdale Community Schools

Holland Public Schools Holly Area Schools Holt Public Schools Holton Public Schools **Homer Community Schools** Hopkins Public Schools

Houghton Lake Community Schools

Houghton-Portage Township School District

Howell Public Schools **Hudson Area Schools** Hudsonville Public Schools **Huron School District Huron Valley School District**

Ida Public Schools

Imlay City Community Schools

Inland Lakes Schools Ionia Public Schools

Iron Mountain Public Schools

Ironwood-Gogebic City Area Schools

Ishpeming Public Schools Ithaca Public Schools Jackson Public Schools Jefferson Schools Jenison Public Schools

Johannesburg-Lewiston Area Schools

Jonesville Community Schools Kalamazoo Public Schools

Kaleva Norman Dickson School District

Kalkaska Public Schools Kearsley Community Schools Kelloggsville Public Schools Kenowa Hills Public Schools Kent City Community Schools Kentwood Public Schools Kingsley Area Schools

Kingston Community Schools

Laingsburg Community Schools

Lake City Area Schools

Lake Fenton Community School District Lake Linden-Hubbell Public Schools Lake Orion Community School #3

Lake Shore Public Schools

Laker Schools

Lakeshore Public Schools Lakeview Community Schools Lakeview Public Schools Lakeview School District Lakeville Community Schools Lakewood School District Lamphere Public Schools L'Anse Creuse Public Schools

L'Anse Public Schools Lansing Public Schools Lapeer Public Schools Lawrence Public Schools Lawton Community Schools Leland Public Schools

Les Cheneaux Community Schools

Leslie Public Schools

Lincoln Consolidated Schools Lincoln Park Public Schools Linden Community Schools Litchfield Community Schools

Livonia Public Schools Lowell Area Schools Ludington Area Schools Mackinaw City Public Schools Mackinac Island Public Schools Madison District Public Schools Madison School District #2 Mancelona Public Schools Manchester Community Schools

Manistee Public Schools Manistique Area Schools

Manton Consolidated School District

Maple Valley Schools Mar Lee School District Marcellus Community Schools

Marion Public Schools

Marlette Community Schools Marquette Area Public Schools

Marshall Public Schools Martin Public Schools Marysville Public Schools

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

Mason Co.-Eastern-Custer #5 School District

Mason Consolidated Schools

Mason County Central School District

Mason Public Schools

Mattawan Consolidated Schools Mayville Community Schools McBain Rural Agricultural School

Melvindale-Northern Allen Park School District

Memphis Community Schools Mendon Community School Menominee Area Public Schools

Meridian Public Schools Merrill Community Schools Mesick Consolidated Schools Michigan Center School District

Mid Peninsula Schools Midland City Schools Milan Area Schools

Millington Community School District

Mio-AuSable Schools

Mona Shores School District #29

Monroe Public Schools

Montabella Community Schools Montague Area Public Schools Montrose Community Schools Moran Township School District

Morenci Area Schools

Morley-Stanwood Community Schools

Morrice Area Schools

Mt Clemens Community Schools Mt Morris Consolidated Schools Mt Pleasant Public Schools Munising Public Schools Muskegon City Public Schools

Muskegon Heights City Public Schools Napoleon Community School District

Negaunee Public Schools
New Buffalo Area Schools
New Haven Community Schools
New Lothrop Area Public Schools

Newaygo Public Schools Nice Community Schools Niles Public Schools

North Adams-Jerome Public Schools

North Branch Area Schools North Central Area Schools North Dickinson School North Huron Schools North LeValley School #2 North Muskegon Public Schools

Northport Public Schools Northview Public Schools Northville Public Schools Northwest School District Norway-Vulcan Area Schools Nottawa Community Schools

Novi Community School District

Oak Park School District
Oakridge Public Schools
Okemos Public Schools
Olivet Community Schools

Onaway Area Community Schools Onekama Consolidated Schools Onsted Community Schools Ontonagon Area School District

Orchard View Schools Oscoda Area Schools Otsego Public Schools Ovid-Elsie Area Schools

Owendale-Gagetown Area Schools

Owosso Public Schools

Oxford Area Community Schools

Parchment School District
Paw Paw Public Schools
Peck Community Schools
Pellston Public Schools
Pennfield Public Schools
Pentwater Public Schools
Perry Public Schools
Petoskey Public Schools

Pewamo-Westphalia Community School District

Pickford Public Schools
Pinckney Community Schools
Pinconning Area Schools
Pine River Area Schools
Pittsford Area Schools
Plainwell Community Schools

Plymouth-Canton Community School District

Pontiac City School District
Port Huron Area Schools
Portage Public Schools
Portland Public Schools
Posen Consolidated Schools
Potterville Public Schools
Powell Township School District

Quincy Community Schools
Rapid River Public Schools
Ravenna Public Schools #24
Reading Community Schools
Redford-Union School District #1
Reed City Public School District

Reese Public Schools Reeths-Puffer Schools

Republic-Michigamme Schools Richmond Community Schools River Rouge Public Schools

River School

River Valley School District

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

K-12 School Districts (continued):

