

### Michigan Department of State

Campaign Finance Complaint Form
BUREAU OF ELECTIONS • RICHARD H. AUSTIN BUILDING - 1" Floor
430 W. ALLEGAN STREET • LANSING, MICHIGAN 48918

2020 AUG -7 AM 8:59

This complaint form may be used to file a complaint alleging that someone violated the Michigan Campaign Finance Act (MCFA). For instructions on how to complete this form, see the Campaign Finance Complaint Guidebook & Procedures document. All spaces are required unless otherwise indicated.

Section 1. Complainant	
Your Name INILLIAM MADRO	Daytime Telephone Number  586 - 549 - 9022
Mailing Address 37580 LAKEGHORE DR	
City HARRISON TOWNSHIP State M1	Zip UBOUT
Email (optional)	1001
Section 2. Alleged Violator	
Name HARRISON TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRA	RY
Mailing Address 38255 LIANGE CREUSE GTE A	
City HORRISON TOWNSHIP MI	48045
Email (optional)	
Section 3. Allegations (Use additional sheets if more space is needed.)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Section(s) of the MCFA alleged to be violated: MT 388 GETTON	157(3) AS AMENDED AT 269
Explain how those sections were violated:	
LIBRARY PIBLISHED AND MAILED TO	ALL REIDENTS
TWO MAILINGS ON A AUG 1 2020 M	11-LAGE ELECTION.
THIS WAS DONE AT TAXPAYER EXPROSE	FIN THE 60 DAY
PERIOD PRIOR TO THE ELECTION. FIRST	MAILING OF MID
JUNE 2020 AND SECOND MAILING O/A	MID JULY 2020.
Evidence included with the submission of the complaint that supports the ENCL 1 - MID JUNE 2000 MAILING	<b>Q</b>
FAVI - 2 - MAD 9111 V 2020 MANIA	

#### Section 4. Certification (Required)

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, formed after a reasonable inquiry under the circumstances, each factual contention of this complaint is supported by evidence.

<b>X</b>	lili	Made	august 2,2020	
	Signature of Complainant		Date	

#### Section 5: Certification without Evidence (Supplemental to Section 4)

If, after a reasonable inquiry under the circumstances, you are unable to certify that certain factual contentions are supported by evidence as indicated above, you may make the following certification:

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, information, or belief, there are

	grounds to conclude that the following contentions are likely to be supported opportunity for further inquiry. Those	s specifically identified factual by evidence after a reasonable specific contentions are:	
X			
	Signature of Complainant	Date	

Section 15(8) of the MCFA provides that a person who files a complaint with a false certification is responsible for a civil violation of the MCFA. The person may be required to pay a civil fine of up to \$1,000.00 and some, or all, of the expenses incurred by the Michigan Department of State and the alleged violator as a direct result of the filing of the complaint.

#### Section 6. Submission

Once completed, mail or hand deliver the complaint form with your evidence to the address below. The complaint is considered filed upon receipt by the Bureau of Elections.

Michigan Department of State Bureau of Elections Richard H. Austin Building – 1st Floor 430 West Allegan Street Lansing, Michigan 48918



Harrison Towelly Charles Election Tuesday

August 4, 2020

Polls open 7:00am to 8:00pm

HARRISON TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY

38255 L'Anse Creuse, Suite A

Harrison Township, MI

Phone: 586-329-1261

Website: www.htlibrary.org

MOUNT CLEMENS, MI PERMIT NO. 75 NONPROFIT ORG. ECRWSS U.S. POSTAGE **PAID** 

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*ECRWSSEDDM\*\*\*\*

Postal Customer

# WHY DO WE NEED A MILLAGE?

move to the next level and are asking the voters if they're This isn't a sustainable model and was never intended to Our library is still operating like a small start-up library. be the final stage in our development. We're ready to ready for the next level too.

Monthly

Yearly Cost

Taxable

Value\*

SEV

Value

HOW MUCH WILL THE MILLAGE COST?

