SECTION UIP 17

GOLF COURSES

Primary variables in golf course costs are type of terrain and vegetation, size and layout, amount and quality of irrigation systems and overall quality. Excluded from these studies are extensive grading, such as that required for canyon and hillside courses, special drainage problems, all structures (clubhouse, maintenance, satellite-cart, starters, range buildings, etc.), including bridges, and all man-made lakes and other waterscaping. Some of these items are listed as additives, while the balance may be found in other sections of this manual. No off-site costs, feasibility and environmental studies, etc., are included.

Included in the cost per hole are normal clearing of land, including incidental grading, complete irrigation and drainage systems, planting of trees in open land, greens, tees, fairways, service roads and cart paths, builders' profit and overhead, financing during construction and architects' fees for all items except structures.

Subdivision courses which are designed to allow as many home sites as possible to border the course will require longer pipe runs and expenses greater than normal for the playing length, but many costs may be written off against the adjoining development, such as utilities which are brought in for the development and used for the course. In many cases, allocation of costs between development and golf course must be made arbitrarily.

The costs listed for a basic commercially developed course are typical ranges in four quality classifications. Actual contracts and estimates have ranged from \$38,500 per hole for a sprinklered course with minimal improvements to \$230,000 per hole for a course scooped out of the mountains, \$258,000 per hole for a course built from marsh land and \$341,000 per hole for a course carved out of rock with completely imported top soil. All excluded costs must be examined; in some cases total project cost, including all structures, equipment, developers' overhead and profit, startup and maintenance has reached a budget of \$355,000 to \$825,000 per hole and up, excluding land costs.

Costs of complete irrigation systems constitute approximately 15% to 30% of the cost per hole of the courses listed. Architectural design, supervision and engineering costs are included at 8% to 12%. A complex project with special engineering and a name architect can run twice the averages listed. Older courses may be at the lower end of the cost ranges where design layout and improvements had not been affected by restrictive land use and/or environmental controls.

Courses are grouped into price classifications, with a limited description of what the price includes. Courses may fit into one class by sheer length (5,500 to 7,000 yards) and another by gross area covered (100 to 170 acres) or by overall quality, in which case, interpolations may be made. Generally, simpler courses will require little clearing or grading, encompass minimal acreage, have easy plaving holes and/or minimal irrigation, while good courses will include extensive sitework and/or irrigation over large acreage, with well designed holes for maximum playability.

SHORT COURSES

Pitch and putt course. Nine holes on 10 to 15 acres, 1,000 yards long including irrigation, excluding structures and lighting	,
\$26,750 – \$37,750	
Par 3 course. Nine holes on 15 to 20 acres, 1,400 yards long, including irrigation, excluding structures and lighting	ļ
\$34,000 – \$47,250	
Executive course. Eighteen holes on 50 to 60 acres, 4,800 yards long- rated par 60, including irrigation, excluding structures and lighting	,
\$51,500 – \$67,750	
Ψοτ,του	
Lighted driving ranges. Separate paved stations, fenced, irrigated, good quality, not including separate putting or pitching greens, buildings or	
Lighted driving ranges. Separate paved stations, fenced, irrigated, good	
Lighted driving ranges. Separate paved stations, fenced, irrigated, good quality, not including separate putting or pitching greens, buildings or	
Lighted driving ranges. Separate paved stations, fenced, irrigated, good quality, not including separate putting or pitching greens, buildings or equipment. Cost per station	
Lighted driving ranges. Separate paved stations, fenced, irrigated, good quality, not including separate putting or pitching greens, buildings or equipment. Cost per station	

COMPONENT COSTS PER HOLE

The cost of the basic course as listed includes only those items designated with an asterisk(*). Courses in Classes I and II fit into the low cost range, while those in Classes III and IV fall in the medium cost range. Many courses will have components that fall into several quality levels.