River Valley School District

Riverside-Hagar School District #6

Riverview Public Schools

Rochester Community Schools

Rockford Public Schools

Rogers City Area Schools

Romeo Community Schools

Romulus Community Schools

Roscommon Area Public Schools

Roseville Community Schools

Royal Oak City School District

Rudyard Public Schools Saginaw City Schools

Saginaw Township Community Schools

Saline Area Schools

Sand Creek Community Schools

Sandusky Community Schools

Saranac Community Schools

Saugatuck Public Schools

Sault Ste Marie Public Schools

Schoolcraft Community Schools

Shelby Public Schools

Shepherd Public Schools

South Haven Public Schools

South Lake Public Schools

South Lyon Community Schools

South Redford School District

Southfield Public Schools

Southgate Community School District

Sparta Area Schools

Spring Lake Public Schools

Springport Public Schools

St Charles Community Schools

St Ignace Public Schools

St Johns Public Schools

St Joseph Public Schools

St Louis Public Schools

Standish-Sterling Community School District

Stanton Township Public Schools

Stephenson Area Public Schools

Stockbridge Community Schools

Strange-Oneida School #3

Sturgis Public Schools

Summerfield Schools

Superior Central School District

Suttons Bay Public Schools

Swan Valley School District

Swartz Creek Community Schools

Tahquamenon Area School District

Tawas Area Schools

Taylor School District

Tecumseh Public Schools

Tekonsha Community Schools

Thornapple-Kellogg School

Three Rivers Community Schools

Traverse City Public Schools

Trenton Public Schools

Tri-County Area Schools

Troy City School District

Ubly Community Schools

Union City Community Schools Unionville-Sebewaing Area Schools

Utica Community Schools

Van Buren Public Schools

Vanderbilt Area Schools

Vandercook Lake Public Schools

Van Dyke Public Schools

Vassar Public Schools

Verona Mills School

Vestaburg Community Schools

Vicksburg Community Schools

Wakefield-Marenisco School District

Waldron Area Schools

Walkerville Public Schools

Walled Lake Consolidated Schools

Warren Consolidated Schools

Warren Woods Public Schools

Waterford School District

Watersmeet Township School District

Watervliet Public Schools

Waverly Community Schools

Wavland Union Schools

Wayne-Westland Community Schools

Webberville Community Schools

Wells Township School #18 West Bloomfield Schools

West Branch-Rose City Area Schools

West Iron County Public Schools

West Ottawa Public Schools

Western School District

Westwood Community Schools

Westwood Heights Schools

White Cloud Public Schools

White Pigeon Community Schools

Whitefish Township School Whiteford Agricultural School

Whitehall District Schools

Whitmore Lake Public Schools

Whittemore-Prescott Area Schools

Williamston Community Schools

Wolverine Community Schools

Wood School District #8, Bangor Township

Woodhaven-Brownstown School District

Wyandotte Public Schools

Wyomina Public Schools

Yale Public School District

Ypsilanti Community Schools

Zeeland Public Schools

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

Libraries:

Ann Arbor District Library
Bacon Memorial District Library
Cheboygan Area Public Library
Flint Public Library
Grosse Pointe Public Library
Hackley Public Library
Kalamazoo Public Library
Mt Clemens Public Library
Public Libraries of Saginaw
Willard District Library

Public School Academies:

AGBU Alex & Marie Manoogian School

Arts Academy in the Woods

Battle Creek Area Learning Center

Bay-Arenac Community High School

Blue Water Middle College Academy

Central Academy

Countryside Charter School

Covenant House Academy Grand Rapids

Creative Technologies Academy

Crescent Academy

Da Vinci Institute

Dearborn Academy

Edison Public School Academy

El-Hajj Malik El-Shabazz Academy

Flat River Academy

Flint Cultural Center Academy

George Washington Carver Academy

Grand Rapids Child Discovery Center

Greater Heights Academy

Henry Ford Academy

Holly Academy

Honey Creek Community School

Joseph K. Lumsden Public School Academy

Macomb Academy

Martin Luther King, Jr. Public School Academy

Muskegon Heights Public School Academy

Nah Tah Wahsh Public School Academy

New High School

North Star Academy

Outlook Academy

Presque Isle Academy II

Relevant Academy of Eaton County

Richfield Public School Academy

Rising Stars Academy

Summit Academy

Summit Academy North

Three Lakes Academy

Virtual Learning Academy of St Clair

Walden Green Day School

Washtenaw Technical Middle College

Waterford Montessori Academy

West Michigan Aviation Academy

West Village Academy Woodland Park Academy

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is prepared by Financial Services, Fiscal Management Division. Staff of the division for the fiscal year 2019 report included:

Management:

Jacqueline Huhn, Director Aver Hamilton, Accounting Manager

Accountants:

Dan Harry Rick Legal Cindy Molzan Hope Richardson Paula Webb Carol Wheaton

Technical and Support Staff:

Jamin Schroeder

Special thanks are also extended to the Office of Retirement Services personnel, accounting and support personnel throughout Financial Services, Investments Division of Treasury, Department of Community Health cashiering personnel, Office of the Auditor General, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co., and the staff at the Office of Financial Management. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of these individuals.

This report may be viewed online at: www.michigan.gov/ors