Cost

\$4.17 \$5.00 \$5.83 \$8.34

20 9 20

50,000 60,000 70,000 100,000

100,000 120,000 140,000 200,000

	Class IV	
	average	НТР
Number of Public Computers	25	5
Square Footage	16,660 sq. ft.	3,900 sq. ft
Square Footage ner nerson	1.12 sq. ft.	0.16 sq. ft.
served	per person	per person
THE PARTY OF THE P	served	served
Average operating income per person served	41.04/person	19.16/person
Hours of operation per week	56 hours per	44 hours per
	week	week
Total collection size	109,208	38,877
Operating millage	1.39	-ċ

## for more information.

240,		Visit htlibrary.org				<b>\</b>
The average home price in Harrison Township is \$240,	WHERE WILL THE MONEY GO?   Technology upgrades	✓ More hours of operation	✓ Double the programs	$\checkmark$ Double the electronic resources	✓ After-hours delivery options	<ul> <li>Steps toward the next phase</li> </ul>

\$10.00

120 100

120,000

240,000



August 17, 2020

Harrison Township Public Library 38255 L'Anse Creuse Ste A Harrison Twp, MI 48045

Re:

Madro v. Harrison Township Public Library

Campaign Finance Complaint

No. 2020-08-141-57

Dear Harrison Township Public Library:

The Department of State (Department) received a formal complaint filed by William Madro against you alleging violations of the Michigan Campaign Finance Act (MCFA or Act), 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.201 *et seq*. A copy of the complaint and supporting documentation is enclosed with this letter.

In Michigan, it is unlawful for a public body or an individual acting on its behalf to use or authorize the use of equipment, supplies, personnel, funds, or other public resources to make a contribution or expenditure. MCL 169.257(1). The words "contribution" and "expenditure" are terms of art that are generally defined to include a payment or transfer of anything of ascertainable monetary value made for the purpose of influencing or made in assistance of the qualification, passage, or defeat of a ballot question. MCL 169.204(1), 169.206(1). A knowing violation of this provision is a misdemeanor offense. MCL 169.257(4).

Mr., Madro alleges that you published and mailed to all residents a flyer that expressly advocates for the passage of a ballot question. A copy of the flyer is included with the complaint.

The purpose of this letter is to inform you of the Department's examination of these matters and your right to respond to the allegations before the Department proceeds further. It is important to understand that the Department is neither making this complaint nor accepting the allegations as true. The investigation and resolution of this complaint is governed by section 15 of the Act and the corresponding administrative rules, R 169.51 et seq. An explanation of the investigation process is enclosed with this letter and a copy is available on the Department's website.

If you wish to file a written response to this complaint, you are required to do so within 15 business days of the date of this letter. Your response may include any written statement or additional documentary evidence you wish to submit. Due to the ongoing public health emergency, the Department asks that all materials be submitted via email to Elections@Michigan.gov to my attention. If you fail to submit a response, the Department will render a decision based on the evidence furnished by the complainant.

Harrison Township Public Library August 14, 2020 Page 2

Should you choose to submit a response, please specifically address whether the sentence "We're ready to move to the next level and are asking the voters if they're ready for the next level too." constitutes express advocacy.

A copy of your answer will be provided to Mr. Madro, who will have an opportunity to submit a rebuttal statement to the Department. After reviewing all of the statements and materials provided by the parties, the Department will determine whether "there may be reason to believe that a violation of [the MCFA] has occurred [.]" MCL 169.215(10). Note that the Department's enforcement powers include the possibility of entering a conciliation agreement, conducting an administrative hearing, or referring this matter to the Attorney General for enforcement of the criminal penalty provided in section 57(4) of the Act.

If you have any questions concerning this matter, you may contact me via email.

Sincerely.

Adam Fracassi Bureau of Elections

Michigan Department of State

c: William Madro



Lansing 313 S. Washington Square Lansing MI 48933

333 W. Fort Street – Suite 1400 Detroit MI 48226

Walter S. Foster 1878-1961 Richard B. Foster 1908-1996 Theodore W. Swift 1928-2000 John L. Collins 1926-2001 Webb A. Smith Gary J. McRay Stephen I. Jurmu Scott A. Storey

Charles A. Jansser

Charles E. Barbieri

Scott L. Mandel

James B. Jensen, Jr.

Michael D. Sanders

Brent A. Titus Stephen J. Lowney Jean G. Schtokal Brian G. Goodenough Matt G. Hrebec Deanna Swisher Thomas R Meagher Douglas A. Mielock Scott A. Chernich Paul J. Millenbach Dirk H. Beckwith Brian J. Renaud Bruce A. Vande Vusse Lynwood P. VandenBosch Lawrence Korolewicz James B. Doezema Anne M. Seurynck John P. Nicolucci

Southfield 28411 Northwestern Highway, Suite 500 Southfield MI 48034

Holland 151 Central Avenue – Suite 260 Holland MI 49423

Michael D. Homier David M. Lick Richard C. Kraus Benjamin J. Price Michael R. Blum Ionathan I. David Andrew C. Vredenburg Jack A. Siebers Julie I. Fershtman Todd W. Hoppe Jennifer B. Van Regenmorter Thomas R. TerMaat Frederick D. Dilley David R. Russell Zachary W. Behler Joel C. Farrar Laura J. Genovich