quanty to roto.	LOW COS	T MEDIUM	HIGH COST
*Mobilization, proj. manage. \$	2,900 -\$ 3,200	\$ 3,600 -\$ 4,050	\$ 7,225 -\$ 12,650
*Erosion control	300 - 525	875 - 1,450	2,300 - 3,200
*Clearing, grubbing	300 – 425	600 – 875	1,150 - 1,725
*Rough shaping	2,300 - 4,050	7,500 - 13,250	16,250 - 21,000
*Survey and engineering	575 – 825	1,200 - 1,725	2,300 - 2,900
*Architectural	4,050 - 6,075	8,675 – 13,000	33,000 - 79,750
*Top soil, haul and spread .	575 - 1,450	3,475 - 8,400	9,825 - 16,225
Water features, earthwork	2,300 - 6,350	8,675 - 15,250	17,250 - 23,000
*Drainage	1,725 - 2,025	2,300 - 2,625	6,925 - 11,550
Storm drains	3,200 - 9,250	13,750 - 29,000	40,500 - 63,500
*Greens	5,200 - 9,250	16,250 - 28,250	32,250 - 40,500
*Tees	875 - 1,725	3,475 - 6,350	7,500 - 9,250
*Bunkers	1,450 - 2,625	4,925 - 9,250	10,975 - 17,325
*Finishing, shaping and grading	g1,725 – 2,525	3,725 - 5,500	7,800 – 9,250
*Cart path grading	300 – 575	1,150 - 2,300	2,625 - 3,575
*Irrigation system, automatic	17,250 – 24,500	34,750 - 52,000	69,250 - 109,750
manual	8,075 - 10,400	13,200 - 17,325	
add for pumping plant	1,725 - 4,625	6,925 - 11,550	13,750 - 16,250
well	1,150 - 1,450	1,825 – 2,300	2,550 – 2,900
*Grow-in seeding preparation	4,050 - 4,625	5,425 - 6,350	8,675 - 12,100
*Grassing	8,675 – 10,700	13,000 - 16,250	19,500 - 36,250
*Finished cart paths	5,775 - 8,400	12,100 - 17,250	23,000 - 34,750
Bridges, railings, tunnels, etc.	1,150 - 4,050	5,775 - 9,250	10,400 - 13,750
Water features	4,050 – 10,975	20,250 - 31,000	40,500 - 92,500
*Landscaping	575 – 875	1,450 - 2,300	4,625 - 11,550
*Fencing	300 – 525	925 – 1,725	2,300 – 2,900
Miscellaneous:			
Clubhouse		40,500 - 57,750	74,250 - 90,750
Championship entertainment facili	ty		137,500 – 412,500
Maintenance, other buildings		13,500 - 21,000	23,000 - 29,000
Maintenance equipment		22,000 - 26,250	29,000 - 32,000
Oper., grow-in/start-up budget	6,075 - 9,550	15,250 - 23,000	24,250 - 29,000

SECTION UIP 17

BUMPER-BOAT FACILITIES

The following costs are average cost ranges of complete bumperboat facilities. Individual facilities can vary greatly depending on the type of pond construction, overall size and amenities. Boat costs are not included, and can run \$2,250 to \$5,775 each. Pedal boats cost \$1,375 to \$1,725 each.

WATER SLIDES

The following are typical costs for most common types of elevated water slides in straight, single or double radius configurations and include open fiberglass body flume sections, galvanized steel flume supports, stairs, decking, pump, motor, all necessary piping fittings, installation and designers' fees. All pool and land improvement costs are excluded. For swimming pools, see UIP 16. Add 15% for enclosed tubular flumes. Add 25% for serpentine configurations. Add 13% to 19% for each foot of flume over 3 feet wide. Deduct 25% to 35% for slides laid on bare earth; under 60', deduct 10% to 20%.

RIDE LENGTH (FEET)	COST RANGE	RIDE LENGTH (FEET)	COST RANGE
50	\$ 36,500 -\$ 58,250	250	\$135,250 - \$213,750
60	42,250 - 67,750	300	159,750 - 247,500
90	59,250 - 93,500	350	178,250 - 280,750
100	64,000 - 102,250	400	198,750 - 312,750
150	89,750 - 141,750	500	238,250 - 374,000
200	113,250 - 178,500	600	275,250 - 432,750

Additive costs, cost each except as indicated:

Landing pond, per square foot	\$ 47.25	_	\$ 66.00
Surge reservoir	7,425	_	11,275
Filtration and chlorination system	23,000	_	32,000

Large aquatic parks with bath houses, lighting, fences, decks and all the other features in the complete complex will cost \$1,050 to \$3,200 per person of rated capacity.

MINIATURE GOLF COURSES

Minimal quality, eighteen holes, 2,000 to 4,000 square feet on 1/4 acre, simply developed, or prepackaged budget course on flat terrain including lighting, excluding booths, and parking lot.

Cost per hole (indoor, deduct 10%) \dots \$ 1,200 - \$ 3,300 Average course, eighteen holes, 4,000 to 10,000 square feet, on 1/4 to 1/2 acre, excluding booths, snack bars, and parking lot, including course plumbing and lighting, professionally designed and installed.

Good custom course, eighteen holes, 10,000 to 20,000 square feet, 1/2 to 1 acre or more, extensive themes with major elevation, rock and waterscape layout, excluding buildings and parking lot.

MISCELLANEOUS UNIT COSTS

The following costs may be used to adjust items included in the cost-per-hole pricing, to add for those items which have not been included (marked by an asterisk), or as a build-up method to develop a complete course cost.

	LOW	AVG.	GOOD
Site clearing, cost per acre	\$1,010	\$2,140	\$ 4,475
Fairways, cost per acre	1,910	2,455	3,090
Rough, cost per acre	450	1,030	2,410
Earth moving, cost per cu. yd	1.65	2.50	3.60
Imported fill, cost per cu. yd	2.55	4.90	9.45
Tees, elevated, cost per sq. ft	.60	.85	1.20
Bunkers, (sand traps) cost per sq. ft	2.25	3.40	4.90
Greens, flat, cost per sq. ft	2.10	3.15	4.70
elevated/contoured	3.80	5.40	7.70
Pathways, asphalt, cost per sq. ft.	1.50	2.15	2.95
concrete	2.25	3.40	5.00
gravel	.40	.60	.90
soil cement	.35	.45	.60
Bridges, pedestrian,			
cost per sq. ft., light wood/steel	19.25	30.00	47.75
golf cart	25.25	36.50	52.75
car or light truck	38.00	52.25	73.75
Player shelters, open, each	1,200	2,200	3,900
enclosed	5,650	8,150	11,300
Lighting, short courses, per pole .	4,600	8,575	15,775

Misc. water/landscape, paving, parking lots, lighting, fencing, drainage, etc., see Section UIP 16.

SECTION UIP 17

SKI LIFTS

Costs for ski lifts vary greatly due to local terrain, both the steepness and roughness of the slope. The following installed costs are averages, including drive machinery, terminals, towers and carriers, and designers' fees. Extreme costs were excluded. Equipment costs may also be affected by the speed of the lift, where requirements for the number of intermediate towers and carriers will typically decrease as the speed of the lift increases, depending upon the skill of the skier, ambient temperatures and the length of the lift, as well as the terrain

Off-site costs are not included. These would include the costs of bringing utilities to the site, access roads, environmental impact studies, etc. On public lands governmental regulations may require the air-lifting of materials for environmental reasons, resulting in higher than normal installation costs. Any clearing or grading of the ski slopes would be considered improvements to the land.

Due to the number of variables involved, we would suggest that, wherever possible, manufacturers' costs, installers' costs or contract costs be obtained.

Typical Skier Lift Speeds

INSTRUCTIONS

Lift costs are developed by adding together the units, consisting of (1) the length of the lift in feet, (2) the length of vertical drop in feet and (3) the actual lift capacity per hour, and multiplying that total by the total unit rate costs given in the tables.

Total Units = (1) Length of lift + (2) Vertical drop + (3) Actual capacity per hour

Rated capacity may be higher than practical operation permits. Actual capacity is determined by taking (a) the cable speed per hour times the number of persons per carrier, divided by the average spacing, which is (1) the length of the lift divided by half the number of (b) carriers.

(a) Cable speed per hour x number of persons per carrier

Spacing: (1) length of lift + (b) 1/2# carriers

For Poma or T-Bar lifts, calculate the actual capacity as you would a single chair-lift.

EXAMPLE

A double chair-lift, (1) 3,000 feet in length, (2) 850-foot vertical drop (16.5-deg incline), (a) cable speed of 450 feet per minute, with (b) 100 double chairs.

450 (Cable speed/min.) x 60 min. x 2 (persons per chair) = 3,000' length ÷ 50 (half the number of chairs)

 $\frac{54,000}{60}$ = $\frac{900 \text{ persons per hr.}}{\text{(actual capacity)}}$

Unit total: 3,000' length + 850' vertical drop + 900 capacity/hr. = 4,750 units

Cost of lift from table: 4,750 units x $$137.50^* = $653,125$

*NOTE: The unit cost of \$137.50 was an interpolation from the table, with 4,750 units falling halfway between 3,500 and 6,000 units (\$110 and \$165).