Karl W. Butterer, Jr. Mindi M. Johnson Ray H. Littleton, II Jack L. Van Coevering Anna K. Gibson Nicholas M. Oertel Alicia W. Birach Adam A. Fadly Michael J. Liddane Gilbert M. Frimet Mark J. Colon Paul D. Yared Ryan E. Lamb Stephen W. Smith Clifford L. Hammond Brett R. Schlender Matthew S. Fedor

Nicolas Camargo Andrea Badalucco Mark T. Koerner Warren H. Krueger, III Sarah J. Gabis John W. Mashni Allison M. Collins Leslie A. Dickinson Julie L. Hamlet Michael C. Zahrt Taylor A. Gast Rachel G. Olney Tyler J. Olney Mark J. DeLuca Stefania Gismondi Thomas K. Dillon Robert A. Easterly Robert A. Hamor

Grand Rapids 1700 E. Beltline NE – Suite 200 Grand Rapids MI 49525

St. Joseph 800 Ship Street – Suite 105 St. Joseph MI 49085

> Michael A. Cassar Hilary J. McDaniel Stafford Emily R. Wisniewski Amanda J. Dernovshek Lydia H. Kessler Brandon M. H. Schumacher Alexander J. Thibodeau Cody A. Mott Alaina M. Nelson Caroline N. Renner Joseph B. Gale Sydney T. Steele

Writer's Direct Phone: 616.726.2238

Fax: 616.726.6813

Reply To: Grand Rapids

E-Mail: LGenovich@fosterswift.com

September 1, 2020

Adam Fracassi Bureau of Elections Richard H. Austin Building 430 W. Allegan Street Lansing, MI 48919

Dear Mr. Fracassi:

Certified Mail
E-Mail
2020 SEP -3 PM 3: 06

We represent the Harrison Township Public Library (the "Library") and are in receipt of the campaign finance complaint filed by William Madro on August 7, 2020. This letter is in response to the complaint and to your letter dated August 17, 2020.

In his complaint, Mr. Madro alleges the library violated "Act 388 Section 57(3) as Amended [by] Act 269" by publishing and mailing to all residents two taxpayer-funded communications in the 60-day period before the August 4, 2020 election.

#### The 60-Day "Gag Order"

Mr. Madro appears to be referring to the "gag order" in Public Act 269 of 2015, which amended Section 57(3) of the Michigan Campaign Finance Act ("MFCA"). The act provided that,

a public body . . . shall not, during the period 60 days before an election in which a local ballot question appears . . . use public funds or resources for a communication by means of radio, television, mass mailing, or prerecorded telephone message if that communication references a local



Adam Fracassi September 1, 2020 Page 2

ballot question and is targeted to the relevant electorate where the local ballot question appears on the ballot.

P.A. 269 of 2015 was immediately challenged in federal district court, where Judge Corbett O'Meara issued a preliminary injunction and enjoined the state from enforcing Section 57(3) of the MCFA.<sup>1</sup> On April 28, 2016, the State entered into a consent judgment with the plaintiffs which permanently enjoined the State from enforcing P.A. 269 of 2015.<sup>2</sup>

Because enforcement of the 60-day restriction in P.A. 269 of 2015 and Section 57(3) of the MCFA is permanently enjoined, the activity of sending out taxpayer-funded communications within the 60-period before an election does not constitute a violation of the MCFA. Thus, Mr. Madro's complaint – which arises solely out of that permanently enjoined statutory provision – should be summarily dismissed.<sup>3</sup>

#### **Express Advocacy**

While Mr. Madro has not alleged that the Library engaged in express advocacy in violation of the MCFA, you have asked us to address the issue, specifically regarding the following sentence: "We're ready to move to the next level and are asking the voters if they're ready for the next level too." For the reasons below, this sentence is not express advocacy and does not violate the MCFA.

Section 57(3) of the MCFA makes it unlawful for a public body or person acting on its behalf to use or authorize the use of public funds, personnel, equipment, or other public resources to make a contribution or expenditure. Providing factual information does not violate the MCFA. Instead, violation of Section 57 occurs when the public body uses public funds to mass mail a communication that contains words of express advocacy. Words of express advocacy include, but are not limited to, "vote for," "elect," "support," "cast your ballot for," "vote against," "defeat," or "reject."