SKI LIFT COST TABLE

Enter table with total number of units:

Type of Lift	Unit R	ange	Cost Per	r Unit
Poma Lift	1,000 -	2,500	\$ 63 -	\$ 50
or	2,500 -	3,500	50 -	69
T-Bar	3,500 -	6,000	69 –	50
Double	1,500 -	3,500	145 –	110
Chair Lift	3,500 -	6,000	110 –	165
	6,000 -	10,000	165 –	110
Triple	1,500 -	3,500	170 –	140
Chair Lift	3,500 -	6,000	140 –	185
	6,000 -	10,000	185 –	135
Quad	6,000 -	9,000	235 –	190
Chair Lift	9,000 -	12,000	190 –	215
(fixed grip)	12,000 -	16,000	215 –	190
Gondolas	9,000 -	12,000	525 –	385
	12,000 -	16,000	385 –	470

For single chair lifts reduce double chair lift unit costs by 20%.

For detachable quad chair lifts increase fixed costs by 20%. Rope tows are usually constructed with local labor and little design, and the costs are usually determined locally.

SYNTHETIC SURFACES

Synthetic surfaces are normally applied on prepared subsurfaces, usually wood, asphalt or concrete.

Subsurface costs should be determined from Unit-in-Place or Segregated Cost sections and the cost of the appropriate synthetic surface added.

Applied costs per sq. ft. of synthetic surface:	COST R	ANGE
Ice skating	\$30.00 -	\$31.25
Baseball and football turf, shock pad included .	8.50 -	11.00
Running tracks	8.25 –	10.50
Basketball courts	7.00 -	10.25
Field houses	7.50 –	10.50
Tennis courts	5.55 –	7.75
Playgrounds	4.60 -	8.25
Golf, indoor driving ranges, no pad	.95 –	2.15
Striping, (per linear foot)	.19 –	.23

SECTION UIP 17

GRANDSTANDS AND BLEACHERS

The following are typical cost ranges of grandstands and bleachers. The ranges do not represent the lowest or highest costs that might be found in each structure. Structures built by governmental bodies have tended to be at the high end of the cost range. Costs include stairs, ramps, handicap platforms and press boxes commensurate with type and quality, as well as designers' fees.

TYPE	PER SQ. FT. (Horizontal Projection)	PER SEAT			
Gymnasium bleachers, steel frame, wood benches, telescoping, manual operation;					
under 600 seats	\$24.50 -\$ 29.95	\$ 64.75 -\$ 91.50			
over 600 seats	22.80 - 27.75	57.75 - 81.50			
add for power operation	6.25 - 7.60	16.00 - 23.00			
Portable bleachers, steel frame erected;	e, metal, fiberglass	s or wood benches,			
up to 800 seats	12.45 - 14.15	34.25 - 48.75			
over 800 seats	11.65 – 12.95	30.50 - 43.25			
Permanent bleachers, wood fran	ne and benches;				
up to 1,000 seats	15.70 - 18.65	46.25 - 62.25			
1,000 to 2,000 seats	14.20 - 17.75	41.25 - 58.25			
over 2,000 seats	13.50 - 16.45	38.25 - 53.00			
Grandstand bleachers, open s benches, school or fairground ty		fiberglass or wood			
up to 1,000 seats	24.65 - 45.80	72.75 – 152.25			
1,000 to 5,000 seats	23.55 - 44.35	68.25 - 145.75			
over 5,000 seats	21.90 - 42.50	62.50 - 137.25			
add for roofed areas	6.15 - 9.80	17.75 - 32.25			
add for pressbox box area	40.00 - 55.00				
Concrete or steel bleachers, r closed deck;	no interior constru	ction, stadium type,			
under 5,000 seats	59.00 - 71.95	175.00 - 242.00			
5,000 to 10,000 seats .	57.20 - 70.95	168.00 - 236.00			
over 10,000 seats	55.50 - 69.85	161.00 - 230.00			
add for roofed areas	7.50 – 11.55	22.00 - 38.25			
Wood bleachers, with built-in lighting, stucco exterior walls;	dressing rooms, re	estrooms, pressbox,			
under 5,000 seats	53.50 - 62.95	160.00 - 212.00			
over 5,000 seats	52.05 - 59.75	152.00 - 200.00			
add for roofed areas	6.65 - 7.55	19.50 - 25.50			
Concrete or steel bleachers wit restrooms, snack bars, pressbostadium type;	•	•			
under 5,000 seats	92.35 - 115.45	275.00 - 391.00			

79.65 - 95.50

75.90 - 92.65

8.95 - 13.90

Major ball parks, complete structural improvements, figured at baseball

 Older parks, minimum facilities
 1,100 - 1,325

 Modern parks, minor league typ
 825 - 2,100

 major league, open stadium, sky boxes
 1,850 - 3,550

 enclosed, roofed stadiums, artificial turf
 2,125 - 3,950

 add for retractable roofs
 1,250 - 2,125

230.00 - 310.00

214.00 - 295.00

26.00 - 44.00

5,000 to 15,000 seats .

over 15,000 seats

add for roofed areas ...

capacity:

ICE SKATING RINKS

Artificially made ice rinks are manufactured in various forms, but all include pumps, compressors, refrigerant fluids and freezing (piping) systems. Costs include designers' fees.