The sentence "We're ready to move to the next level and are asking the voters if they're ready for the next level too" does not contain any of the hallmarks of express advocacy. The wording does not unambiguously suggest support for the millage. Rather, the Library is restating how the millage funds will be used (to move to the next stage in its development) and is advising that voters can decide

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Taylor v. Johnson, 2016 WL 447539 (E.D. Mich., Feb. 5, 2016) (finding the plaintiffs were likely to succeed on the merits of their claim that the law is unconstitutionally vague and thus void).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Taylor v. Johnson, no. 16-10256 (E.D. Mich., Apr. 28, 2016).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MCFA R. 169.53.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MCL 169.257(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MCL 169.257(1)(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See IS issued to David E. Murley, dated October 31, 2005 ("for purposes of the MCFA the department will apply the express advocacy test to communications financed by public bodies.").



Adam Fracassi September 1, 2020 Page 3

whether to pass the millage. It does not suggest Harrison Township residents should vote in any particular manner and does not advocate for the passage of the millage. It merely notes that the Library is prepared to move forward in its development plan and to do so, it must put a millage before the voters. This represents the distribution of factual information, not express advocacy.

The remainder of the postcard shows factual comparisons between the average library in similar sized towns and the Library. It also provides estimated yearly and monthly costs based on home prices and lists six ways the millage funds would be spent. Disseminating purely factual information is expressly permitted by the MCFA.

Because the Library does not expressly advocate for support of a ballot question in its postcard, the Library has not violated the MCFA.

For these reasons, we request that the complaint be dismissed. If we can provide any other information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Very truly yours,

FOSTER SWIFT COLLINS & SMITH PC

/s/ Laura J. Genovich

Laura J. Genovich

LJG:CM

83142:00001:4976077-2

#### **USPS CERTIFIED MAIL**



9214 8901 0282 8600 0519 98

Foster Swift Collins & Smith PC 1700 E. Beltline NE Suite 200 Grand Rapids MI 49525

ADAM FRACASSI BUREAU OF ELECTIONS RICHARD H AUSTIN BUILDING 430 W ALLEGAN ST LANSING MI 48933-1592

Username: Mollie Wilcox (mwilcox@fosterswift.com)



October 9, 2020

William Madro 37580 Lakeshore Drive Harrison Township, MI 48045

Dear Mr. Madro:

The Department of State received a response to the complaint you filed against Harrison Township Public Library, which concerns an alleged violation of the Michigan Campaign Finance Act (MCFA), 1976 P.A. 388, MCL 169.201 *et seq*. A copy of the response is provided as an enclosure with this letter.

If you elect to file a rebuttal statement, you are required to send it within 10 business days of the date of this letter to the Bureau of Elections, Richard H. Austin Building, 1st Floor, 430 West Allegan Street, Lansing, Michigan 48918.

Sincerely,

Adam Fracassi

Bureau of Elections

Michigan Department of State

c: Laura Genovich

37580 Lakeshore Dr. Harrison Township, MI 48045 October 21, 2020

Mr. Adam Fracassi Bureau of Elections Michigan Department of State Richard H. Austin Building, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor 430 W. Allegan St Lansing, MI 48918.

Dear Mr. Fracassi:

Thank you for your letter of October 9, 2020.

I understand that the law was challenged in court and that the State entered into a consent judgment rendering my complaint as moot. However, on the issue of express advocacy, I do have some comments on the Foster Swift response.

From my understanding of the English language, there is more than one way that a communication can be considered as "express advocacy." The first is the use of explicit words recommending a vote on a particular proposal or candidate. The second relates to a "reasonable interpretation" test.

With regard to the two examples of literature prepared and mailed by the Harrison Township Public Library (HTPL) prior to the August 4, 2020 election, I believe that the "reasonable interpretation" test does indeed apply. While it is true that there are no explicit words telling the reader to specifically vote yes on the millage proposal, it is obvious that both communications present facts in close proximity to the election date that would lead a reasonable person to assume that the library is urging a yes vote on the millage proposal.

In the first communication from June 2020, the HTPL clearly states that "we know you want more and we know you need our services more than ever, so we're heading to the polls!" Here, the reasonable person would assume that is advocating the passage of a millage proposal.