Refrigeration piping systems may be found:

- 1. Laid on bare earth.
- 2. On bare earth with a concrete curbing.
- 3. On a concrete slab with a curbing.
- 4. In a formed concrete slab.

Basic mechanical equipment, pumps, compressors, fluids, and piping installed in a standard-size hockey rink:

(85' x 200') \$15.25 to \$21.25 per sq. ft. of frozen area.

Smaller rinks tend to be more expensive:

Stage-size rinks, etc. \$33.50 to \$47.50 per sq. ft. of frozen area.

Additive costs, per square foot of rink:	COST R	ANGE
Excavation	\$.29 -	\$.60
Subsoil heating	1.33 –	1.79
Sand floor	.65 –	1.09
Wood sleepers	.40 —	.57
Gravel base, 4"	.41 –	.71
Plastic water barrier	.30 –	.48
Insulation, rigid, 2"	1.33 –	2.13
Concrete slab, 5" – 6"	3.23 –	4.27
Concrete curbing	.34 –	.67
Dehumidifier, per unit	.79 –	1.10
Side boards, wood frame	3.11 –	4.61
metal frame	2.78 –	6.11
add for spectator protection, clear shield	1.94 –	2.39
chain link	.40 —	.87

MISCELLANEOUS UNIT COSTS

(Cost per ton.)

The following costs may be used to adjust the basic square foot costs above or as an alternate pricing method.

CAPACITY	REFRIGERATION	PLUS PIPING			
(Tonnage)		PLASTIC PIPE	METAL TUBE		
80	\$1,825 - \$2,175	\$1,500 - \$1,675	\$1,750 - \$1,950		
100	1,525 – 1,875	1,275 - 1,350	1,425 - 1,525		
120	1,350 - 1,675	1,025 - 1,175	1,200 - 1,350		
140	1,200 - 1,425	950 - 1,025	1,050 - 1,175		
Dehumidifier,	cost per ton	\$	1,525 – \$2,100		

SECTION UIP 17

DRIVE-IN THEATERS

MISCELLANEOUS UNIT COSTS TABLE

Costs for drive-in theaters vary greatly depending on the extent of grading, paving, natural drainage, size and type of screens, speaker equipment and service facilities provided. The costs are broken into the major cost items on a cost-per-space basis, excluding extremes. Miscellaneous costs such as cost of normal financing and contractors' profit and overhead are prorated to each item. Architects' and designers' fees are included in the engineering costs for all items except buildings, the costs of which will include all fees applicable to the structural improvements. Many theaters will be mixed in quality, and it is often better to compute individual items from other sections of the manual. Costs for storm drains, projection and food equipment, etc., are not included.

	LOW	AVG.	GOOD	EXCL.
Engineering –				
plans, survey, permits, etc	\$ 91	\$114	\$142	\$178
Grading –				
rough and finished ramps	89	110	137	169
Paving – ramps and drives .	272	355	466	611
Buildings – concession, restroc	ms,			
projection & ticket booths	167	213	271	346
*Screens – frame & foundation	103	142	196	272
Sound dispersement –				
serving two cars	69	82	98	118
Electrical – lighting & wiring .	122	157	200	255
Miscellaneous – fencing, signs,				
landscaping, etc	59	87	128	189
Cost per car space	\$972	\$1,260	\$1,638	\$2,138

COST MODIFIERS

Costs of each drive-in theater have been adjusted to a base number of spaces and gross area per space. Multipliers are given to adjust these costs for deviations from the base. To determine the gross area per space, divide the entire improved area of the drive-in by the number of spaces.

NUMBER									
OF SPACES	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000
MULTIPLIER	1.25	1.16	1.08	1.00	.97	.94	.91	.89	.86
GROSS AREA									
PER SPACE	350	400	450	500	550	600	650	700	750
MULTIPLIER	.84	.89	.94	1.00	1.04	1.08	1.12	1.16	1.20

*For multiple-screen theaters add the cost of additional screens, and adjust the modifiers to the average number of spaces and gross improved area per screen. The following unit costs for screen structures are typical cost ranges per vertical square foot of screen area, from a simple open structure to an ornate enclosed frame with storage and office area.