Mr. Adam Fracassi Bureau of Elections Page 2

In the second communication from July 2020, the HTPL clearly outlined its position on funding stating that it is "...still operating like a small start-up library" and that "This isn't a sustainable model and was never intended to be the final stage of development." Again, the HTPL makes the statement "We're ready to move to the next level and are asking voters if they're ready for the next level too." A reasonable person would take from this communication, given its close proximity to the August 4<sup>th</sup> election, that the library is urging a yes vote. In other words, the HTPL is saying we need money and there is no other obvious purpose to the dissemination of this information other than to urge a yes vote from voters.

In summary, I believe that the HTPL broke the law with respect to campaign financing in these instances, using the reasonable interpretation test.

Sincerely,

Mudw

William S. Madro

#### Fracassi, Adam (MDOS)

From:

Fracassi, Adam (MDOS)

Sent:

Wednesday, January 27, 2021 12:56 PM

To:

Subject: Attachments: Madro v. Harrison Township Library

20210127122538.pdf; Rebuttal Letter.pdf

Ms. Genovich,

Please see attached. If you have questions, let me know.

Adam Fracassi, Election Law Attorney Michigan Bureau of Elections P.O. Box 20126 Lansing, Michigan 48901



January 27, 2021

Harrison Township Public Library c/o Laura Genovich, Attorney 1700 E. Beltline NE Suite 200 Grand Rapids, MI 49525

Via Email

Re: Madro v. Harrison Twp Public Library

Campaign Finance Complaint

No. 2020-8-141-57

Dear Ms. Genovich:

This letter concerns the complaint that was recently filed against you, which relates to a purported violation of the Michigan Campaign Finance Act (MCFA or Act), 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.201 *et seq*. The Department of State has received a rebuttal statement from the complainant, a copy of which is enclosed with this letter.

If the Department needs more information, you may be contacted. The complaint will remain under investigation until a final determination has been made. At the conclusion of the review, all parties will receive written notice of the outcome of the complaint.

Sincerely,

Adam Fracassi Bureau of Elections

Michigan Department of State

c: William Madro, via email

#### Fracassi, Adam (MDOS)

From:

Fracassi, Adam (MDOS)

Sent:

Monday, March 29, 2021 9:59 AM

To:

Fracassi, Adam (MDOS)

Subject:

Madro v. Harrison Township Public Library Campaign Finance Complaint

**Attachments:** 

Determination.pdf; Taylor v Johnson re 57(3).pdf

Good morning,

Please see the attached. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thank you,

Adam Fracassi, Election Law Attorney Michigan Bureau of Elections P.O. Box 20126 Lansing, Michigan 48901



March 29, 2021

William Madro 37580 Lakeshore Drive Harrison Township, MI 48045

Dear Mr. Madro:

The Michigan Department of State (Department) has concluded its investigation into the allegations of the complaint you filed against the Harrison Township Public Library (HTPL) which alleged violations of the Michigan Campaign Finance Act (MCFA or Act), MCL 169.201, et seq. This letter concerns the resolution of your complaint.

Your complaint alleges that HTPL violated section 57(3) of the MCFA by mailing flyers within the 60 days prior to an election. You allege this is a violation of Section 57(3) of the Act, which states:

(3) Except for an election official in the performance of his or her duties under the Michigan election law, 1954 PA 116, MCL 168.1 to 168.992, a public body, or a person acting for a public body, shall not, during the period 60 days before an election in which a local ballot question appears on a ballot, use public funds or resources for a communication by means of radio, television, mass mailing, or prerecorded telephone message if that communication references a local ballot question and is targeted to the relevant electorate where the local ballot question appears on the ballot.

However, this section was litigated in 2016 and declared unconstitutional by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, a copy of which is enclosed. Under the terms of this order, the Department is permanently enjoined from enforcing MCL 169.257(3).

As the Court explained in its opinion (a copy of which is also attached):

"One could arguably find a communication that 'references' a ballot question to be any communication that merely 'mentions' a ballot question. This result appears absurd; it is difficult to imagine that regulators would attempt to sanction or prosecute a public official for merely mentioning a ballot question in a city newsletter, explaining the difference between a millage renewal and millage increase, or explaining what

William Madro March 29, 2021 Page Two

'nonhomestead' means, for example. See Compl. at ¶¶ 68, 72. The vague language of §57(3) arguably prohibits these communications, however, leaving it up to regulators to determine what violates the act. Allowing regulators this type of unrestricted judgment call provides no check against arbitrary or discriminatory enforcement and is what the vagueness doctrine is meant to avoid."

For this reason, and in compliance with the Consent Judgment, the Department must dismiss your complaint.

Sincerely,

Adam Fracassi

Bureau of Elections

c: Laura Genovich, via email