The following costs may be used to adjust items included in the Cost Per Space pricing, to add for those items which have not been included or as a build-up method to develop a complete theater cost.

·	LOW		AVG.		GOOD
Screen structures, per square foot of screen area					
Wood frame on poles with					
guy wires \$	12.00	\$	14.00	\$	16.25
Wood frame on poles set in					
concrete, timber bracing	16.25		18.50		21.25
Wood frame on timbers,					
concrete footings, plain	19.75		23.25		27.50
ornate	26.75		31.25		37.00
Steel frame,					
concrete footings, plain	22.50		28.00		35.00
ornate	30.25		35.50		41.75
Tilt-up concrete, concrete frame,					
and steel-framed					
screen enclosure	33.50		41.00		50.50
Sound systems, each					
Car speakers	17.75		26.25		38.75
add for heaters	88.75		99.25		111.00
post and junction box .	26.00		39.25		59.00
Remote systems,					
transistor type, etc	21.25		29.25		40.00
Lighting, low level, each					
Ramp, entry/exit, etc	63.75		88.25		122.00
Directional signage	152.75	2	219.75		316.25
Ticket booths, each	5,000		6,100		7,500
Projection and miscellaneous e			-	od	
Total cost per screen	26,750	4	47,250		83,250

Miscellaneous paving, lighting, fencing, drainage, playground equipment, etc., see Section UIP 16.

GO-CART TRACKS

The following are average costs of a complete go-cart facility. Facilities will vary by the quality of construction and by size and amenities on the course. Costs are per linear foot of track, with a typical width of 22' to 30' for full-size courses. Car costs are not included, and will run \$2,325 to \$6,950 each. For remote control shutoff, add \$1,725 to \$2,550 plus \$470 per car.

Average facility, typically 600 to 900 linear feet of concrete track, safety rail bumper system, adequate banking, standard design, lighting and fencing, some landscape, excluding buildings and parking lot.

..... \$115.00 – \$180.00

Good course, 800 feet and longer, well banked, berms, multi-oval, good concrete paving and steel safety rail system, course lighting, railing and fencing, landscaped layout, waiting/viewing area, excluding buildings, canopies or parking lots. \$150.00 - \$205.00

SECTION UIP 17

RADIO AND TV TOWERS

Radio and television towers are individually designed for the location, considering climatic conditions such as ice, wind, seismic and antenna loads. Costs are typical cost ranges excluding extremes. Due to the number of variables involved, we would suggest that whenever possible, manufacturers', installers' or contract costs be obtained.

Included in the costs are concrete footings, erection, painting, guy wires, lighting, platforms, and designers' fees. Antennas and transmission cables are not included. Multiple antenna installations and mono-poles will tend to be at the high end of the range.

SELF-SUPPORTING TOWERS

HEIGHT (FEET)	COST RANGE	HEIGHT (FEET)	COST RANGE
50	\$ 11,750 - \$ 18,250	225	\$159,000 - \$216,500
75	24,250 - 35,500	250	187,500 - 252,250
100	39,500 - 56,250	300	259,750 - 339,000
150	78,750 - 108,750	350	339,000 - 433,000
200	131,250 - 173,000	400	425,500 - 541,250

TRIANGULAR GUYED TOWERS

(Price per linear foot, up to 400 feet high)

10" Ham radio*, police and fire bands	\$ 52 -	\$ 75
20" Taxi and public service bands	83 -	117
24" Radio, V.H.F., U.H.F. bands	104 -	152
30" Cellular applications	127 –	212
40" Microwave towers	155 –	265
54" Master TV systems	260 -	585

*NOTE: Use high end of range for small crank-up self-supporting towers, add 100% for motorized operation.

Add 35% for every 100 feet of height over 400 feet.

SATELLITE DISHES

The following are average installed costs small commercial satellite dish systems. The costs include a 10' dish, receiver, descrambler, cable and all items necessary for a complete installation. The costs range from very basic systems, whose dishes are adjusted manually, to systems with many user features, extensive on-screen displays and automatically moving dishes.

LOW	AVERAGE	HIGH
\$2,100	\$3,500	\$5,725

Deduct 20% for dishes 6' and under.

Small residential Ku Band dishes will run \$100 to \$1,100.

SHIP AND BOAT DOCKS

The following are typical cost ranges per square foot including fenders, railings, utilities, and miscellaneous items commensurate with the type and quality, exclusive of buildings.

LIGHT CONSTRUCTION (Wood girders, nailed) 2" floating deck, light posts \$18.25 - \$ 29.75 27.00 34 50 MEDIUM CONSTRUCTION (Wood girders, bolted) 2" floating deck, winch or light piling 30.50 -56.50 43.75 35.25 -52.25 **HEAVY CONSTRUCTION (Heavy wood girders)** 4" or heavier decking, heavy piling 56.00 -81.00 HEAVY CONSTRUCTION (Major shipping dock) 85.00 - 127.00

SMALL BOAT MARINAS

The typical cost range for floating slips in modern commercial developments is \$3,875 to \$7,250 per slip, including ramps, anchor piers, utilities, lockers, designers' fees, etc., but excluding all land improvements, based on a typical mixture of boat types and sizes. Actual contracts have ranged from \$2,025 per slip for small berths on calm riverfront with no utilities to \$13,000 per slip for a high-quality commercial complex with complete utilities and heavy anchorage.

UNIT COST	LOW	AVG.	GOOD			
Deck and frame, per square foot of	Deck and frame, per square foot of deck;					
Frame only, metal	\$ 6.95	\$ 11.75	\$ 19.90			
wood	3.15	7.15	16.15			
Deck only, 2" treated wood	2.00	3.00	4.45			
marine plywood	4.85	5.60	6.55			
concrete plank	6.05	7.45	9.20			
fiberglass panels	7.75	9.30	11.25			
metal decking	6.35	8.00	10.10			
Deck and frame, preassembled, po	rtable doc	k, gangway	or ramps;			
light-duty pipe, wood deck	12.75	14.75	17.25			
medium-duty truss, wood deck	14.50	20.50	28.75			
metal deck	24.25	32.00	42.00			
Add for handrails, per linear foot	19.25	22.25	25.75			
ladders, 4' to 6', each	78.00	158.75	323.25			
lockers, storage box, each	220.00	420.00	805.00			
benches, 4' to 6', each	105.00	185.00	315.00			
roof, fabric canopies, per sq. ft.	7.75	10.90	15.30			
metal or fiberglass	4.35	5.95	8.10			
wood	6.65	9.20	12.70			
utilities, electrical, each	285	605	1,300			
water or fire	160	325	665			
Flotation, drum or box, /sq. ft. of de	ck 4.05	7.65	14.45			
Anchorage system, piles, see Secti	on UIP 1.					
metal poles, light, per lin. ft	3.15	5.55	9.70			
telescoping	26.25	29.75	33.50			
stiff arm brace, per lin. ft	28.25	31.75	35.50			
winch and cable, each	4.450	4.050	0.050			
(excl. conc. anchor)	1,150	1,950	3,350			
Swim rafts, complete, per sq. ft.	14.50	17.50	21.00			
Boat storage racks, metal, per boat		600	800			
Boat lifts, manual, 1200# – 3000#	1,100	1,425	1,925			
personal watercraft	725	975	1,300			
motorized, add	300	450	675			
straddle hoists, cost per ton .	3,175	4,700	6,950			
add for jib mast						

SECTION UIP 17

SPORTS COURTS

(Cost per playing court only, including design fees, excluding all building improvements.)

all building improvements.)				
TENNIS COURTS				
(60' x 120' = 7,200 Sq. Ft.)	cos	T RANGE		
Concrete court, posts, net, striping	\$23,500	- \$36,000		
Add for lighting	7,500	- 10,275		
Add for fencing	6,375	- 9,425		
Add for resilient cushioned layer, per sq. ft	.90	- 3.35		
Additional paved area, per sq. ft	2.90	- 4.20		
Asphalt court (2" to 4"), per sq. ft	2.65	- 4.45		
Clay court, per sq. ft	2.60	- 3.90		
Umpire chair, each	415	- 585		
add for roof	90	- 160		
striping, cost per court				
NOTE: For two or more courts, deduct 5% per	court.			
PLATFORM TENNIS, prefabricated (30' x 60' = 1 Metal or wood deck, metal supports, feeding lights		•		
fencing, lights				
Deduct for wood undercarriage & supports				
Add for under deck heating HANDBALL – RACQUETBALL COURTS	4,725	- 5,550		
(Prefabricated, 20' x 40' = 800 Sq. Ft.) Prefinished wall and ceiling panels,				
wood floor, lighting, complete	\$30,750	- \$46,000		
Add for spectator viewing wall				
Unit costs, per sq. ft. of surface, except as indicated a	ated:			
Wall panels, laminated, prefinished		- 11.00		
viewing window	36.00	- 44.50		
clear glass wall	47.25	- 66.50		
opaque glass wall	100.00	- 122.00		
Flooring, hardwood	7.75	- 13.25		
Ceiling panels	4.45	- 7.75		
Lighting, per fixture, fluorescent		- 360		
high-intensity discharge	470	- 585		
NOTE: For two or more courts, deduct, 15% to SHUFFLEBOARD COURTS (concrete courts, co		P' x 6')		
Residential				
Commercial, parks and playgrounds		. ,		
BATTING CAGES, cost per station	1,000	2,020		
School, ceiling mount canopy or ext. net, tube frame	\$ 2,050	- \$ 3,450		
add for motorized operation	4,875	- 5,725		
pitching machines, individual, each	1,450	- 3,050		
coin-op, auto feed	4,875	- 5,825		
protective screens, portable, each		- 345		
Commercial, center automated range, concrete with chain link, canopy netting, lighting, complete				
batting cages	13,500	- 17,750		
equipment, pitching, conveyor-feed system	6,000	- 8,875		
misc. range supplies (bats, balls, etc.)	720	- 1,175		
BACKBOARDS, per vertical square foot (exterior	, excludino	g paving)		
Masonry	\$14.50	- \$18.50		
Metal	14.25	- 15.75		
Wood				
NOTE: Playground equipment, see Section U	16. Sy	ntnetic sur-		

RECREATIONAL ENCLOSURES

The following costs are average cost ranges per square foot of complete recreational shell-type enclosures or buildings including the basic tennis and handball/racquetball courts as noted, but excluding swimming pools and decks. Costs include architects' fees.

The cost for individual facilities can vary greatly depending upon the type of structure and its appointments, including the extent of lounge, refreshment, exercise and spectator areas, etc.

MINIMUM: Air-supported (bubble) or light screened structures, of light translucent material with minimum lighting and plumbing.

	COST RA	ANGE
Golf (60' to 80' clear height, incl. stations & turf) triangular domes	\$15.00 – 17.75 –	,
Tennis (28' to 40' clear height, including courts) stressed membrane over metal frame	14.75 – 22.00 –	22.75 33.25
Swimming (enclosure only, no plumbing) Swimming (screen enclosure only on light frame,	6.65 –	12.00
residential)	8.90 -	11.50

LOW: Rigid steel frame with steel siding or wood frame with wood or steel siding, minimum sports lighting and plumbing, minimum restrooms, no dressing rooms or showers.

Tennis (20' to 28' clear height, including courts)	\$29.75	-	\$38.25
Handball/racquetball (court enclosure only, no plumbing)	51.00	_	67.75
exterior masonry court (court enclosure only, no H.V.A.C.)	37.00	_	50.00
Swimming (translucent plastic or screened enclosure, structural frame, no plumbing)	20.25	_	35.00

AVERAGE: Rigid steel frame with insulated steel panels or masonry bearing walls, adequate sports lighting and plumbing, dressing rooms, showers.

Complete tennis (24' to 32' clear height,		
including courts)	\$43.25 -	\$53.75
Handball-racquetball facilities only (including	courts) 60.00 -	80.00
Swimming (good curtain walls, plastic, gla	ISS,	
motorized roof, no plumbing, enclosure or	nly) 41.00 –	58.25

GOOD: Masonry bearing walls or insulated sandwich panels, good quality fixtures and lighting, lounge, snack bar, pro shop, health facilities, sauna.

Complete tennis (30' to 35' clear height, including				
	courts)	\$55.50	-	\$77.75
	Handball/racquetball facilities only (including courts)	81.50	-	105.00
	Complete swimming facilities (natatorium buildings)	60.00	-	130.00

SAUNA BATHS: Cost per square foot of floor area for prefabricated units including interior wall finish, door, heater and controls. Wall structure, exterior cover etc., are included under Interior Construction in the Segregated Cost sections or add from Unit-in-Place.

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15 to 24 sq. ft. . . . $160 - $220 50 to 74 sq. ft. . . $95 - $135
25 to 49 sq. ft. . . . 135 - 170 75 to 100 sq. ft. . . 85 - 110
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NOTE: For separate heater costs and steam generators, see Section UIP 3.

faces, see Page 3.